

U. S. WRITER HELD
IN SOLITARY FOR
DAYS; PUT THROUGH
TOKYO INQUISITION

Fed on Weed and Turnip
Top Soup—Shoes Taken
Away—He Tells of
Farcical Trial and Sen-
tencing.

DOOLITTLE RAID
SHOCKED COUNTRY

Freshly Painted U. S. Col-
ors on Plane Wreckage
Trips Up Attempt to
Show One of Craft Was
Shot Down.

By MAX HILL.
Former Chief of the Associated
Press Bureau in Tokyo.

LOURENCO MARQUES, Por-
tuguese East Africa, July 24 (De-
layed) (AP).—"American! This is
Japan!"

From the cold, drafty corridor
of Sugamo Prison in Tokyo a sul-
len guard whispered his hatred of
foreigners through the peephole of
my cell on the night of Dec. 8, 1941,
in Japanese time that was the day
of Pearl Harbor.

I lay huddled on the floor, bun-
dled in my overcoat and a blan-
ket, trying to keep warm in the
hellish cell.

Five police had arrived at my
home early in the morning and
marched me off in military fashion
to the district station where I
was told I was accused of send-
ing stories detrimental to Japan's
diplomacy.

Shortly after Tokyo was blacked
out, impressing the populace that
the action was at war, I was re-
turned to the prison proper, where
I was stripped and searched and
locked in a solitary confinement cell.

15 Days in Solitary.

In the 15 days following I re-
mained in solitary, knowing only
that war was declared and hear-
ing an unsubstantiated rumor that
Pearl Harbor had been bombed.

The guards were antagonistic the
first night, but the attitude was
not repeated, and most prison of-
ficials were helpful and tolerant.

There was constant cold, day and
night, with ice forming on the
water basin. I was naturally de-
pressed over my fate, by the po-
lice insinuation that I would be
accused of espionage, and I was
additionally disturbed by the scan-
dal and poor Japanese food.

Throughout my confinement the
police used torture as their main
weapon. Once I was told the gen-
tlemen were taking me over, and
that I would be court-martialed
instead of remaining in the hands
of the civil authorities.

Finally on Christmas eve, shuf-
fling along without shoes, I was
led from my cell into a smoky
room where I was questioned brief-
ly. Then I was returned to the
cell without explanation and re-
mained there for two months.

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Little Change

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MORE EXPERIENCES OF AMERICANS HELD BY JAPANESE

U. S. WRITER TELLS OF TORTURE AND DEATH THREATS BY JAPANESE POLICE

He and Other Reporters, Including Canadian Woman, Slapped and Kicked in Relentless Questioning.

NEW YORK, July 27 (AP).—The New York Times reported today in a Lourenco Marques dispatch from Otto D. Tolischus, its former Tokyo correspondent, that seven American newspaper men and one Canadian newspaper woman were arrested by the Japanese in Tokyo and Yokohama and held for six months in solitary confinement and conditions of severe hardship.

Tolischus said they were charged with espionage and with violating Japanese national defense act by sending out political, economic and diplomatic news.

"During examinations three American newspaper men, Walter R. Mills, publisher of the Japan Newsweek and representative of the Columbia Broadcasting System; Jasper N. Bellinger, an employee of the Japan Times and Herald, a Canadian, and I and Miss Phyllis Argall, correspondent of the News Chronicle of London, were subjected to physical torture," Tolischus reported.

"Miss Argall was tied up and handcuffed when she was arrested and was repeatedly slapped until her face was cut," the dispatch to the Times said. "Mr. Mills was slapped during the whole examination period, lasting more than three months. He was forced to squat for hours in Japanese fashion, with the result that he is still suffering from an injury to his left knee."

"Mr. Bellinger was slapped, kicked on the shins and forced to stand for hours with his hands above his head."

"I likewise was accused of espionage and secret intelligence work for the American and British embassies and of coming to Japan to get secret information on spies," the dispatch said. "The Japanese police seemed to connect with the German-Japanese alliance pact."

"To force a confession the police threatened me with firing squads as an alternative to instantaneous death at the hands of the examining police. For four days I was kept in solitary confinement, with a guard on duty in the Japanese fashion while four policemen slapped my face, kicked me and made feints at strangling me until my knees were covered with open wounds and I was a physical wreck."

"All newspaper men are spies," the police said, "because they try to find out the truth. Japanese correspondents abroad are spies; so are Japanese newspaper men at home. We could arrest all of them."

Tolischus said other arrested correspondents, Max Hill, chief of the Tokyo bureau of the Associated Press, Percy Whiting, Richard Tenney and Ray Crowley, were questioned on similar charges but escaped violence.

"In May," Tolischus reported, "all the arrested correspondents except Mr. Bellinger were sentenced to 18 months to two years imprisonment. Though the defendants were represented by a lawyer, some of them never saw him. The presiding judge, in announcing my sentence, said: 'This is war and Japan must protect its national interests.'"

Two Axis Reporters Sentenced. "Two Axis newspaper men, Richard Sorge of the Frankfurter Zeitung, and Branco De Vukelich, a Yugoslav representing the Havas Agency, were reported to have been sentenced to life imprisonment on charges of spying for Russia."

"During their imprisonment the correspondents were kept in solitary confinement in tiny, unheated cells."

"Investigation revealed that the police had been watching all foreigners for months and possessed records of conversations in clubs, private homes and even in embassies. In the case of Mr. Willis the government produced photostatic copies of minutes of staff meetings at the British Embassy and reproduced at least one conversation of Ambassador Grew at the American Embassy."

How Japanese Took Malaya, Burma: Spies, Deal With Thailand, Invasion Rehearsals Brought Swift Conquest

Reporter Who Toured Southwestern Asia Describes Way Indo-China Was Used as Pawn—Allied Citizens Interned.

Reiman Morin, Associated Press chief of bureau in Tokyo from 1937 until November, 1940, traveled through Southeastern Asia on special assignments for years preceding the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. After working in Malaya, Burma and Thailand, he was in Saigon, French Indo-China, when war broke out.

By REIMAN MORIN
LOURENCO MARQUES, Portuguese East Africa, July 24 (AP).—Japan made French Indo-China and Thailand partners of varying degrees of willingness to its tremendous preparations for seizing the rich possessions of Britain and the Netherlands in the Southwest Pacific area.

Immediately after Pearl Harbor, American, British, Canadian and Dutch citizens were interned by the Japanese in French Indo-China, technically a neutral colony, overriding the protests of the French.

British and Americans in Thailand also were interned jointly in a large, well-organized camp. Both countries were used as pawns in Japan's carefully laid plan of conquest, and the Japanese had Malaya and Burma in the bag four months before they pulled the string on the fateful morning of Dec. 8 (the day of Pearl Harbor according to Japanese time).

Their intelligence service had made British military dispositions an open book, particularly in Malaya.

Their specially trained landing forces, using special equipment, were maneuvering on the coasts of French Indo-China, practicing the methods which later completely paralyzed the Allied defense. And necessary Japanese relationships with Malay and Burmese traders and "fifth columnists" were already solidly cemented.

Their nearest trick was one of propaganda by which Japan and Thailand pretended mutual enmity as Japan's transport fleets entered Thailand's Gulf of Thailand in August and September of last year. Actually, Thailand was a party to Japan's plans to use these forces later in attacking other parts of Southeast Asia.

Watchlike Precision. In short, Japan's quick conquest of Malaya and Burma was the result of an elaborate plan which was watched like a hawk.

Traveling through Singapore, Thailand, Burma and Indo-China exactly a year ago, I encountered abundant evidence of the whole scheme.

For example, a Malay dignitary close to the Sultan of Johore told me openly that the Sultan's subjects could not be depended on if war came. It has been reported since then that the Japanese have decorated the Sultan.

At Kuala Lumpur, midway between Singapore and the Thai border, a Japanese woman innkeeper gave me names, numbers and the dispositions of all British regiments in the vicinity. Our conversation was conducted in Japanese, the woman apparently feeling it safe to discuss things like this because "everybody knows them."

Later in Indo-China you could see the Japanese landing parties practicing the disembarking methods which were probably the greatest factor in the loss of Malaya.

Landings Rehearsed. They used hundreds of flat-bottomed barges, capable of making 12 knots, equipped to carry light tanks and deposit them on the beach. Picked landing crews were employed. They practiced shelling and machine-gunning the beach while the barges were still far offshore.

Meanwhile Thailand and Japan were uttering mutual threats, which gave Japan an opportunity to move forces on sea and land without precipitating a British attack.

Later in November the Thai Premier told the nation that "at any moment we may be called to fight an aggressor a hundredfold stronger than ourselves."

Actually Thailand had no alternative.

SENATE COMMITTEE APPROVES FUNDS FOR SECRET WEAPON
WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—Behind closed doors, the Senate Naval Committee approved today a \$74,634,000 naval expansion program which contemplates \$30,000,000 expenditure for secret training and a mysterious new weapon.

Chairman Walsh (Rep., Mass.) announced the approval but did not elaborate on a statement made at the time of House passage last week by Chairman Vinson (Dem., Georgia), of the House Naval Committee, that the \$30,000,000 would be spent "for a kind of secret training and a kind of secret weapon."

The bill provides, among other things, for a broad extension of naval aviation facilities designed to turn out 2500 aviators a month and development of naval outposts, some in Alaska.

In open session the committee

U. S. Writer in Tokyo Solitary for Days

Continued From Page One.

mained there until Jan. 6, when the formal questioning under Inspector Takekura began from morning until night.

Lost Weight Rapidly. I lost weight rapidly in December and January due to the prison fare. Breakfast was a small bowl of mixed barley and rice and a small cup of soup made of seaweed or turnip tops boiled in water. Lunch was the same. So was dinner.

After a few days I was permitted to supplement this with two yen worth of outside food in Japanese style until February, when I was allowed to switch to foreign-style food costing five yen a day. The portions were small and few vegetables and meat, sometimes horse or whale, but the quality generally was fair.

The officials did not permit me to set the price for food when outside food was delivered despite the need of this additional food, saying that the outside food was sufficient.

The first day in the cell, the guard confiscated my shoes, keeping them until April. Because I was trying to keep warm I both wore and walked on a tatami (Japanese mat).

Finally early in January I was called from the barren cell into the questioning room where I was confronted by Inspector Takekura, a squat, bullet-headed man with two assistants.

Relentless Inquiries. Takekura's brilliant and incisive mind was evident immediately. Although expressing personal sympathy with my plight, he was a relentless inquirer, hammering at me with questions, squinting his eyes and rubbing his close-cropped head until he became to me the very incarnation of the devil himself.

Released on June 2. I was released on June 2 and taken to an internment camp until the departure of the liner Asama Maru (the exchange ship which took him and other Americans to Lourenco Marques). The evident purpose in arresting all Tokyo newspaper men except Joseph Dymally of the Associated Press and Robert Bellare of the United Press was to fish for a spy ring which did not exist and to harass the newspaper men's Japanese friends and employees, who have been in a state of terror during the war and also have been months in prison.

I did not know personally whether there was any chance of leaving Japan and was resigned to the fate of imprisonment, perhaps for the duration of the war, until my release on June 2. I was not told anything about being evacuated.

When we mentioned it once to Police Officer Okada, the interpreter who had been graduated from Northwestern University, he laughed and told the men not to be so optimistic. "This is war," he said.

Words have not been coined which would express the relief and pleasure of walking down the gangplank of the Asama Maru onto the free Portuguese soil after months of suspicious and spy-conscious Japanese.

Japanese newspaper men who arrived on the Gripsholm and wrily told Tokyo correspondents of their hardships in the United States—their "confinement" in the White Sulphur Springs luxury hotel and having their mail delayed as much as a month and of being able only to read the New York Times—stammered and stuttered when they heard our imprisonment stories.

The newspapers Asahi and Nichi Nichi and the news agency Domei and other news organizations did their utmost to aid the imprisoned journalists, but, as they pointed out:

"You know the Japanese police." The Doolittle Raid. It was a good story at the time, but it's funnier than ever now, how the Japanese sought to save face after the Doolittle raid but didn't quite succeed, all because

of the court procedure was dignified and solemn despite the farcical nature of the charges, which seemingly was recognized even by the three Japanese police handling the case.

The procurator recommended 18 months' sentence. I was returned to prison for two weeks. Then I was taken back to the court and given a suspended sentence of 18 months.

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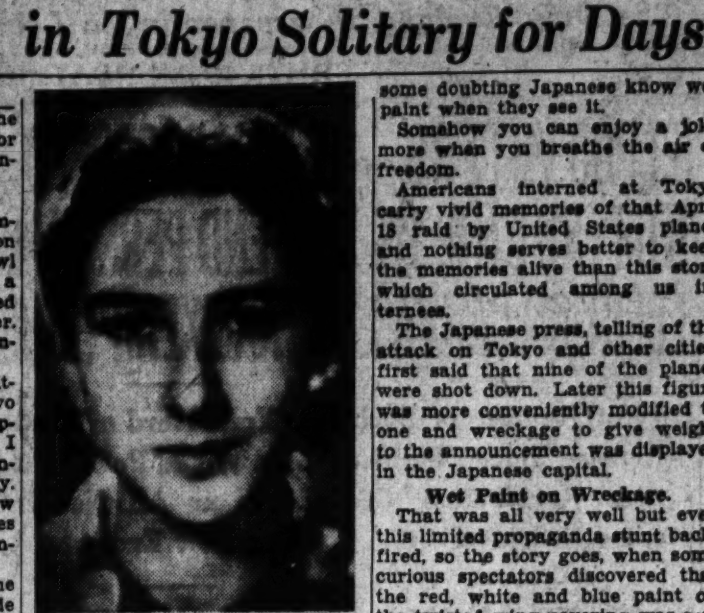
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MRS. JENNIFER WHITE, wife of James D. White, Associated Press correspondent in Shanghai when the war started, arrived in Lourenco Marques, Portuguese East Africa, in the exchange with Japanese nationals from the United States. She was in Manila when the city fell. She told of life in a Japanese internment camp and said the guards frequently asked: "How can you Americans be so happy here?"

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some doubting Japanese know wet paint when they see it. Somehow you can enjoy a joke more when you breathe the air of freedom.

Americans interned at Tokyo early vivid memories of that April 18 raid by United States planes and nothing serves better to keep the memories alive than this story which circulated among us in internment.

The Japanese press, telling of the attack on Tokyo and other cities, first said that nine of the planes were shot down. Later this figure was more conveniently modified to one and wreckage to give weight to the announcement was displayed in the Japanese capital.

Wet Paint on Wreckage. That was all very well but even this limited propaganda stunt backfired, so the story goes, when some curious spectators discovered that the red, white and blue paint on the twisted wing covering was "wet" instead of dry.

Actually, I understand now, there were as many as 16 planes in the raid, and while there is no available, reliable estimate of the casualties it is known that heavy damage was done in the industrial districts between Tokyo and Yokohama, where large areas of factories and homes were burned over.

While the Tokyo raid gave Japanese of the metropolitan region a bad case of nerves, the havoc wrought by American submarines caused just as much apprehension. The most telling blow by American submarines was the sinking of the Taro Maru, bound for the East Indies with 600 economic experts. It was rumored in Tokyo that American submarines were operating virtually in Yokohama harbor.

In this sleepy exchange port, where Americans are waiting impatiently for the sailing of the Swedish ship Gripsholm which is expected to start for the United States today or tomorrow, there have been frequent rows with the Japanese.

Americans, Japs Quarrel. The groups being exchanged are here together. The Japanese exchange vessels are close to the Gripsholm at the pier. Japanese and Americans see each other at the dock, and both are on shopping sprees in town. There are frequent quarrels.

The chief activity of the North and Latin American group is eating great quantities of the Gripsholm's stock of food and racing from shop to shop.

Japanese, who came this far on the Gripsholm, complained bitterly about the quality of the food, but they will have more to complain about if the bill of fare remains the same as it was for us on the Japanese ships.

Some Americans are still suffering from effects of malnutrition. Those caught by the war at Hong Kong seem to be worst off in this respect, some individuals having lost as much as 60 pounds in weight.

Dr. Mawbray Tate, principal of the Bangkok Christian College, his wife, and their daughters, Louise, 2 years old, and Barbara,

8 months old, were among the Americans repatriated from Japan occupied Thailand.

Tate said a total of 90 Americans left Thailand, and that none remained in Bangkok.

ALLIED INFLUENCE IN INDIA MUST GO, JAP PREMIER SAYS

Tojo Asserts Tokyo Is Willing to Co-operate With Nation in Gaining Independence.

BERLIN (from German broadcast), July 27 (AP).—Japan's Prime Minister, Gen. Hideki Tojo, told an audience of 20,000 at Osaka today that "Japan is determined to destroy the United States and Great Britain," the Trans-

ocean news agency reported in a Tokyo dispatch.

Addressing a meeting of the League for Support of the Throne, Tojo said Japanese occupation of some of the Aleutian Islands had "greatly strengthened Japan's strategic position."

Transocean gave these excerpts from the speech:

"In the fight against the Anglo-Saxon powers Japanese forces continue to hold the initiative. Peaceful construction of the New Order has not been neglected. Japan would not hesitate to cooperate with India and help her in carrying through her wishes (the independence of Britain). Since India always has been the firm foundation of the British empire, Japan can no longer tolerate Anglo-American influence in India."

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CRIPPS WARNS INDIA VICTORY MUST COME BEFORE FREEDOM

Briton in Broadcast Says Allies Will Take Any Steps Necessary Against Political Interference by Gandhi.

LONDON, July 27 (AP).—The new article brewing over Mohandas K. Gandhi's campaign for immediate withdrawal of British rule from India was met by a declaration from Britain today that the United Nations could not permit the actions of the nationalist leader to thwart their "drive for victory in the East."

In a broadcast directed especially to the United States, Sir Stafford Cripps, who went on a futile mission to India with an independence program last spring, told Americans:

"Your sons as well as ours are helping defend India and wage war against the Japanese. Your policy as well as ours is to defend India."

"The issue is too grave and too great for the whole world," he said. "We cannot allow the actions of a visionary, however distinguished in the fight for freedom in the past, to thwart the United Nations drive for victory in the East."

The troublesome issue likely will reach a climax after Aug. 7 when the All-India Congress is expected to approve a civil disobedience program sponsored by Gandhi.

Writing in his newspaper Harijan, Gandhi said yesterday he was agitating for Indian independence now not to embarrass the United Nations, but because he believed the Allies would be unable to beat the Axis unless India were free. To Japan he served notice that it could not expect a welcome if it invaded India.

Cripps in his speech said: "American Chinese, Indian and British soldiers must not be sacrificed in the gallant struggle for the liberty of the world by a political party maneuvering in India, any other country. It is the interest of India that is at stake as well as that of China, Britain and the United States."

Saying that he regretted the stand taken by Gandhi, Cripps said that he had urged the Prime Minister Churchill in the House of Commons, asserted that Gandhi, "unprepared to wait (for freedom after the war) would rather jeopardize the freedom and the whole cause of the United Nations."

"He threatens extremes of pressure in this most difficult hour to win political power for his own party (the All-India Congress)," Cripps continued. "It may gain a measure of support for its mass disobedience but, for the cause of the United Nations, it will be our duty to insist on keeping India as a safe and orderly ally for our joint operations against the Japanese."

"Whatever steps are necessary for this end, we must take fearlessly. Once victory is gained, India has been offered complete freedom to provide whatever she chooses for her own self-government. But that victory must first be gained."

Cripps said that Gandhi had demanded that "we should walk out of India with its deep-rooted religious divisions without any constitutional form of government and with no organized administration." "No responsible government could take such a step, least of all in the midst of war," he added.

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TO BE SELECTED AS NOMINEES FOR CIVIL SERVICE POST

Commission Meets to Consider List of Eligibles to Be Submitted to Mayor.

DIRECTOR MUST LIVE IN MISSOURI

Action to Choose Personnel Chief Taken After Supreme Court Upholds Amendment.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission met today to consider the list of eligibles to be submitted to Mayor Edward J. Kelly for appointment of a Director of Personnel to administer the merit system.

A copy of the Missouri Supreme Court's decision of Saturday afternoon, upholding the charter amendment establishing the merit system, was in the hands of the commission, which went over its text yesterday at a conference at Smith's home, 2140 Waterman avenue.

Mayor Becker said to a Post-Dispatch reporter today that he expected the Personnel Director to be appointed and functioning before Sept. 16, which date the amendment is to take effect. He said that the draft of ordinances, necessary to put the amendment into operation, might not be ready in time, but that this would not keep the new system from going into legal effect.

May Call Special Session. "It will be the Personnel Director's duty to draw up ordinances for the classification of jobs, pay and system of advancement," the Mayor said. "If such ordinance drafts are ready before Sept. 16, I will call the Board of Aldermen into a special session to act on them."

The board is in vacation adjournment until Sept. 25. The Mayor said the validity of the amendment would not be affected by the City Council's refusal to act on the new system.

The Citizens' Committee for the Merit System met today at the office of Walter Hauesler, broker, to discuss the resolution urging speed in placing the new system in operation.

The court's decision, which gave the "go" signal for setting up the new municipal employment system, put one important restriction on the commission. It must select only those who are residents of Missouri.

Three of the candidates for the position of Personnel Director are residents of Missouri. The Mayor said that the directorship was an office within the meaning of the State Constitution, and therefore could not be held by anyone not a resident of the State. A resident of the State outside of St. Louis would be eligible, however.

Three other judges concurred in Judge Hayes' ruling on the issue of residence; two judges dissented on this point, holding that the directorship was not an office within the meaning of the Constitution. Judge Ernest S. Gantt did not sit in the case.

Applicants Interviewed. More than 20 applicants for the directorship have been interviewed by the commission. A few of these were many—residents of Missouri. Two St. Louis applicants are Charles Hertenstein, chairman of the Efficiency Board, predecessor body of the commission, and George B. Tracy, former chairman of the same board. Hertenstein served under Mayor Henry W. Kissel and, for a short time, Mayor Victor J. Miller, and more recently under Mayor Becker, all Republican.

Tracy served under Mayor Bernard F. Dickmann, Democrat. "The merit system amendment, one of the clauses upheld by the Supreme Court's decision, requires that the

JAPANESE

EARNS INDIA VICTORY BEFORE FREEDOM

adcast Says Allies Will Take Necessary Against Political Interference by Gandhi.

(AP)—The British soldiers must not be sacrificed in the gallant struggle for the liberty of the world by a political party maneuvering in India, says a declaration by a group of British statesmen. The group, which includes Lord Privy Seal and spokesmen for the House of Commons, asserted that India is at stake as well as that of China, Britain and the United States.

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Addressing a meeting of the League for Support of the Throne, Tojo said Japanese occupation of some of the Aleutian Islands had "greatly strengthened Japan's strategic position."

Transocean gave these excerpts from the speech:

"In the fight against the Anglo-Saxon power-Japanese forces continue to hold the initiative. . . . Peaceful construction of the New Order has not been neglected. . . . Japan would not hesitate to cooperate with India and help her in carrying through her wishes (for independence of Britain)."

"Since India always has been the first foundation of the British empire, Japan can no longer tolerate Anglo-American influence in India."

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Suits for \$1.99 at no extra charge!
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TO BE SELECTED AS NOMINEES FOR CIVIL SERVICE POST

Commission Meets to Con- sider List of Eligibles to Be Submitted to Mayor.

DIRECTOR MUST LIVE IN MISSOURI

Action to Choose Person- nel Chief Taken After Supreme Court Up- holds Amendment.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission met today in the downtown law office of Luther Ely, one of its members, to consider the selection of a list of three nominees to be submitted to Mayor William De Becker for appointment as Director of Personnel.

The commission's action follows a decision of Saturday afternoon by the Missouri Supreme Court upholding the constitutionality of the charter amendment establishing the merit system, which went over its text yesterday at Smith's home, on Becker avenue.

Mayor Becker said to a Post-Dispatch reporter today that he expected the Personnel Director to be appointed and functioning before Sept. 16, by which date the amendment is to take effect. He said the drafts of ordinances, necessary to put the amendment into operation, might not be ready by that time, but that this would keep the new system from going into legal effect.

May Call Special Session.

"I will be the Personnel Director's duty to draw up ordinances for the classification of jobs, pay and the drafting of ordinances," the Mayor said. "If such ordinance drafts are ready before Sept. 16, I will call the Board of Aldermen into special session to act on them."

The board is in vacation adjournment until Sept. 26.

The Mayor said the validity of the amendment would not be affected by any delay resulting from the litigation attacking the new system. City Counselor Joseph P. Holland said that if the ordinances setting up the new system in detail were not enacted before Sept. 16, the existing system of classification would continue to operate until the new system is put into effect.

The Citizens' Committee for the Merit System met today at the office of Walter Haeussler, broker, and adopted a resolution urging speed in placing the new system into operation.

The court's decision, which gave the "go" signal for setting up the new municipal employment system, put one important restriction on the commission. It must select the Director of Personnel someone who has been a resident of Missouri for at least a year.

Held to Be Official.

Framers of the amendment tried to make it possible for the commission to draw on the nationwide supply of experienced city and state civil service administrators. The amendment stated that the appointee "need not be, at the time of examination or appointment, a resident of the City of St. Louis."

The Supreme Court's opinion, written by Justice Charles T. Evers, said that the directorship was an office within the meaning of the State Constitution, and therefore could not be held by anyone not a resident of the State.

Three other judges concurred in Judge Hays' ruling on the issue of residence; two judges dissented on the point, holding that the directorship was not an office within the meaning of the Constitution.

Applicants Interviewed.

More than 30 applicants for the directorship have been interviewed by the commission. A few of these who were interviewed, but who were not residents of Missouri, are:

Two St. Louis applicants are Charles Hertenstein, chairman of the Efficiency Board, predecessor body of the commission, and George B. Tracy, former chairman of the same board. Hertenstein served under Mayors Henry W. Hall and, for a short time, Mayor Edward J. Miller, and more recently Mayor De Becker, all Republican.

Edward J. Dickinson, Democrat. The merit system amendment, in one of the clauses upheld by the Supreme Court's decision, requires that the appointee as Director shall have had not less than five years' experience in personnel administration, of which at least two years shall have been in public personnel administration. The amendment fixes the Director's salary at a minimum of \$8000 a year, but the Civil Service Commission has decided, as it is empowered to do, to make the salary \$6000.

Births, 218 Deaths in Week.

There were 461 births and 219 deaths reported in the city last week. There were 18 deaths from violence, six from pneumonia and three from tuberculosis.

Office Chairs

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Lady's Rubber or Leather
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Men's or Boy's
Half Socks — 60c Pr.

Refund of 5c for Each 10 Hangers.

Food 'Lousy,' Says Seaman Picked Up by U-Boat, Kept Aboard 4 Days



ARCHIE GIBBS of Roscoe, Tex., told at an East Coast port of being held prisoner on a German submarine for four days after his ship was torpedoed. He is holding a pouch which the Germans permitted him to keep.

American Says Submarine Was Attacked While It Loaded Torpedoes — Nazis Halted Boat, Let Him Swim to It.

AN EAST COAST PORT, July 27 (AP)—An American seaman has told of spending four days as a prisoner aboard a German submarine after the raider had torpedoed his ship and then picked him up while swimming in the ocean.

Archie Gibbs, 36 years old, of Roscoe, Tex., said here that the U-boat underwent an attack in the Caribbean Sea while loading fresh torpedoes. He was kept below decks, however, and could not say whether the missiles were being taken aboard or merely transferred from a storage space on the submarine.

Gibbs said that at 1 a. m., June 17, the Germans opened fire with an anti-aircraft gun on the deck and two bombs exploded near the craft. He surmised that a Navy airplane had surprised the raider in the midst of the operation.

Two ships were torpedoed from beneath Gibbs before he was picked up by the undersea raider. The loss of both vessels already has been reported by the Navy. The merchantman on which he sailed was sunk June 14 and the rescue vessel which picked up the crew was attacked about 24 hours later.

Gibbs was in the water, swimming in search of a lifeboat, when he found himself near the submarine. "Somebody hollered 'comrade' or 'kamerad,'" he related, "and I yelled back, 'no, American.'"

"I started swimming away, but they brought the stern of the sub around and scooped me up out of the water."

"A big German grabbed me and hustled me up to the conning tower. He stuck a pistol that looked like a Big Bertha under my nose and asked me if I knew what I was doing."

INSPECTORS ORDER BEER, THEN ARREST BODSMAN

Three Report They Found Several Men in His Home When They Made Sunday Raid.

William J. Dietrich, a professional bodsman, was arrested yesterday after Ernest Evers, chief inspector for the Excise Commissioner's office, and two deputies reported finding several men drinking beer in Dietrich's home; 2816 (rear) North Spring avenue.

Evers and the deputies said they also ordered bottles of beer and were served. Two cases of beer were found in an icebox.

Detectives arrested Elmer Koenig when they found several men drinking beer in his tavern at 5323 Virginia avenue. Dietrich and Koenig were booked for violating city and state liquor laws.

CATCHES BOY DRIVING HIS AUTO

St. Louisan Recognizes, Chases Vehicle Stolen Wednesday.

Client Steelman, an employee of Public Service Co. caught yesterday a 16-year-old youth driving his automobile, which was stolen from front of his home, 4130 Maryland avenue, last Wednesday.

Driving west in the 5900 block of Maple avenue with his brother, Guy, Steelman recognized his automobile being driven east. They turned around and pursued the car to Union boulevard, where the youth was caught when he drove into a filling station for gasoline.

The boy told police that he escaped July 11 from the Bellefontaine Farms, city institution for delinquent boys.

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I. C. C. HEARING ON LEVEE TRACKS HERE ON SEPT. 15

Removal of Elevated Line and Building of East St. Louis Station to Be Taken Up.

The Interstate Commerce Commission will hold a hearing at the Coronado Hotel Sept. 15 on the application of the City of St. Louis for an order to require removal of the levee elevated tracks of the Terminal Railroad Association, according to a notice received today by the Terminal's general counsel, Carleton S. Hadley.

At the same hearing, the Commission will take up the request of the City of East St. Louis for issuance of an order requiring the Terminal to build a new \$700,000 union station at Main street and Brady avenue. Examiner George Mattingly of the Commission will conduct the hearing. The Illinois Commerce Commission has announced a hearing on the depot matter at Springfield Sept. 9.

Mayor William De Becker said today that no change in the track removal situation had been made in recent correspondence, and that of counsel for the Terminal, W. P. Bartel, secretary of the ICC.

The city's application, asking the ICC to order the Terminal to remove the elevated tracks, was forwarded to Washington July 3.

Mayor Becker earlier received a letter from Secretary Bartel, which stated that railroads are not permitted to abandon the use of tracks without approval of the ICC.

"This was written," the Mayor said, "the city had in preparation its application to the ICC for a removal order. We have all along recognized that the city council could not enforce the order issued by the Board of Public Service April 14, for removal of the tracks, without the sanction of the commission. I do not consider that the statement of Mr. Bartel was a 'warning' to the city, and his letter made no change in our policy, which has been to recognize the Commission's action."

General Counsel Hadley took the view that Bartel's letter was a "warning" to the city. Hadley said the Mayor wrote to Bartel, protesting because the commission had not notified the city authorities of the application filed last December by the Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., a Terminal subsidiary, for authority to extend the maturity of a \$3,500,000 bond issue. The Mayor stated, in that connection, that the elevated track franchise, issued originally to the Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., had expired in 1937, and that the bond application should have set forth that fact.

Hadley said he then wrote to the ICC secretary, denying that the franchise had expired, and stating that the Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co. leased its line to the Terminal Association for 99 years in 1925.

The Mayor and Max H. Doyno, Director of Public Utilities, repeated today their assertion that the franchise did expire in 1937.

"The fact that the Terminal bought up a company holding a franchise about to expire," the Mayor said, "had no effect on the franchise." Doyno said the records of the Board of Public Service showed that the Terminal, in applying for a permit for use of the tracks in 1937, stated that its franchise had expired.

Secretary Bartel, in his letter to the Mayor, said the I. C. C. was not required to notify the city of the Terminal's bond extension application; that the commission did notify the Governor of Missouri of the application, and that the Governor and State authorities made no objection to the proposal.

INQUEST IN POISON DEATH

Mrs. Ella M. Stillman, 51, Defense Worker, Ends Life.

An inquest will be held in the death of Mrs. Ella M. Stillman, defense plant worker, who died late Saturday night at her home, 318 West Pelton avenue, Lemay, after taking a large dose of poison. Her husband, Charles Stillman, told police that she had undergone an operation recently and had been nervous.

She was 31 years old. Surviving, besides her husband, are four children.

QUILD OPTICIANS

Correct, Modern Glasses
Charge Accounts Invited

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610 OLIVE Gold Opticians 518 N. Grand

HAVE SUMMER GARMENTS
GRAND CLEANED Now!

Uncle Sam insists that you conserve materials. It's a good reason to make the old things do. Sheer dresses and light suits are bound to get soiled quickly. Depend on GRAND Cleaning regularly . . . to maintain smart appearance and extend the life of fabrics.

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MEN'S SUITS

Send Your Laundry With Your Cleanings—SAVE TIME!

GRAND LAUNDRY

Family Wet Wash Laundry

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PROGRAM TO BUILD CARGO PLANES IS URGED IN SENATE

Lee Introduces Proposal to Set Up Supply Board to Direct Construction.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP)—Senator Lee (Dem.), Oklahoma, proposed to the Senate today the diversion of enough production capacity to construct sufficient cargo and troop transport planes to insure arrival of troops and supplies at the fighting lines.

Lee offered a resolution to create a new supply board to proceed immediately with construction of such flying boats and land-based airplanes as may be necessary to supplement the production of the Government. The board would be composed of the Secretaries of War and Navy, the administrator of the War Shipping Administration and the chairman of the War Production Board.

Called "Only Chance."

"Transportation offers the only possible chance we have of winning this war," Lee said, contending that Adolf Hitler had made good a threat to turn out enough submarines "to cut the supply lines of the United States."

"It is folly, utter folly, for us to continue to try to build ships faster than Hitler can sink them," Lee asserted.

Lee proposed that American production of cargo and troop planes be projected on a scale even larger than the 10 per cent of German plane production he said was devoted to such ships.

He told the Senate he wholeheartedly endorsed the proposal of Henry Kaiser, West Coast shipbuilder, that a diversion of shipbuilding capacity to giant flying boats was the answer to the transportation problem.

He said these craft would provide an adequate transportation system to supply the needs of the armed forces in Alaska and Hawaii, as well as in outlying bases and foreign countries.

Under the resolution, referred to the Senate Military Affairs Committee, the board would determine the number and types of planes to be constructed and the extent of the diversion from the present shipbuilding program.

Views On Submarines.

"It has been estimated that there are now 100 Nazi submarines

U. S. May Face 'Cut-to-the-Bone' Civilian Economy, Nelson Indicates

Hints at Action Similar to Britain's, Where Licensing of Essential Goods Is Being Planned.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP)—Americans may face a civilian economy "cut down to the absolute bone" similar to that now confronting war-time Britain, Chairman Donald M. Nelson of the War Production Board indicated today. Nelson announced last night the arrival in England of two American experts—Dr. Arthur R. Burns, chief of the civilian planning branch of the Office of Civilian Supply, and Henry A. Dinagar, head of concentration for that office—for a study of industrial concentration.

England started a concentration of industry early in 1941, a time when Britain "had reached a stage which the United States has now reached," Nelson said.

Nelson last week said WPB planned the concentration of industry principle in this country, selecting a few small firms to supply civilian needs and forcing the remainder to convert to war needs or close down.

Predicting, by indirection, a number of drastic wartime economic restrictions for this country, Nelson said of Britain:

"The production of even the small quotas of a long list of goods which have been permitted in the past will be stopped altogether. In place of quotas for truly essential goods, the British Government will issue licenses for specific amounts of essential goods and thereby will cut the civilian economy down to the absolute bone."

Nelson pointed out that of 6378 plants which normally supplied England's civilian needs, about 75 per cent had been converted to war work and 25 per cent have been permitted to carry on civilian production.

Price Ceiling and Profit Margin on British Clothing.

LONDON, July 27 (AP). — The British public will benefit by cheaper clothing, shoes and household textiles under a new series of Board of Trade orders fixing price ceilings and profit margins.

The board announced Saturday that the new ceilings were possible because of the removal of a purchase tax on old utility clothing which had been in effect since October, 1940. The tax is to be removed Aug. 3. Prices will drop the full amount of the tax, 10 to 12 per cent. The price of non-utility types of clothing were stabilized June 30, with profit margins some-what higher than on utility goods.

Under the lower price ceiling the top price on utility men's suits, previously \$19.45, will be \$17.80. Overcoats, formerly \$10.90, will be \$10.05. Women's utility coats on which the old ceiling price was \$16.80 will sell for \$16. Women's costumes which sold for \$14.50 will have a top price of \$14.15.

carrying cargo and troops to the battlefield it could then be equipped and used as a bomber, but that again is a technical question to be decided by the engineers," he asserted.

He urged against delay in legislation by extended hearings on the resolution, proposing Congress move with a "speed that is borne of desperation."

Kaiser left Oakland, Cal., yesterday for Washington to appear before a Senate committee.

Presidential Signs Money

BILL FOR 18 WAR AGENCIES

130 Millions for OPA Included in Measure Providing Total of \$1,800,000,000.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP). — President Roosevelt has signed a bill appropriating \$1,800,000,000 for 18 Federal war agencies, including \$1,000,000,000 for the War Shipping Administration and \$200,000,000 for the Office of Price Administration for the current fiscal year.

VISIONS TWO-PURPOSE PLANE.

"It is not impossible that a plane might be so constructed that after

plying the Seven Seas and it is entirely possible that within a few months there will be at least 300 of these steel sharks on the prowl," Lee said. "Hitler can build several submarines while we are building one ship."

He said that while it was true some cargo aircraft were being manufactured along with troop transport planes, "the number and amount of these bear too small a ratio to our participation in the war to be effective."

Lee said efforts to destroy submarines should be redoubled by speeding construction of small helium dirigibles for use along the coast, equipped with detectors to locate submarines.

He said it was possible it would be necessary to divert even materials from bomber construction for building the flying boats, and expressed the view military and naval councils ought to determine the ratio of one to the other.

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RUNAWAY CAR WHEEL KILLS YOUTH BY ROAD

Companion Suffers Skull In- jury in Accident on Highway 61.

One youth was killed and another injured yesterday by a "wild" automobile wheel which struck them as they were sitting on the shoulder of Highway 61 between Crystal City and Festus.

Harvey Richards, 18 years old, of Festus, was killed, and Thomas Hildebrand, 15, also of Festus, suffered a skull injury. The Hildebrand boy was brought to Alexian Brothers' Hospital here. The driver of the automobile, James G. O'Hare, 1912 South Ninth street, was not injured.

MODEL AIRPORT OFFICE BUILDING IS CONTEMPLATED

Administration Structure
Would Be 11-2 Miles
Closer Downtown Than
at Present.

A new administration building, going away with present overcrowded conditions, is among contemplated changes at Lambert-St. Louis Field which would be financed out of the \$4,500,000 bond issue to be voted on Aug. 4.

J. Gates Williams, chairman of the executive committee of the Citizens' Airport Bond Issue Committee, said in a statement today.

Williams said location of the building, most up-to-date in the nation, would be on land to be acquired in a subdivision south and east of the present field. It would be a mile and a half nearer the downtown section than the present building.

The present administration building, Williams said, is "a perpetual condition of overcrowding" with five departments in it, including the Weather Bureau and the Postoffice branch, asking for additional space which is not available.

"The Civil Aeronautics Authority, including the general office, the inspection department and the communications division, all need space," Williams went on, "and it has been suggested that when the new building is provided the CAA can use the entire present administration building."

The airport cafeteria and dining-room are overcrowded during rush hours, he asserted. The soda fountain and barber shop also are inadequate and ticket office and waiting-room space for travelers is at a premium.

"Space long used for storage of records and equipment has been converted into office space," Williams continued, "but in spite of this there is need for more office space."

"The building has absorbed much more than it was designed for, but it has reached its capacity," he commented.

Williams said the contemplated building would cost about \$300,000 and would be fully equipped to take care of present and future needs at Lambert-St. Louis Field. In addition to other improvements at this field, the bond issue is designed to finance the acquisition of a second airport, to be used for commercial planes, so as to keep pace with anticipated post-war aviation development.

Mayor William De Becker announced today he had requested an opinion from Charles P. Williams, counsel for the Municipal Civil Service Commission, on the question of whether it would be permissible for city employees to campaign in behalf of the airport bond issue.

Heretofore, Civil Service employees have been barred from campaigning for bond issues, the Mayor stated.

**HAMBURG RAIDED
ON MAJOR SCALE
BY R. A. F. PLANES**
Continued From Page One.

In a west Midlands community and three more in a town in eastern England.

People going to work in a town in west England saw one of the raiders engaged in a grim duel with a British fighter, which apparently had the enemy bomber in trouble.

Other R. A. F. Attacks.

The Hamburg raid was the fourth attack on Germany in six nights and followed a series of raids on Duisburg.

Hamburg, the largest seaport in Europe, had been attacked five times previously this year, the last occasion being the night of May 3. Its shipbuilding yards produce more submarines than any other center in Germany.

In addition to raiding Hamburg, British planes bombed airdromes in the Low Countries and attacked Nazi shipping off the Frisian Islands, the Air Ministry reported.

Whole acres of buildings were wiped out by more than 50 two-ton "block destroying" bombs in Saturday night's raid in Duisburg, big German railway and shipping center.

Smoke Over Ruhr.

Great fires were left raging in the great river port at Duisburg-Ruhrort, at the confluence of the Ruhr and Rhine rivers adjacent to Duisburg proper. Single bombers which attacked Ruhr industries in daylight raids yesterday morning said smoke from the fires was spreading over the Ruhr.

"A great force of Lancasters, Stirlings, Halifaxes, as well as many two-engine bombers" participated in the attack on Duisburg, the Air Ministry said.

It acknowledged 14 bombers and one fighter were missing from the night's operations (indicating a force of perhaps 280 and 300 bombers).

Flashes of Life

By the Associated Press.

Vicious Blows.
PORTLAND, Ore., July 27.—F. S. Wulf and Jack Rudarmel stepped up to an amusement center punching bag that registers the force of a blow.

Wulf took off his coat, swung a haymaker and missed the bag completely, cutting his hand on a wall.

After sympathizing with his friend, Rudarmel took his turn. He hit the bag and dislocated his shoulder.

Frost-Bitten at 100 Degrees.
FORT BLISS, Tex.—An enlisted man reported to the post hospital for frost-bite treatment, although the thermometer reading was more than 100 degrees.

In an effort to get cool, he explained to the regimental surgeon, he had been holding a piece of dry ice in his hand.

Mother, Son Join Army.
LOS ANGELES.—Mrs. Zelma Hanson, an officer candidate in the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, and Richard W. Holmes, her 18-year-old son by a previous marriage, took the Army oath of allegiance together.

Sailor's Homecoming.
BEAUFORT, N. C.—A Negro seaman hadn't seen his folks on Ocracoke Island for 20 years and his homecoming was purely accidental. His ship was torpedoed in the Atlantic and his lifeboat chanced ashore on Ocracoke.

The big two-ton bombs were dropped.

Fighter Sweeps.
While the raid was on, R. A. F. fighters took advantage of bright moonlight to extend their sweeps elsewhere, shooting up trains and shipping along the occupied coast.

As the last big bomber crossed the coast en route home, single R. A. F. planes passed them on the way to dump high explosives by daylight on the factory-packed industrial centers of Western Germany.

Fighter sweeps were a virtually continuous operation. Channel residents reported fighters crossing in to the occupied territory, at high altitude, throughout Sunday.

Hurricane planes surprised two Nazi ships trying to slip up the coast off Le Touquet, occupied France, Saturday night and bombed and machine-gunned them, the Air Ministry reported.

The Ministry said also that fighter planes destroyed two bombers near their bases.

The German air force made scattered raids on Britain Saturday night, losing four planes, two over the North Sea and two over occupied territory to pilots waylaying them on their return from England.

Squadron Leader J. G. Topham, 25 years old, accounted for two Dornier 217 bombers, shooting the tail off one and sending the other crashing into the sea in flames.

Topham now has a bag of seven German planes, all shot down at night.

Nazis Admit Considerable Damage in Duisburg Region.

BERLIN (from German broadcasts), July 27 (AP).—The German high command said yesterday that the R. A. F. raids Saturday night on Duisburg, Hamburg and Moers caused considerable damage and disclosed also new Russian "raids" on East Prussia.

(The Red air force action over the easternmost part of Germany proper would be the fourth raid there within the past 10 days.)

The Germans said the damage

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1. Hold reading matter about 16 inches from face. 2. Avoid reading in poor light. 3. After driving, exposure to dust or wind, or when eyes are overworked, bathe them with Lavop. Quickly soothes inflamed, sore, burning, itching and irritated eyelids or money refunded. Thousands praise it. 25 years success. Get Lavop today. At all drug stores.

July 27, 1892 — "Emmet Bonora" by Opie Read was getting favorable reviews by the critics.

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LEHMAN REPORTED CONSIDERED FOR ARBITER ON WAGES

President Said to Contemplate Naming Him
Chief of Bureau on
Policy Problems.

NEW YORK, July 27 (AP).—The Times says in a Washington dispatch that President Roosevelt is considering naming Gov. Herbert H. Lehman of New York as supreme Federal arbiter on wages.

The position, it is said, would be at the center of the Government's fact-finding machinery dealing with wages and living costs, in an office which would act as a clearing house for all Federal agencies interested in a national wage policy.

While organized labor prefers to have wage disputes handled by the War Labor Board, the Times says, it is regarded likely to be sympathetic toward having Lehman act in an overall capacity on the problems involved, since he has established a reputation for impartiality.

Gov. Lehman Throws Support to Mead for Governor.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 27 (AP).—Backers of United States Senator James M. Mead for the New York Democratic gubernatorial nomination renewed their task of winning convention delegates today with the powerful support of Gov. Herbert H. Lehman.

Lehman announced for Mead yesterday, terming him "a candidate around whom all groups can rally with enthusiasm and with confidence in victory." This placed the Governor, a consistent supporter of President Roosevelt, on the side of the President in the New York fight.

On the other side is State Attorney General John J. Bennett Jr., supported by former National Chairman James A. Farley, now State chairman. Farley claims for Bennett 650 of 1014 delegates to the Democratic state convention.

Only 508 votes, a simple majority, are needed to win the nomination.

Three Fleeing Italians Captured.
MONTREAL, July 27 (AP).—Three Italian civilian prisoners of war who escaped from a nearby internment camp Friday have been recaptured, Royal Canadian Mounted Police headquarters announced yesterday.

The British raids were most extensive in residential sections and that the "civilian population suffered some loss."

Night fighters and anti-aircraft artillery were credited with the destruction of 11 R. A. F. bombers.

STIX, BAER & FULLER
1892-1942

Fifty Years Ago Today

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New Front Would Touch Off Revolt In France, Escaped Leader Says Warns, However, Premature Drive Will Mean Slaughter—68,000 in Trafalgar Square Call for Allied Invasion.

LONDON, July 27 (AP).—Prof. Andre Philip, escaped French underground leader, said today that an Allied invasion "would throw all occupied France into immediate revolt."

Philip, who reached Britain yesterday to join Gen. Charles de Gaulle, warned, however, that "an unsuccessful invasion would result in a terrible slaughter by the Germans."

"If an affair like St. Nazaire, when the people fought alongside the Commandos, is repeated two or three times, then the slaughter by the Germans will break the people's spirit," he said.

He asserted that for the first year after the fall of France, British broadcasts were the core of resistance by underground groups.

"However, warnings such as were given recently that people move away from the French coast are playing with the nerves of the people," he continued. "They wait each day, ready to help an invasion which never comes."

French Resistance Growing.
He said that despite severe blows by the Gestapo, largely in Paris, French underground resistance had grown steadily since the United

States entered the war.

Prof. Philip reported the underground organization in France now takes orders direct from De Gaulle and considers itself a unit of the fighting French within France.

He said that although France was expecting a bumper farm crop this year, Chief of Government Pierre Laval was sending so much to Germany that people in cities were starving.

"The populace is terrified at the thought of facing another winter," he asserted.

He disclosed that thousands of Germans from Cologne and heavily bombed sections of the Ruhr Valley had been moved into Paris.

A fifth of unoccupied France is in a state of anarchy with five or six police forces fighting one another, Prof. Philip said. He described Marshal Henri Philippe Pétain as without power and said Laval, hated by the people, was trying to set up a Gestapo of his own.

He said "the one point on which Pétain would stand firm against Laval" would be to keep Laval from placing the French fleet in German hands.

A crowd, estimated at 65,000 jammed into Trafalgar Square yesterday and shouted approval of immediate opening of a second front even though told it might mean another battle of Britain.

Dr. Leslie Haden Goss, Laborite member of the Commons from Islington, said:

"It might mean another battle of Britain or an attempted invasion of Britain and hardships such as the people of these islands have not had to endure before."

"Are you ready for this?" he asked.

A mighty "Yes" arose from the crowd.

Meanwhile, at Pontypool, Ernest

Bevin, Labor Minister and member of the War Cabinet, declared in a speech that those who shouted for a second front were "feeding" Adolf Hitler and Nazi Propaganda Minister Joseph Goebbels by creating labor in the country.

"Our friends of the left who shout this slogan are creating the very condition we all want to avoid... don't talk to me about a second front but help the Government all you can so there shall be no shortage anywhere," he pleaded.

Bevin said Russia "might be driven back and lose territory, but I am confident Hitler will break the Russian armies."

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START NOW

If you haven't stored next winter's Carbonite or Selerite do so now. In Fall fuel transportation will be a problem, and the government asks you to buy now. Be assured of next winter's fuel supply, and cooperate with the government. Pay in easy payments.

For immediate use, get Chestnut also Selerite or Carbonite for water heaters. Same price as other.

\$785 a Ton
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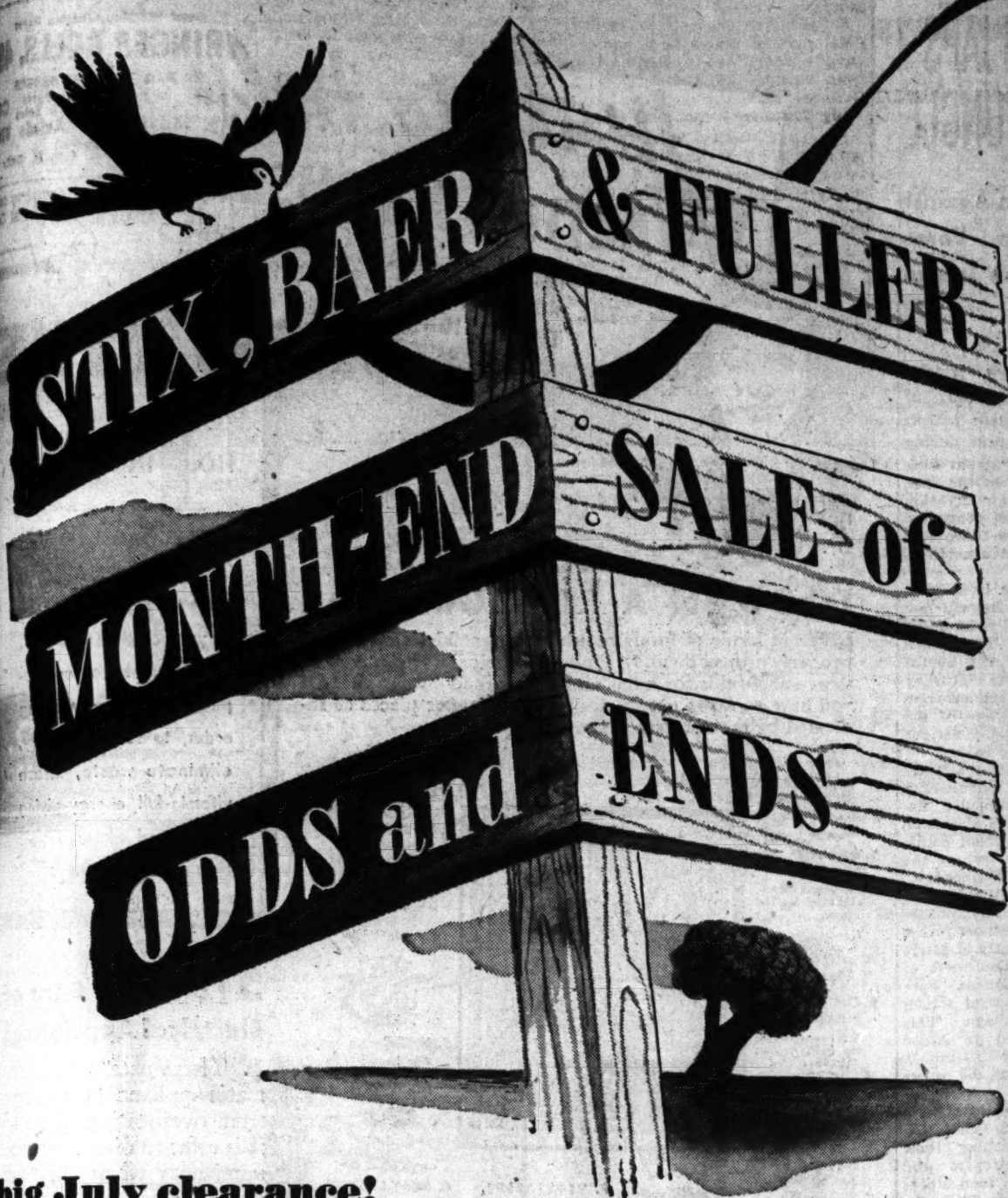
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COMPARATIVES BASED ON ORIGINAL PRICES



big July clearance!

quantities limited—savings are great—be early!

1st FLOOR \$2.98 summer blouses — \$1.89
 \$2.98 summer handbags, \$1.49
 Women's white doekin gloves, soiled — 79c
 Men's 65c ties, patterns, stripes — 4 for \$1, ea. 27c
 Men's 39c terry anklets — 4 prs. \$1, pr. 27c
 Men's \$1.89 and \$1.95 straw hats — \$1
 Men's \$1.98-\$2.98 sweaters are reduced to — \$1.49
 Men's \$2.98 seersucker summer robes — \$1.99
 \$2.50 men's cotton plaid knit sports shirts — \$1.59
 \$1.65-\$2 men's white or fancy shirts, soiled — 69c
 All \$6.50 to \$10.50 men's slack ensembles, 20% off
 \$6.95-\$8.95 women's shoes, discontinued styles, \$3.99

2nd FLOOR \$2-\$2.95 rayon slips — \$1.49
 50c-79c underwear — 3 for \$1
 \$1.69 rayon satin slips, lace trimmed — 59c
 \$1 rayon crepe Slackmates (Slack-slip) — 69c
 \$5.98 black sheer nylon slips — \$1.99
 \$12.98 black sheer nylon gowns, lace — \$2.99
 16-juniors' \$3-\$3.98 dresses, 9-15 — 99c
 \$9.95-\$10.95 Selby Arch Preserver shoes — \$6.99
 \$8.95-\$11.95 *Copley, *Barbara Lee shoes — \$5.99
 \$1.59-\$1.98 tots' undies and wearables — 63c
 Tots' \$1.98-\$3.98 wearables, blankets, etc. — 99c
 Toddlers' check-print coveralls, 1-4, reduced to — 98c
 *Exclusive at SBF

special! print drapery remnants

Regular 80c-\$1.25 drapery remnants, each — 50c
 Regular \$1.30-\$1.75 drapery remnants, each — 75c
 Regular \$1.80-\$3 drapery remnants, each — \$1
 Regular \$3.05-\$4.50 drapery remnants, each — \$2
 Regular \$4.60-\$7 drapery remnants, each — \$3
 SBF Draperies—Sixth Floor

buys in toiletries-notions

\$1 doz. Federal American toilet soap — doz. 59c
 \$1 Ybry cologne, assorted odors, reduced to — 59c
 59c Roger & Gallet cologne and soap set — 23c
 \$1 Le Sonier powder mit and cologne — 59c
 \$1 L'Orle perfumed deodorant in duffel bag — 59c
 \$1 auto seat covers, fit most cars — 49c
 \$1.39 pillowcase garment bag, 8-garment size — 79c
 59c sectionettes for dresser drawers — 19c
 Plus 10% Federal Tax Where Applicable
 SBF Street Floor

SENSATIONAL E. O. M. BARGAINS IN THE DOWNSTAIRS STORE!

\$2.29 to \$2.99 Misses' Sports Togs, each — \$1.67
 \$1.29 and \$1.39 Misses' Sports Togs, each — 79c
 \$4.99 Misses' Two-Piece Suit-Dresses — \$3.19
 Women's Two-Piece Cotton Slack Suits — 97c
 89c Printed Rayon Bomberg Sheers, 39-in., yd. — 59c
 79c Printed Rayon Shantung, 39-inch, yard — 59c
 79c Tropical Rayon Prints, 39-inch, yard — 59c
 88c Belvalin Rayon Prints, 39-inch, yard — 59c
 98c Velvaray Rayon Sheers, 39-inch, yard — 59c
 69c-79c Rayon Sharkskins or Rayon Jerseyettes, yd. 59c
 69c Solid Color Spun Rayon Novelty Weaves, yd. 57c
 88c Printed Rayon Bomberg Sheers, remnants, yd. 39c
 59c to 69c Print or Solid Color Spun Rayons, yd. 39c
 39c-49c Cotton Gabardine & Printed Sheers, yd. 29c
 39c-49c Cotton Chambrays, 36-in. remnants, yd. 25c
 29c White and Colored Broadcloth, remnants, yd. 22c
 49c Striped Cotton Pique, now a yard — 38c
 49c-59c Printed Chiffon Voiles or Muslins, yd. — 39c
 79c to \$1 50-Inch Homespuns & Cretonnes, yard 59c
 Cloth Window Shades, wanted colors — 49c
 Glider Recovers, water-repellent drill, each — 69c
 Samples and Irregulars Fine Lace Panels, each — 59c
 Remnants and Part Bolts Curtaining, yard — 10c

Varied Assortment of White Glassware — 25c
 \$2.29 to \$2.98 Girls' Playsuits, 7 to 14 — \$1.37
 \$1.39 to \$1.94 Summer Hats, white and cocoa — 59c
 \$3 to \$5 Sample Foundation Garments — \$2.29
 69c Uplift Bras With Stitched Cup, now — 54c
 Irregs. \$3.50 Extra Size 2-Way Stretch Girdles, \$1.59
 Chenille Bedspreads Greatly Reduced, \$2.49-\$4.99
 Mill 2nds and Odd Lots of Sheets, 99c to \$1.39
 2nds 69c Quilted Pillow Protectors, priced each — 39c
 2nds and Odd Lots Mattress Covers, each — 79c
 Heavy Cotton Colonial Bedspreads, seconds, \$1.99
 Lace Cloths, 2nds, various sizes — 97c to \$1.97
 2nds Part Pattern Damask Cloths — 49c to 99c
 2nds of Part Pattern Damask Napkins, 7 1/2 e to 19c
 2nds \$1.29 Assorted Printed Tablecloths, 52-in. — 89c
 \$1.39 to \$1.95 Cotton, Chenille Bath Mats — 97c
 2nds and Odd Lots Cannon Kitchen Towels, ea. — 10c
 Handmade Fillet Dresser Scarfs, reduced to — 25c
 2nds 39c-50c Men's Broadcloth Shorts, size 30 — 29c
 Men's Combed Cotton Knit Athletic Shirts, ea. — 29c
 \$1-\$1.29 Men's Soiled In-and-Out Shirts — 69c
 Men's Fancy Rayon and Cotton Ankle Socks, pair 17c
 Entire Stock Men's \$1.50-\$1.69 Straw Hats — \$1.00

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drapery remn'ts
1/2 OFF

Suitable lengths of curtain
marquisette; cretonne, slip-
covering, etc.
Downstairs Store

\$1.29-\$1.49
men's shirts

89c
 Fancy-pattern broadcloth;
collar-attached style; sizes
14 to 17 in the lot. First
and irregulars.
Downstairs Store

29c-39c printed
cotton sheers
19c Yd.

Lavies, voiles, batiste; 36
and 38 inch widths, all are
fast color.
Downstairs Store

men's shoes
reduced
\$2.69

Oxfords in black, white,
brown, black and white,
brown and white; 6 1/2 to
11 in the lot
Downstairs Store

full-fashioned
sheer hose
49c

Women's Irregs. better
grades; silk or rayon leg;
lisle or rayon tops; broken
sizes.
Downstairs Store

\$1.69-\$1.99
sheer dresses
\$1.29

Also seersuckers and cham-
brays in the lot; sizes 12 to
20 and 38 to 52 in the lot.
Downstairs Store

sale of
notions
4c

Including thread, pins,
household gadgets, medi-
cal aids, comic books, etc.
Downstairs Store

3rd FLOOR Girls' \$12.95 reversibles, \$8.99
 Girls' \$2.98-\$3.98 slacks, \$1.99
 \$22.95 misses', women's coats, coat salon — \$8.99
 \$14.95-\$17.95 moderate price dresses — \$11
 Collegienne cotton, spun rayon dresses — \$4.99
 Collegienne all-wool "boy" coats — \$10.99
 \$3.98-\$4.98 girls' wash dresses, playsuits — \$1.99
 \$3.98-\$4.50 girls' spun rayon slack sets, 7-14, \$2.49
 \$2.98 girls' shirts, spun rayon blouses, 10-16 — \$1.49
 Sports Shop better slacks, jackets, playsuits — 1/2 OFF
 Sports Dress Shop summer dresses, misses' — \$3

4th FLOOR Boys' 29c-39c sox, pr. — 15c
 \$16.95-\$17.95 prep suits \$10.99
 Boys' \$1 jumpers, wash — 79c
 \$1.15 Tom Sawyer knit polo shirts, sizes 6-18 — 49c
 \$1.29-\$1.65 Tom Sawyer sport shirts — 89c
 Boys' knickers, shorts, longies, etc. — 39c, 79c, 99c
 \$3.98-\$4.98 Tom Sawyer slack suits — \$2.59
 16 students' \$21.50 suits, big sizes — \$10.99
 \$2.25 boys' seersucker short suits — \$1.79
 \$1-\$1.50 jr. boys' sport shirts, all sizes — 59c
 Men's \$5.98 *Royston "gringola" dress slacks, \$4.99
 Men's \$5.50-\$5.95 fine make wash pants — \$2.99
 Women's \$5.98 overnight cases, 18-inch — \$3.94
 \$44.95 table model radio-phonos, R. C. A. — \$37.95
 \$89.95 radio-phonos, Air King console — \$58.45
 \$109.95 R. C. A. console radio (29K2) — \$85
 \$6.98 tennis racket, nylon strung — \$4.79
 \$25 umbrella table, 4 chairs, all for — \$19.98
 \$1.50 noted McGregor make sport shirts — 99c
 \$4.98 folding picnic table (bridge size) — \$3.79
 *Exclusive at SBF

5th FLOOR 3-pc. pottery salad sets — 39c
 14-53-pc. dinnerware, \$5.98
 Ruby color tumblers, 12 for 75c
 Floor sample concrete furniture, reduced — 1/2
 Odds and ends asst. boudoir lamp shades, each 49c
 \$7.98 modern boudoir lamps, assorted, each — 65
 30-semi-porcelain table lamps, reduced — \$3.98
 10-\$1.98 closet door mirrors, 12x48, as is — \$1
 18-\$5 large oil reproductions, assorted — \$3.98
 48-\$1.29 framed floral pictures, assorted — 49c

6th FLOOR 69c knitting bags, rayon — 49c
 29c stamped tea towels — 19c
 \$1 needlepoint canvases — 69c
 1-\$91.45 turquoise twist rug, 9x12.6 — \$50.95
 1-\$127.20 brown twist broadloom, 9x18 — \$63.50
 2-\$77.14 imperfect broadloom rug, 9x16.6 — \$49.50
 25-\$5.50 throw rugs, 27x54-inch size, ass't — \$3.98
 1-\$170.51 rose quartz twist rug, 9.6x20 — \$89
 20-\$6.98-\$9.98 printed draperies, pair — \$3.98
 30-\$3.98-\$4.98 6-pc. glider cover sets — \$2.98

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SALE now in full swing!

furniture of all periods at savings!
and model rooms to give you ideas.

men's \$22.50-
\$25 tropical
suits
\$14.99

Just 26 of these all-wool
tropical coat and pants
suits. Sizes broken. Solids,
patterns. Slight charge for
alterations.
Fourth Floor

\$8.98-\$12.95
misses',
women's coats
\$5.99

Rayon sheer coats...
pastel toppers in wool or
wool-and-rayon... pastel
wool classics.
Coat Salon—Third Floor

\$10.95-\$14.95
moderate-price
dresses
\$8

Misses', women's sizes.
Rayon sheer, jersey, spun
rayon. Whites, pastels,
dark colors, prints.
Third Floor

\$1.98-\$2.98
girls' dresses,
playsuits
\$1.19

Pique, chambray playsuits.
Sheer batiste, dimity, lawn
dresses. Prints, 7-16.
Third Floor

\$2.98 washable
separates
\$1.99

Shirts, slacks, shirts, jackets
in chambray, seersucker,
spun rayon. Blue, brown,
wine. Not all sizes in all
fabrics.
Sports Shop—Third Floor

Nelly Don
sheer dresses
\$2.66

264 Dresses to wear all
through summer. Sheer
cottons. Mostly all colors.
12-44.
Second Floor

\$4.98-\$10.95
bedspreads
reduced
40%

Thickly tufted chenille
spreads, colors, white.
Twin or full. Discontinued
styles.
Second Floor

\$10.95-\$14.95
I. Miller
summer shoes
\$6.99

325 pairs of this season's
styles in white, combina-
tions, pastels. Good size
range.
Second Floor

\$2.99-\$4.99
men's ensembles
\$1.99

Samples and seconds; fine
sports materials; long or
short sleeve shirts, pleated
slacks.
Downstairs Store

\$1.99 to \$2.95
women's shoes
\$1.29

Women's Summer Shoes in
white, combinations and
colors; also play shoes;
broken sizes.
Downstairs Store

odd lots
bath towels
12 1/2c to 39c

Mill accumulations; various
sizes and styles; some have
unfinished borders; rever-
sible and solid colors.
Downstairs Store

CARBONITE
START NOW

It stored next winter's Carbonite or
now. In Fall fuel transportation will
and the government asks you to buy
of next winter's fuel supply, and
the government. Pay in easy pay-

ate use, get Chestnut also Solarite or
for water heaters. Same price as other.
\$785 a Ton
Cash in Leads

COAL & COKE CO.
deventer FRanklin 6800

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TREASURE OF THEM ALL

JEWELERS TO AMERICA FOR 112 YEARS



An Ideal "Couple"

\$150.00

A beautifully designed wedding ensemble in 14-karat natural gold with delicate blossoms on either side. Engagement ring is set with a large Jaccard solitaire and 2 smaller rubies. Wedding ring to match is set with 3 round diamonds and 2 rubies.

Buy on Deferred Payments
Small Service Charge

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Whose cooperation and patience are helping so much in America's War of Movement!

There has been considerable praise of late for the way in which railroads have handled their wartime responsibilities. Much of the credit should go to Army and Navy officials for their foresight and unflinching cooperation.

But we would be less than just if we did not also express our gratitude to our passengers whose willingness to adjust their travel habits to wartime needs has done so much to help "keep 'em rolling."

TO MR. McPHERSON
for stopping by in person!



By stopping in for information instead of making several telephone calls, many travelers are planning their future trips with maximum efficiency and at the same time helping us to keep the telephone lines open.

TO MRS. PICKETT
for the early date at which she bought her ticket!



We are glad to report that passengers are coming to the ticket office to make reservations and buy tickets well in advance. This spirit of helpfulness allows us to allocate equipment more efficiently and helps avert last minute jams at the station.

TO MR. GRANGE
for canceling promptly when his plans change!



Here is another fine example of how the considerate actions of our passengers serve the common good. Prompt cancellation of unused reservations makes possible someone else's trip—prevents the waste of precious travel space.

TO MRS. WHITE
for traveling light!



Nowadays, with both Pullmans and coaches at near capacity, a minimum of luggage leaves more space in accommodations and facilitates transfers. We are grateful that so many passengers are adopting the motto "traveling light is traveling right!"

TO MR. SKINNER
for not lingering at his table after dinner!



With train traffic increasing, and with no material available to build new cars, we must serve a great many more meals per diner. Therefore, the consideration of passengers who leave their tables promptly when they finish eating is very much appreciated these days.

TO MR. TRIPPER
who isn't a passenger at all, but a shipper!



We include this tribute because we want everyone to know how helpful our shippers have been. By ordering only the necessary freight cars, by loading and unloading promptly and by loading to full capacity, they are helping us greatly to make maximum use of our equipment.

We know many others to whom we should like to pay similar tribute. There's Mr. Peek who now travels in the middle of the week... thus lessening weekend and holiday congestion. There's Mr. Tupper, who cheerfully accepts an upper... or whatever accommodation is available in these times when so many

cars are in use by the fighting forces. And especially, there's Mr. Rood whose "thumbs up" attitude toward occasional wartime delays and inconveniences is more important than he perhaps realizes, because such spirit is catching and cheers on those who are waging America's War of Movement.

NEW YORK CENTRAL

THE WATER LEVEL ROUTE—YOU CAN SLEEP

Invest in Victory—Buy United States War Bonds and Stamps



CANADIAN HOUSE IN UPROAR OVER REPORT ON HONGKONG

Prime Minister Calls Opponents a Mob, Defies Them to Silence Him During Turmoil of Shouting.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 27 (AP).—A tumult of shouting in which Prime Minister W. L. Mackenzie King called opposition members a mob and defied them to silence him broke out in the House of Commons today during a debate on the report of a Royal Commission concerning the participation of Canadian troops in the defense of Hongkong.

At one time both King and Conservative Leader R. B. Hanson were on their feet waving their arms and shouting, their voices drowned in a chorus of calls for order from all quarters.

In the midst of the shouting, the Prime Minister was heard to say "that is a typical Tory method, shouting people down," and "I have the right to speak on a point of order and if any mob opposite think they can oppose me on that

they are greatly mistaken." The uproar started when John Diefenbaker, Saskatchewan Conservative, called on King to make public the evidence taken by the Royal Commission. He also asked that a letter which Lieut. Col. George A. Drew, Ontario Conservative, had written to the Prime Minister criticizing the report be made public.

Howard Green, British Columbia Conservative, had sought an amendment to a motion declaring it the opinion of the House that the inquiry disclosed incompetence of a nature that demanded a comprehensive reorganization of the Defense Department. He said the report revealed that the Canadian force sent to Hongkong last Oct. 27 was only partly trained to handle the weapons it was expected to use.

WPA RUBBER PROGRAM HIKED 70,000 TONS BY NEW PROCESS

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—The War Production Board formally announced approval today of an increase in the synthetic rubber program from 800,000 to 870,000 tons a year as a result of improved engineering practices in production of butyl rubber. The expansion was disclosed by the Standard Oil Co.

(New Jersey) last week. The WPB said new techniques would increase by 70,000 tons the capacity of plants already under construction and originally designed for a capacity of 60,000 tons of butyl annually. No additional critical materials will be required for construction purposes.

The WPB asserted that the expansion was not expected to alter the anticipated production of 800 tons of butyl rubber this year and that "there is no rubber to spare for non-essential purposes."

ALLIED PATROLS CLASH WITH JAPS IN PAPUA JUNGLE

First Land Action Against New Invasion Force Occurs 25 Miles Inland From Buna.

GEN. MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS, Australia, July 27 (AP).—Junglewise Allied patrols clashed with the Japanese during the week end on the Papuan Peninsula of New Guinea in the first land action of that new invasion theater as Allied planes continued to pound enemy bases there and on other occupied islands north of Australia.

The Japanese struck back with a three-plane raid on Darwin last night, their second raid in as many nights. They bombed Townsville, Australia's "capital of the north," on the northeast coast, Saturday night in their deepest penetration yet of this country. None of the enemy attacks caused any serious damage, a communiqué said.

Gen. Douglas MacArthur's headquarters said the land skirmishing on the Papuan Peninsula, described as light, occurred at Awala, about 25 miles inland from Buna, point on the coast near where the Japanese landed last Wednesday.

Jap Patrol Attack Repulsed. The communiqué said of another clash between Allied outpost forces and the Japanese recently at Mubo near Salamaua, 150 miles north of Buna, where 60 Japanese were killed in a thwarted patrol attack on the Allied-held village. This enemy attack followed an Allied commando swoop early this month on Salamaua in which 60 other Japanese were killed.

Allied airmen, meanwhile, kept up their assaults on the Gona Mission-Buna sector, dumping their bombs against anti-aircraft and machine gun batteries, food stores and ammunition dumps. The communiqué described the destructive attacks as "continual." One Japanese fighter was downed and the Allies lost two planes in these operations.

In the week-end surge of activity, other Allied planes raided Kieta on Bougainville Island, in the Solomon group, and Buka and Soana Islands in the Buka passage north of Bougainville.

The Allied airmen also raided Lae, established Japanese base on the Northeast New Guinea coast where they scored hits on the air-drome and scouted Rabaul in New Britain where they encountered 15 Zero fighters and engaged in a furious fight, shooting down one and suffering no losses themselves.

Citation for U. S. Flyer. Capt. David C. Rawls of San Antonio, Tex., who piloted a Flying Fortress on a hazardous mission against the airport at Kendari, Dutch East Indies, June 26, was awarded the bronze oak leaf cluster today in lieu of an additional silver star. The award was presented by Lieut. Gen. George H. Brett, commander of Allied air forces in the Southwest Pacific.

Three enlisted men killed in the crash of another Flying Fortress were awarded the purple heart posthumously. They were Sergt. Glover J. Burke, Topeka, Kan.; Corp. Robert A. French, Brownwood, Tex., and Corp. Bryson C. West, Oklawaha, Fla.

Capt. Rawls made a reconnaissance flight over Kendari, a base for more than 100 enemy aircraft, but despite the extreme hazard they presented he carried out his mission, making photographs and securing valuable information which enabled Allied raiders to carry out successful bombing attacks, his citation said.

On June 30 Rawls made a reconnaissance flight over Timor and despite attacks by a large enemy force he dropped bombs and obtained photographs before turning back to his base.

Burke, French and West were killed in a crash landing after raiding Japanese concentrations at Kendari air-drome.

Allies Gathering Forces for Offensive, Premier Fraser Says. MELBOURNE, July 27 (AP).—The period of defensive warfare in the Pacific is passing and the forces are gathering for an offensive, New Zealand's Prime Minister, Peter Fraser, said today when he arrived here to discuss matters of supply and liaison.

Townsville Crowds Slow Taking Shelter; Bombs Fall in Sea. TOWNSVILLE, Australia, July 27 (AP).—Four long-range Japanese flying boats which bombed Townsville shortly before midnight Saturday found the city blacked out and the 28,000 residents under cover.

Air raid sirens sounded in plenty of time but the people at first were doubtful that the alarm was real. The insistent wailing of the sirens soon convinced them that spotters had picked up enemy planes. Civilians and soldiers crowded into shelters, backyard dugouts and slit trenches.

The city was unusually crowded for Saturday night. Several dances were in progress and the theater crowd was just moving toward home. Searchlights picked up two flying boats. The Jap planes maneuvered and sought to evade the beams. During one brief interval while out of range of the lights they dropped their bombs, which exploded in rapid succession in the harbor.

Hints to Help WARTIME HOUSEHOLDS

ELECTRICAL-WISE IDEAS FOR MAKING THE HOUSEHOLD MOST EFFICIENT IN THE NATIONAL WAR EFFORT

HOW TO STORE FOOD IN A REFRIGERATOR

Different kinds of foods require different kinds of cold to properly protect them. In a modern refrigerator you needn't worry about this for it has all been worked out for you. All you have to do is put the food in the proper places as indicated by the diagram below.

1. MILK AND BEVERAGES: Put them at the top, right beside the freezer.

2. CUSTARDS AND PUDDINGS: Will keep well in the top middle section.

3. LEFTOVERS, FOODS PRESERVED AWAY: The lower section is the best place. Also for soups, desserts, and some fruits—berries, grapes, etc.

4. ICE CUBES, FROZEN DESSERTS, FROZEN FOODS: Put them into the freezer! Frozen desserts and foods should be stored on a refrigerated shelf.

5. BUTTER: Also keeps best in the top middle section.

6. MEAT AND FISH: Right under the freezer—inside the deeper if you have one—place for these foods.

7. VEGETABLES, MOST FRUITS: These should go in your Humidifier or Crisper.

5 Points for Care of Electrical Appliances

1. Thermostats in automatic appliances keep them from overheating. Even so it is safer to disconnect the appliances when they are not in use.
2. Pulling on a cord to remove a plug often strains or breaks connections and the appliance fails to operate. Grasp the plug itself when you want to remove it.
3. Wires should never be allowed to become twisted or kinked, as any strain on them in such a condition tends to cause breakage.
4. Plugs should be firmly inserted in their receptacles, for a loose contact is apt to cause radio interference, inefficient appliance and lighting operation. Frequently dropped plugs weaken and break.
5. Electrical appliances were not made to be bathed or even sprinkled with water.

"HOME ON THE RANGE"

"Home on the range" has only one meaning to a woman who cooks with an electric range. It's the title of a song, and not a phrase used to denote how she spends her time. The new technique in cooking—even meals—has much to do with her freedom from the kitchen. Here are seven pertinent pointers followed by those women who let their electric oven cook an entire meal while they are out doing Red Cross work or other volunteer wartime service:

HONEY... Substitute for Sugar

Honey is sweeter than cane sugar. That is in a cup of honey there are about 92 ounces of sugar, and in a cup of sugar there are about 7 ounces. In replacing sugar with honey in a cake or cookie recipe, the amount of liquid should be reduced 1/5 cup for each cup of honey used. With the oven on, best results are obtained when 1/2 to 3/4 of the sugar is replaced with honey.

Warm honey measures more easily than cold. Use the cup for measuring a coating on the cap. The honey will then pour out more easily. Dip measuring spoons in liquid for or hot water to make measuring of small amounts simple.

When baking be particular about using the correct temperature. Since honey bakes easily at low temperatures. When roasting, stewing, puddings, casseroles, or cooking dried fruits add the honey toward the end of the cooking time to keep the original flavor and aroma.

Some LIGHT on LIGHTING

DID YOU KNOW that it takes three times as much light to read a newspaper with the same ease as it does a well-printed book?

DID YOU KNOW that reading with the page brightly illuminated and the rest of the room comparatively dark often causes unnecessary eyestrain and fatigue? There should be some light throughout the room. The reason for this is that each time the eyes move from light to dark places they must adapt themselves to the change in the amount of light and this tires the eye muscles.

PLANS TO SET UP NATIONAL CIO AND AFL ANNOUNCED

Decision to Launch New Labor Group Made by Independent Unions, Spokesman Says.

CHICAGO, July 27 (AP).—Plans for establishment of an international labor federation in competition with the American Federation of Labor and the Congress of Industrial Organizations were announced at a conference of independent labor unions yesterday.

Donald F. Cameron of Milwaukee, temporary secretary of the conference, said "decided to launch" a new federation, which would be organized at a national convention in Chicago Oct. 2, and 4. The initial step in financing the movement, he said, would be a registration fee of 2 cents a member.

Cameron, in a statement he said, had been approved by the conference, asserted that organization of the new federation was "decided by representatives of more than a million men and women disgusted with both the AFL and CIO." The statement added that the purpose of the proposed labor party is to give independent unions the numerical and financial strength necessary to make their rightful place in the organized labor movement, including representation on various governmental bodies, both state and national, and distribution of information and statistics on wages, hours and other condition of employment in various industries.

Cameron, who said he represented the Associated Unions of America, stated that the conference was called by Matthew Smith, national secretary of the Mechanical Educational Society of America. He said delegates to the conference represented 1,000,000 workers affiliated with independent unions. Among them, he said, were: Wisconsin Electric Power Co., the Milwaukee Gas Light Co., the Milwaukee Electric Railway & Transfer Co., Associated General Union of Carpenters and Joiners, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, National Coast Alliance of Independent Shipyard Unions of America, National Federation of Telephone Workers, Postoffice Clerks' Association, Society of Tool and Die Craftsmen, United Federation of Labor, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Western Electric Independent Labor Association, International Die Makers, Mechanical Equipment Workers' Union, Tri-State Utilities Workers' Union and the Independent Employers' Association Ampeo Max.

The Tri-State Utility Workers' Association was formed in February, 1941, as a union of approximately 3000 employees of the Union Electric system in Missouri, Illinois and Iowa. Robert A. Roessel, attorney for the group, said at the time that the group included all employees of the system except those in the operating engineers' union, an AFL unit.

The Association changed its name to Tri-State Utility Workers' Union last September during a strike threat. The union has no affiliation with the CIO or AFL. After obtaining recognition by the NLRB as a proper bargaining unit, the union won a total annual pay increase of \$75,000 for its members after two months negotiations before a special three-man board.

FIRST U. S. FIGHTER PLANE PILOTS JOIN IN FRENCH RAIDS

Continued From Page One.

Has developed on this front since April.

Nazis Take Beating. Nine of Germany's newest fighters—the vaunted Focke-Wulf 190s—were shot down during the day, and while the Americans were not credited with the destruction of any of the enemy planes, they were engaged in several hot dogfights. Only one of the Americans failed to return. When last seen he was diving on a German plane with all guns blazing, his fellow pilots reported. Two R. A. F. pilots also were missing.

Two of the Americans flying "on the deck" (lowest level) with a British and a Canadian pilot were engaged by 28 of the Focke-Wulf 190s. They fought against overwhelming odds until a formation of Canadian, American and Polish pilots in Spitfires dived into the fray from above and drove the Germans off with casualties.

The British said that the Spitfires which the Americans were using yesterday had proved their ability to meet the new German fighters on equal terms. At least 10 of the Focke-Wulf craft were reported to have been in the air at one time against the Spitfires.

The biggest previous bag of the new Focke-Wulf was four June 20.

Superior German Engines. Competent aircraft sources had reported that Focke-Wulf 190s have a new type of engine far superior to anything the British or the United States possessed.

It is not known whether a new model Spitfire was used in the encounter.

Nine of the German planes were reported shot down by a crack British squadron which has been fighting for some time with the R. A. F.

A communiqué disclosing American participation was the second issued by Maj. Gen. Carl Spaatz.

A Service for You

For recipes, balanced menu planning, or help on some tough cooking problem, phone our Home Service Department, MAIN 3222, Station 637.

Or... for up-to-the-minute ideas on meal planning, meal preparation and serving, attend the weekly Paging the Lady demonstrations, held every Tuesday afternoon at 2 p. m., in Union Electric's Kitchen, 12th and Locust Streets.

UNION ELECTRIC SYSTEM

Help HOUSEHOLDS

AS FOR MAKING
EFFICIENT IN
WAR EFFORT

NO. 1 IN A SERIES

Published by Union Electric System to help you make the most efficient use of your electric service... to help you keep your appliances in best working order, to save electricity, eliminate waste, insure vitamin-full energy-giving meals, and conserve your time and your money.

5 Points for Care of Electrical Appliances

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For safety's sake always buy cords that bear the approval of the Underwriters' Laboratories.

We'll Mail More "Hints"

IF YOU want all the information contained in this and forthcoming ads in handy reference form, drop a postcard with such a request to Room 534, Union Electric Company, St. Louis. We'll mail them to you. No obligation... of course!

A Service for You

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Had Snake in Plane



—Associated Press Wirephoto.
LIEUT. ROBERT HARRY VAUGHN of Johnson City, Tenn., was bitten by a snake which had crawled into the cockpit of his plane. Flying alone, he was able to land his plane despite the pain, take off again and return to his base in Australia.

American air commander for Europe. The first disclosed that United States Army bomber pilots had made their debut in action in this theater by participating in raids on German-occupied territory July 4.

The communiqué said the pilots flew in wing positions of the V formations. The formations attacked objectives in the area between Gravelines, St. Omer and Abbeville.

The American Eagle Squadron of the R. A. F., pacing one fighter sweep over the occupied area, successfully bombed and machine-gunned a German torpedo boat about a mile off Calais, the British Air Ministry reported.

Report on State Beer Production.

WASHINGTON, July 24 (AP).—Thirteen Missouri breweries produced 467,153 31-gallon barrels of beer during June. The Treasury Department's alcohol tax unit reported Missouri beer stocks at the end of June were 816,354 barrels after 236,968 barrels had been bottled and 206,931 barrels had been removed in barrels and kegs.

Plan Is Proposed to End Personal Tax Exemptions

Continued From Page One.

payers. Seidman said that more than 80 per cent of all families, including half of the nation's wage earners, were exempted from individual income taxes.

"I propose, for the duration," he said, "a 10 per cent war tax on every dollar of net income that is exempt under this bill because of personal exemptions or credit for dependents. This is to be conditioned upon the present normal tax remaining at 4 per cent instead of the proposed 6 per cent. I estimate that the net result would be an additional five billion dollars in revenue. In the alternative, I propose a sales tax to raise about the same amount."

Seidman said he was in favor of Federal taxation of future issues of state and municipal bonds and believed all past issues ought to be taxed at least for the duration of the war.

Monthly Collection Urged. Instead of the payroll collection tax, he proposed that individual income payments be collected in monthly installments, beginning next Oct. 1, so that the last quarter of this year's tax would be paid by December and the collection would carry forward from there.

The witness objected to retention of the present capital stock tax and expressed the opinion that a maximum levy of 15 per cent ought to be fixed on a long term capital gains, with a maximum of 30 per cent on short term gains.

He opposed proposed changes that would put all taxpayers on a calendar year basis and said provision ought to be made to permit the establishment of corporation reserves out of profits, making it deductible from taxable income. Ridiculous \$25,000 Limit.

Seidman ridiculed the idea that any appreciable taxes could be obtained by fixing a personal income ceiling of \$25,000 a year. President Roosevelt made such a suggestion to Congress.

"If all incomes over \$25,000 were completely confiscated instead of being taxed as proposed in this bill," Seidman said, "I estimate the Government would collect an additional 500 million dollars, which is less than 1 per cent of the \$3 billion dollar deficit...."

Secretary of Treasury Morgenthau said we are paying 150 million dollars a day on the war. If we confiscated all income over \$25,000 a year, we would get only enough money to pay the expenses of the Government for three days."

Truslow Hyde Jr. of Scarsdale, N. Y., representing Josephthal & Co., urged the committee to amend the bill to permit public utility companies to deduct from their taxable income the dividends paid on preferred stock.

Hyde contended such dividends should be similarly classed with interest paid on bonds. He estimated this change would cost the Government 70 million dollars in potential taxes, which he said was "a cheap price to pay" for the maintenance of public utility credit.

J. Frederick Eagle, New York attorney, and Henry Forster, a Manhattan real estate operator, advocated a revision to permit cooperative apartment owners to deduct taxes and interest payments on such property from their taxable incomes.

Pay-As-You-Go Plan.

Beardsley Ruml of R. H. Macy Co. Inc., New York City, presented to the committee a plan endorsed by several industrialists and others for a pay-as-you-go system of collecting individual income taxes.

Ruml suggested that payments now being made by taxpayers be considered as collections on 1942, instead of 1941 income. He said this, by a bookkeeping change, would make all individuals cur-

rent with their tax bills at the end of this year, without actually reducing the Government's income from this source.

Next year's income taxes would be paid in installments at the new rates of the pending bill during the course of 1943, under the plan. He said that, in effect, this would wipe out everyone's 1941 tax liability, adding that the Government would lose revenue only when the taxpayer dies, since the individual's estate then would owe no back taxes.

Ruml proposed this plan in lieu of a House-approved provision calling for a 5 per cent withholding levy on wages, dividends and interest, starting Jan. 1 and applicable to 1943 income taxes.

The Finance Committee chairman, Senator George (Dem.), Georgia, said some new form of taxation must be found if the Treasury's goal of \$8,700,000,000 in new revenue is to be reached.

Divided on Sales Tax.

A survey showed the following lineup on a sales tax:

Five members, including Senators Vandenberg (Rep.), Michigan; Taft (Rep.), Ohio; Byrd (Dem.), Virginia; Radcliffe (Dem.), Maryland, and Herring (Dem.), Iowa, advocated such a levy.

Seven members were willing to vote for it only as a "last resort"—if the Treasury insisted on obtaining the full \$8,700,000,000 and would agree to imposition of the tax. Included in this group were Democratic leader Barkley, Kentucky, and Senators George, Connally (Dem.), Texas; Smathers (Dem.), New Jersey; Brown (Dem.), Michigan; Guffey (Dem.), Pennsylvania, and Davis (Rep.), Pennsylvania.

Two members were flatly op-

posed, with Senator LaFollette (Prog.), Wisconsin, against it under any circumstances, and Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri, only slightly less emphatic in his stand. Three members, Senators Johnson (Dem.), Colorado; Gerry (Dem.), Rhode Island, and Danaher (Rep.), Connecticut, declined to commit themselves.

Four others, Senators Walsh (Dem.), Massachusetts; Bailey (Dem.), North Carolina; Capper (Rep.), Kansas, and Lodge (Rep.), Massachusetts, were not reached.

Wiley's Views.

Senator Wiley (Rep.), Wisconsin, speaking in the Senate, urged Congress to abandon the "timid, mincing steps" of the House-approved tax bill for an all-out effort to meet a prospective \$3 billion dollar war expenditure during the next 12 months.

Asserting that the measure failed to provide the necessary revenue or curb inflation, Wiley urged passage of a bill raising \$5 billion dollars and said Congress also should insist that Americans purchase 35 billion dollars in war bonds next year.

"Why not look this situation squarely in the face?" Wiley asked. "Why not quit fooling?"

He proposed that the Senate demonstrate leadership by adopting a resolution favoring a \$5 billion dollar tax bill and pledging one-third of the net income of every Senator voting for the resolution to the purchase of Government bonds.

"There has been too much talk and too little action," he asserted. "I believe that the leaders of this body can afford to set a standard for the nation." Wiley said the national income

amounted to 115 billion dollars and added: "Yet we are talking in terms of raising only 22 billion dollars by taxation—and the way we are proceeding we will not raise over a billion dollars a month out of the sale of bonds."

PUSHCART OWNER CHALLENGES DETECTIVES, IS FINED \$80

J. M. Douglas, a Negro, who refused to remove his pushcart from the center of the street in the 1400 block of Franklin avenue early yesterday and offered to fight instead, city detectives reported, was fined \$10 for obstructing traffic and \$50 for resisting arrest by Police Judge George J. Grelmer today.

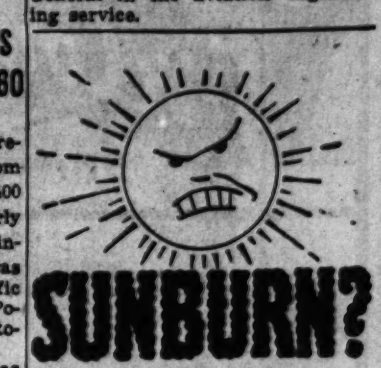
Detectives testified Douglas seized a shovel from his cart and shouted, "If you're looking for a fight, come on, I'll give it to you," when they ordered him out of the middle of the street.

At Carr Street Police Station, police learned Douglas had no selective service registration card. He told them, they said, "I burned it up." Consequently, he is being held for the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Nazis Shell English Coast.

ON THE SOUTHEAST COAST OF ENGLAND, July 27 (AP).—Long-range German guns on the French coast opened fire at midnight Saturday and shelled British coastal areas across the Dover Straits intermittently until daybreak. Residents said the shelling was not intensive and no casualties were reported.

Russian Inventor Named General. MOSCOW, July 29 (AP).—A. G. Kostikov, who is credited with invention of a secret weapon, was appointed today by the Council of Peoples' Commissars as a Major General in the aviation engineering service.



SUNBURN? Get Cool Soothing



GREASELESS RELIEVES PAIN—DOESN'T STAIN

A war job only a WOMAN can do!



HOW YOU SHOULD SAVE THEM



Save all your waste fats after you've got the good from them. Bacon grease, drippings, vegetable shortening—everything. For fats make glycerine. And glycerine makes explosives for the U.S. and our allies. Strain the fats into a clean, wide-mouthed can. Don't use paper or glass.

Take to your meat man after you've saved a pound or more. He will pay you the established price for waste fats and get them started on their way to the war factories. Your meat dealer is doing this as a public service. You can help him greatly by delivering the fats early in the week.

Save Waste Fats

to Make Explosives

SCRUGGS • VANDERVOORT • BARNEY

9th to 10th • Olive to Locust



Buy Fashions That Live, in Fabrics That Last... in

Vandervoort's August Coat Sale!

100% Wool Mopaka Sports Coats

Here are 100% wool coats styled in the classic manner, and made of quality fabrics—to give you many seasons' warmth and wear! Brown, blue or green herringbone weave coats, warmly interlined. Reeler and boys' types. 12-20.

\$21

100% Wool Zip-in Lining Coats

The zip-in lining lengthens the wearing season of these tweed classic coats. Balmacaen style. Green, tan or blue heather. 12-20. August Sale priced.

\$34

VANDERVOORT'S SPORTS SHOP—Second Floor

This advertisement has been paid for by the Glycerine and Associated Industries and approved by the Conservation Division of the WAR PRODUCTION BOARD

Famous-Barr Co's BASEMENT ECONOMY STORE

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

Starts Monday! Sale of Priscilla CURTAINS

\$2.49
Pair

They're WIDE!
100 inches
to the Pair!

Sorry, No Mail or Phone Orders Accepted

Style A... Dainty Point D'Esprit dot, 50 inches wide each side, 2 1/2 yds. long. In Egg-shell color. Deep, full ruffles.

Style B... Closely spaced cushion dots, 50 inches wide, each side, 2 1/2 yds. long. In cream or ecru. Deep, full ruffles.

Style C... Sheer quality French Marquisette, 50 inches wide each side, 2 1/2 yards long. In cream or ecru. Deep, full ruffles.



SOFA BEDS

With Built-in Bedding Box!

\$26

Close-out covers of durable cotton tapestry make it possible for us to offer this dual purpose sofa at this low price. Chromium-plated arms with wood panel tops. Open to form a large bed with durable innerspring construction. Blue or wine.

\$9.95 REFLECTOR LAMPS
Finished in ivory and gold-tone or bronze plate. 6-way adjustable light. Indirect lighting and 3 candle lights. Celanese® rayon shade.

\$7.75

TABLE LAMPS \$1.69 Ea.
22x24-in. Steel \$1.99 Ea.



SHIRTS SHORTS

Men's, Young Men's "Fruit-of-the-Loom," Others

39¢
4 for \$1.50

Well tailored, fully cut shorts in tubfast quality broadcloths. Gripper or button-yoke fronts. Novelty stripes, all colorfast. Made with elastic inserts at sides. Shirts are popular athletic style of combed cotton. Ribbed knitted. Made with large armholes.

Sorry, No Mail or Phone Orders Accepted

WHITE SHIRTS

For Men and Young Men!
Irregulars \$1.65-\$1.95 Grades!



\$1.19

- Sanforized* Shrink!
- Non-Wilt, Regular Soft Collars!
- Pleated Sleeves and Backs!
- 4-Hole Ocean Pearl Buttons!

Always right... white dress shirts of lustrous white broadcloth. From a noted maker whose rigid inspections gives you these slight irregular shirts at this low price. Sizes 14 to 17.

Sorry, No Mail or Phone Orders Accepted

Sports Lane's Smart
La Conga Basque Shirt
\$1

Red Striped Blue Striped Brown Striped

Soft like cotton in diagonal stripes... La Conga saddle shoulders, 2 pockets. Small, medium and large sizes.

Sorry, No Mail or Phone Orders Accepted



TABLE RADIOS
\$14.77

Price includes applicable Federal Tax.

August Rug Smash!

TUESDAY ONLY! SAVE 20% TO 50% AND MORE
BROADLOOM RUGS
ALEXANDER SMITH, MOHAWK, BEATTIE, ARTLOOM, OTHER FAMED MAKES!
Current, Discontinued Patterns, Seconds and Mill End Remnants in Group!

No Mail or Phone Orders Accepted—All Subject to Prior Sale

Quan.	Size	Description	Quality	Grade	Rate
2	9x12	Alex. Smith Edgewick Plains	Second		\$24.95 \$ 15
1	9x9	Reversible Chenille Broadlooms	Second		\$23.00 \$ 15
1	5x20	Beattie Tan Fig. Leaf Axmin.	Second		\$18.95 \$ 15
2	8x9	Beattie Axminsters	Current		\$23.10 \$ 15
1	5x9	Masland Blue Leaf Broadloom	Current		\$24.00 \$ 15
3	9x12	Deller Heavy Fibre Rugs	Discon.		\$19.95 \$ 15
3	4x8	Alex. Smith Heavy Samples	Current		\$19.95 \$ 15
3	9x12	Alex. Smith Plain Broadlooms	Second		\$18.95 \$ 15
3	9x15	Alex. Smith Fig. Broadlooms	Second		\$19.95 \$ 15
2	9x12	Alex. Smith Fig. Axminsters	Second		\$39.50 \$ 28
1	9x9	Alex. Smith Fig. Axminster	Second		\$38.95 \$ 28
2	9x12	Mohawk Green Leaf Fig. Axm.	Discon.		\$37.50 \$ 28
2	9x10.8	Fifth Figured Axminsters	Second		\$35.00 \$ 28
2	9x7.8	Alex. Smith Fig. Broadlooms	Discon.		\$35.00 \$ 28
2	9x12	Mohawk Red Leaf Fig. Axmin.	Discon.		\$37.50 \$ 28
1	11x14.8	Mohawk Fig. Wilton, Seamed	Used		\$114.00 \$ 28
1	9x9	Magee Very Heavy Velvet	Current		\$39.50 \$ 28
3	9x12	Beattie Fig. Axminsters	Second		\$47.50 \$ 38
2	12x10	Beattie Fig. Axminsters	Discon.		\$51.00 \$ 38
3	9x12	Masland Figured Velvets	Second		\$47.50 \$ 38
1	9x12	Alex. Smith Fig. Velvet	Solied		\$44.00 \$ 38
6	9x12	Magee Plain Velvets	Current		\$47.50 \$ 38
8	9x12	Alex. Smith Fig. Broadlooms	Second		\$49.50 \$ 38
1	9x10	Mohawk Figured Wilton	Used		\$114.00 \$ 38
3	9x12	Alex. Smith Fig. Axminsters	Second		\$47.50 \$ 38
1	9x12	Alex. Smith Blue 18th Cent.	Solied		\$58.50 \$ 38
2	9x12	Bigelow Sanford Fig. Axm.	Second		\$64.00 \$ 48
2	9x12	Alex. Smith Fig. Broadlooms	Second		\$66.50 \$ 48
1	9x12	Beattie Wine Twist Broadloom	Second		\$68.00 \$ 48
1	9x10.8	Mohawk Heavy Plain Brown	Second		\$68.00 \$ 48
1	9x11.4	Mohawk Heavy Fig. Axmin.	Second		\$77.00 \$ 48
1	9x11.3	Beattie Heavy Green Twist	Second		\$88.00 \$ 48
1	12x13.11	Alex. Smith Fig. Brown Axmin.	Second		\$74.00 \$ 48
1	9x16.8	Alex. Smith 2-Tone Leaf	Second		\$62.50 \$ 48
1	12x10.8	Beattie Red Twist Broadloom	Discon.		\$98.50 \$ 58
1	9x12	Beattie Fig. Twist Broadloom	Discon.		\$79.50 \$ 58
1	12x13.8	Alex. Smith Blue 2-Tone	Discon.		\$77.50 \$ 58
1	9x12	Alex. Smith Heavy Axminsters	Discon.		\$75.50 \$ 58
1	12x10	Beattie Plain Green Twist	Discon.		\$91.00 \$ 58
1	12x12	Artloom Jacquard Two-Tone	Second		\$84.00 \$ 58
1	12x17.8	Mohawk Twist	Solied		\$100.00 \$ 58
2	9x12	Masland Pastel Twists	Second		\$72.50 \$ 58
1	9x17	Bigelow Sanford Blue	Second		\$126.00 \$ 84
1	12x28.7	Artloom Woodlana Jacquard	Second		\$190.00 \$ 120
1	9x14	Mohawk Heavy Twist	Discon.		\$121.00 \$ 75
4	11x12	Artloom Heavy Leaf	Discon.		\$90.00 \$ 80
1	9x23	Alex. Smith Fig. Axminster	Second		\$108.00 \$ 80
1	12x19.10	Alex. Smith 18th Century	Second		\$103.00 \$ 74
2	12x15	Extra Heavy Fig. Axminster	Second		\$140.00 \$ 110
4	9x14	Mohawk Heaviest Twist	Discon.		\$118.00 \$ 58
2	9x13.3	Mohawk Heaviest Twists	Discon.		\$116.00 \$ 58
1	9x12	Beattie Plain Brown Broadloom	Solied		\$210.50 \$ 58
3	9x14	Alex. Smith Heavy Twists	Second		\$79.50 \$ 58
1	12x10.8	Artloom Heavy 2-Tone Leaf	Discon.		\$84.00 \$ 58
2	9x12	Artloom Heavy Jacquards	Second		\$74.00 \$ 58
1	9x12	Bigelow Sanford Heavy Axmin.	Second		\$78.50 \$ 58
2	9x12	Artloom Heavy Twist	Second		\$75.00 \$ 58
3	12x12	Beattie Heavy Leaf	Second		\$118.00 \$ 78
1	9x13	Plain Rose	Second		\$140.00 \$ 70
2	9x15	Mohawk Heavy Twist	Discon.		\$112.00 \$ 75
1	11x13	Masland Wilton Brown	Second		\$108.00 \$ 82
1	12x11.3	Alex. Smith Heavy Leaf	Current		\$77.00 \$ 82
1	12x11.3	Alex. Smith Blue Leaf	Current		\$77.00 \$ 82
1	12x10	Alex. Smith Fig. Axminster	Second		\$98.00 \$ 78

REYNOLDS SAYS PENSION PROPOSAL WOULD BE RUINOUS

Senator Asserts it Would Wreck Schools, Interfere With Social Security Setup.

By the Jefferson City Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.
JEFFERSON CITY, July 27.—The proposed constitutional amendment to set aside 29 million dollars of State funds annually for old-age pensions and aid to dependent children, if adopted, would wreck the public school system, cripple other governmental activities and "lead to confusion, litigation and serious interference with the proper administration of old-age assistance," in the opinion of State Senator Alvin McReynolds of Carthage, a leader and authority on social security legislation in Missouri.

The proposal, which is to be submitted to voters of the State in the November general election, was analyzed by McReynolds yesterday in a radio speech at Joplin. McReynolds, a Democrat and a candidate for renomination, was chairman of a state commission which made a survey leading to enactment of social security laws in Missouri.

Plan "Carelessly Drawn." McReynolds said the Lee amendment, which will be placed on the ballot through initiative petitions, "is carelessly drawn and uncertain of meaning" and would result in confusion. He pointed out that the amendment, if adopted, apparently would bar the State from obtaining future Federal grants matching the State payments of old-age pensions and aid to dependent children, because residence requirements written into the amendment for pensioners conflict with the Federal law governing grants to states.

"As framed," McReynolds said, the Federal fund would be available, because the requirement of one year's residence for recipients of the amendment does not comply with the Federal statute which requires the qualification as five years' residence during the last five years. This failure to observe the requirements of the Federal law will prevent Missouri from receiving any Federal funds."

He said "the alleged amendment" took the form of an appropriation act, although labeled a constitutional amendment. "Under the holdings of the Supreme Court of Missouri, such an amendment is invalid," he asserted. Another flaw, McReynolds said, was failure to specify in the proposed amendment what part of the 29 million dollars would be devoted to old-age pensions and what part to aid to dependent children.

Cost of Amendment. The amendment, if it did what was claimed by proponents, McReynolds said, would have the effect of appropriating 80 per cent of State revenue for old-age pensions and aid to dependent children. The effect of the proposal, he continued, would be as follows: It would wreck the public school system, closing one-third to one-half the rural schools and reducing the terms of others from three to five months, seriously affecting more than 725,000 school children. It would take away direct relief granted by the State Social Security Commission.

Through lack of State funds, it would cripple the administration of the State hospitals, interfere with operation of the courts and cripple and interfere with every activity of State government, save and except old-age assistance and aid to dependent children.

PERSONALLY, I do not believe the people of this State desire any such situation as I have outlined," McReynolds asserted.

He said it was not likely that Missouri would be adversely affected by the proposed amendment would accept without testing its legality in the courts.

FATHER DIVINE TAKES OVER 11-STORY HOTEL IN JERSEY

at Dedication of Brigantine Building as "Banquet Hall and Chapel."

BRIGANTINE, N. J., July 27 (AP).—The 11-floor million dollar Brigantine Hotel, pride of this island municipality, was dedicated yesterday as a "Holy Communion Banquet Hall and Chapel" for Father Divine, Negro cultist, and his "sisters."

The exercises, lasting from 10 a. m. until 10 p. m., attracted a crowd estimated at 5000, about a half of them white. They came by train, bus, taxi, private automobile and truck.

Father Divine announced the hotel would be open to the public for \$2 a week a person, with meals for 12 and 15 cents.

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Remove painful calluses, burn out on bottom of feet, remove calluses—get these shoes, nothing, cushioning pads.

Scholls Zino pads

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Pleated Sleeves and Backs!

Hole Ocean Pearl Buttons!

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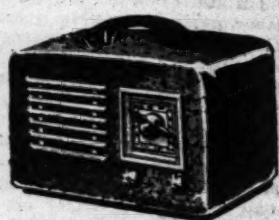


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heterodynes, 4 tubes plus rectifier,
Built-in aerial.

Basement Economy Store

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RUGS

OTHER FAMED MAKES!
Will End Remnants in Group!

Description	Quality	Grade	Size
Heavy Fig. Samples	Discon.	\$18.95	\$15
Embroidered	Current	\$37.50	\$15
Heavy Wilton Samples	Discon.	\$18.95	\$15
Heavy Rose Axminster	Current	\$37.50	\$15
Heavy Axminster	Second	\$31.70	\$15
Smith Axminster	Current	\$37.50	\$15
Heavy Fig. Axminster	Discon.	\$31.70	\$15
Heavy Fig. Axminster	Discon.	\$22.00	\$15
Heavy Fig. Axminster	Discon.	\$21.00	\$15

Description	Quality	Grade	Size
Axminsters	Second	\$37.50	\$28
Green Velvet	Used	\$58.00	\$28
Smith Chinese Pat. Axm.	Second	\$39.50	\$28
Smith Fig. Pat. Axmin.	Second	\$35.00	\$28
Smith Figured Velvets	Discon.	\$37.00	\$28
Smith Fig. Broadloom	Second	\$39.50	\$28
Heavy Twist Cedar	Current	\$49.35	\$28

Description	Quality	Grade	Size
Smith Heavy Fig. Axmin.	Second	\$47.50	\$38
Plain Broadloom	Discon.	\$48.00	\$38
Smith Fig. Broadlooms	Second	\$51.50	\$38
Twist	Second	\$78.00	\$38
Heavy Twist	Discon.	\$78.00	\$38
Smith Fig. Broadloom	Second	\$47.50	\$38
Fig. Velvet	Second	\$47.50	\$38
Blue Leaf	Sample	\$58.00	\$38
Fig. Axminster	Second	\$49.50	\$38

Description	Quality	Grade	Size
Smith Fig. Axminsters	Second	\$44.00	\$48
Heaviest Green Twist	Discon.	\$98.00	\$48
Figured Axminster	Second	\$65.10	\$48
Smith Fig. Leaf Axmin.	Second	\$68.50	\$48
Twist Broadloom	Second	\$81.00	\$48
Smith Fig. Axminsters	Discon.	\$58.75	\$48
Fig. Axminsters	Second	\$58.50	\$48
Smith Axminster Pastel	Discon.	\$65.00	\$48

Description	Quality	Grade	Size
Heaviest Twist	Discon.	\$118.00	\$58
Heaviest Twists	Discon.	\$118.00	\$58
Plain Brown Broadloom	Sold	\$210.00	\$58
Smith Heavy Twists	Discon.	\$78.50	\$58
Heavy 2-Tone Leaf	Discon.	\$94.00	\$58
Heavy Jacquards	Second	\$74.00	\$58
Sanford Heavy Axmin.	Second	\$78.50	\$58
Heavy Twist	Second	\$75.00	\$58

Description	Quality	Grade	Size
Heavy Leaf	Second	\$118.00	\$78
Heavy Twist	Discon.	\$112.00	\$75
Wilton Brown	Second	\$108.00	\$82
Smith Rose Leaf	Current	\$77.00	\$82
Smith Blue Leaf	Current	\$77.00	\$82
Smith Fig. Axminster	Second	\$98.00	\$79

Basement Economy Store

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The proposal, which is to be submitted to voters of the State in the November general election, was attacked by McReynolds yesterday in a radio speech at Joplin. McReynolds, a Democrat and a candidate for re-nomination, was chairman of a state commission which made a survey leading to enactment of social security laws in Missouri.

The constitutional amendment, described by its opponents as a "carelessly drawn" bill, is sponsored by Floyd P. Lee of St. Joseph, a former Ku Klux Klan leader, and his Missouri Pension Society.

McReynolds said the Lee amendment, which will be placed on the ballot through initiative petitions, is carelessly drawn and uncertain of meaning and would result in confusion. He pointed out that the amendment, if adopted, apparently would bar the State from obtaining future Federal grants matching the State payments of old-age pensions and aid to dependent children, because residence requirements written into the amendment for pensioners conflict with the Federal law governing grants to states.

"As framed," McReynolds said, the Federal fund would be available, because the requirement of five years' residence for recipients of the amendment does not comply with the Federal statute which requires the qualification as five years' residence during the last five years. This failure to observe the requirements of the Federal law will prevent Missouri from receiving any Federal funds."

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Cost of Amendment.
The amendment, if it did what was claimed by proponents, McReynolds said, would have the effect of appropriating 60 per cent of State revenue for old-age pensions and aid to dependent children. The effect of the proposal, he continued, would be as follows: "It would wreck the public school system, closing one-third to one-half the rural schools and reducing the terms of others from three months, seriously affecting more than 725,000 school children. It would take away direct relief granted by the State Social Security Commission."

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At Dedication of Brigantine Building as "Banquet Hall and Chapel."

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Dr. Scholl's Zino pads

Reds Battle Reinforced Nazis South of Don

Continued From Page One.

were battering their way through the outer streets of Rostov, which the Russians were defending house by house, Russian dispatches said.

The Red Army was reported also to be fighting grimly at Novocherkassk, 20 miles northeast of Rostov, and there was no confirmation in Russian reports of the Nazi claim to have captured that city.

German losses in the fighting to establish and hold their bridgeheads, with Soviet artillery and planes blasting scores of Nazi tanks into the river. Russians and Germans grappled hand-to-hand on the southern bank of the Don as large units clashed amid smoke and flames and bursting bombs at the water's edge.

All along the 120-mile stretch of the Don from Rostov to Tsimlyansk the fighting raged. Soviet artillerymen sent tons of shells screaming across the river into German positions on the north bank. It was not known whether the Russian army of the Caucasus had yet been thrown into the battle, but the din of battle was approaching the oil riches it guards.

"Our men have pinned down numerically superior enemy forces and are preventing them from advancing," the midday Soviet communiqué said.

Thirty German tanks have been put out of action in one sector alone, the communiqué asserted. The tank battle is continuing as the Germans seek to cross the Don simultaneously in several places.

Planes Hammer Nazi Troops.
The Russian air force, using some bombers and fighters newly arrived from the United States, pounded the moving columns of German men and guns by daylight and under the nearly full moon by night.

The whole steppe land was scorched with flames. Bombs burst over great areas of grassy slopes and the plains waist-high with grain.

The Russians also were throwing British and American tanks into the bloody struggle to halt the German push.

Soviet scout planes reported that the Germans were concentrating new squadrons of fighters in the southern Don sector.

At least two squadrons of American Alcaobras were reported in action 300 miles to the north of Rostov at Voronezh, supporting the Russian attacks there.

Air Blows in Stalingrad Area.
Red Star, Army newspaper, reported that Soviet planes had struck German reinforcements in the Stalingrad area while they were off balance, inflicting great damage.

There were reports of a great tank battle in the eastern bend of the sector with 400 tanks engaged. But less alarm was shown for the position of Stalingrad, on the Volga, than for the front between Rostov and Tsimlyansk.

The Stalingrad-Tikhoretsk railway, last rail link with the Caucasus, undoubtedly has undergone heavy bombing. There are, however, no reports suggesting that German land forces had reached this line, which runs south of the Don 35 miles from Tsimlyansk.

Along the rail line where it comes nearest to the Don River are three typical Cossack villages. They are Kotelnikovo, 100 miles southwest of Stalingrad and 20 miles south of the Don; Sal on the River Sal, 20 miles southeast of Kotelnikovo; and Zimovniki, 20 miles farther southwest along the line and about 160 miles northeast of Stalingrad.

German reinforcements were being brought up in the Voronezh sector, the Russians said. The Seventy-first and 348th German Infantry Divisions, which already have been thrown into the battle, arrived only recently from France and The Netherlands, the Reds said.

On the Bryansk front, southwest of Moscow, the Russians reported a new surge of activity and claimed the capture of a height "of considerable importance" and the routing of the Tenth German Mechanized Regiment. Twenty German tanks were reported disabled and 1250 Germans killed. The rest of the regiment, about 300 men, were taken prisoner, it was announced.

A large Red air force bombed Koenigsberg in German East Prussia, Saturday night. Tass news agency reported a Nazi war plant there was blown up and five large fires set. All the Soviet airmen returned to their bases, Tass said.

Don Drive Menaces Soviet Food Supply
LONDON, July 27 (AP).—British military and political circles were gravely concerned today over the course of the Russian fighting and described the current battle as "the most important yet fought," both from a military and an economic point of view. These sources described the German assaults in the Tsimlyansk region as the "crucial battle" for Southern Russia.

They said the danger that there would not be enough food saved for the Russian people had increased



Associated Press Wirephoto.
Germans threw reinforcements into their campaign in Southern Russia today. Black arrowheads mark German drive in the Don River area (1), one of which has given them footholds on the south bank of the river near Tsimlyansk. White arrowheads indicate Russian attacks in the Voronezh region (2) to the north. Germans claimed capture of Bataisk (A), south of Rostov in the direction of the Stalingrad-Tikhoretsk railway. Shaded area is under German control.

of Tikhoretsk, junction with the main Caucasus Railway.

Fighting Around Voronezh.
On the upper Don, the Soviet counterattacks around Voronezh increased in fury and a communiqué reported that "all Fascist attempts to regain important positions were unsuccessful. The Hitlerites are sustaining heavy losses."

Red Army forces had succeeded in crossing to the west bank of the river north of the city and dispatched said that ground had been gained to the west at other points. South of Voronezh another big battle was developing, one dispatch said.

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CHINESE TROOPS
FIGHT WAY INTO
RAILROAD TOWN

Break Into Yingtan, Re-
capture Number of
Places in Chekiang-Ki-
angsi Border Area.

CHUNGKING, July 27 (AP).—The Chinese high command, reporting widespread attacks on Japanese positions in Chekiang Province, said yesterday that Chinese soldiers had broken into Yingtan and had recaptured a number of points in the Chekiang-Kiangsi border region.

Yingtan, 75 miles southeast of Japanese-occupied Nanchang, was the western terminus of the stretch of the Chekiang-Kiangsi railway operated by the Chinese before the Japanese began their drive which completed their conquest of the route.

The high command said the Chinese had recaptured Tengkuashan, Tushan and other communities in the border zone.

The Chinese said the Chinese forces attacked Yingtan Friday and by noon broke into the town, where many Japanese soldiers were killed. Fighting continued as enemy reinforcements arrived, and by nightfall shifted to Taipaoshan.

Then the Chinese stormed Kweiki. The communiqué said heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy and large fires broke out inside Kweiki, where the enemy had showed signs of collapsing under pressure of continued Chinese attacks.

Chungking underwent its first air raid alarm in 11 months today but United States planes took off to intercept the foe and no Japanese airmen reached the city. It was not known, however, whether the Americans and Japanese actually clashed.

R. A. F. Bombs Japanese Base on Chindwin River in Burma. NEW DELHI, India, July 27 (AP).—The enemy base at Kalewa

on the Chindwin River in Burma was bombed by the R. A. F. on July 26, the British air communiqué said yesterday, but weather conditions prevented observation of the results. Anti-aircraft fire was encountered over the target. Friday British planes bombed and machine gunned objectives at Singaung on the Chindwin River.

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Member Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corporation
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Operated by May Dept. Stores Co.

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SLACK SUITS \$4.99

Get Yours Tuesday, Sure! Washable spun rayon poplin and rayon sharkskin Celanese! Tan, mid-brown, teal blue, gray green... sizes 28 to 42. Matching and contrasting combinations... short and long sleeves. Order by your waist size, please.

BARRTON HALL \$10.95 SLACK
SUITS \$6.99

\$10.95 and \$12.95 Slack Suits — \$8.99
\$13.95 to \$15.00 Slack Suits — \$10.99

Exclusive with Famous-Barr Co.! Quality fabrics... all with long sleeves! Matching or contrasting ensembles... 30 to 44 waists! See these Tuesday without fail!

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Sportswear Shop—Second Floor



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TWO FAVORITES FROM ST. LOUIS' LARGEST SELECTION OF FABRICS
PLAIN RAYON CREPE ROMANCE

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Gay new prints for Fall dresses, blouses and children's wear. Easy to tailor, just as smart for dressy fashions. On new dark grounds. 39 inches wide.

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SUBMARINE SINKS 30-TON CANADIAN FISHING SCHOONER

**Tiniest Ship Yet At-
tacked Sent Down by
Shelling—Crew of 11
Reaches Port.**

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—The tiniest ship yet to be sunk by an Axis submarine, a 30-ton Canadian fishing schooner, was disclosed last night as the 39th Allied or neutral war victim in the Western Atlantic as tabulated unofficially by the Associated Press.

The crew of 11, all of whom survived the attack and rowed 100 miles to an Eastern Canadian port, reported that the schooner, the Lucille M. of Lockport, N. S., had been shelled and peppered with machine gun fire by a submarine off the Nova Scotia coast. Three of the crew were injured.

The schooner was the first Canadian fishing vessel lost by enemy action.

Two Ships Sunk Off Seattle by Submarine, Tokyo Says.

TOKYO (From Japanese broadcast), July 27 (AP).—Imperial headquarters said today that Japanese submarines had sunk eight enemy ships totaling 71,000 tons between June 8 and July 16.

One 6,000-ton vessel was sunk off Seattle June 8 and another of 7,000 tons in the same area June 20, a communiqué said. (The loss of one Allied ship off Washington station June 7 was reported by Senator Bond (Dem.), Washington, June 9.)

Five others were reported sunk in Australian waters, including one of 20,000 tons, and a 6,000-ton vessel was said to have been sunk not far from Dutch Harbor in the Aleutian Islands on July 16.

**BRITISH ATTACK
ON NORTH SECTOR
OF DESERT FRONT**

Continued From Page One.

ish tanks and captured 1400 prisoners since July 22.

Tobruk Bombed.

A heavy force of British bombers blasted the Axis supply port of Tobruk, Libya, last night, starting fires and explosions and scoring a direct hit on a ship, British headquarters announced.

The attack was the second in two nights, following a heavy assault Saturday in which United States heavy bombers took a prominent part.

American airmen reported a big area of Tobruk lit up by blazing gasoline after the Saturday night raid. They called this their most successful operation of the African campaign although thick layers of cloud often prevented them from seeing the target.

Pipe Line Set Afire.

Lieut. Ernest Duckworth of Providence, R. I., bombardier and navigator of one of the American planes, said he dropped a string of nine heavy bombs which touched off fires along a pipe-line carrying fuel from tankers to fuel dumps.

Aircraft which followed dropped bomb after bomb into the area by the light of the flaming gasoline.

Duckworth said new sheets of flame leaped up in great flashes through the clouds of smoke. The last of the bombs did not leave the target area until two hours later. The fires still burned.

American airmen did not participate in last night's Tobruk raid.

First Lieut. Mark T. Mooty of Winterhaven, Fla., was pilot of the plane on which Duckworth was bombardier.

The pilots said the fire was the greatest they had ever seen in a gasoline dump at the port and the R. A. F. news service said it blazed all night.

Axis Barges Attacked.

Long range fighters of the R. A. F. meanwhile attacked Axis barges off Sidi Barrani, enemy supply port in Egypt.

The British reported no plane losses in their attacks on enemy supply ports, but said that one German plane had been shot down last night near Alexandria.

In addition to the raid on Tobruk, United States bombers participated in an attack Saturday night on airdromes at Candia and Tympakion in Crete, starting fires and setting off explosions.

United States bombers shot down an Italian Macchi fighter in their raid over Benghazi three days ago, it was said.

**U. S. FLYERS TELL
OF NIGHT'S WORK**

By WESTON HAYES
WITH A UNITED STATES
BOMBER GROUP SOMEWHERE
IN EGYPT, July 26 (Delayed)
(AP).—Early today the first of a force of American bombers returned to this base to report highly successful raids over enemy territory last night. (United States heavy bombers took part in a raid Saturday night on Tobruk.)

SINKING OF 9 U. S. SHIPS, 6 OTHERS IN ATLANTIC, ANNOUNCED LAST WEEK

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—The destruction of 15 merchant vessels by Axis submarines in the Western Atlantic—disclosed in announcements last week—raised to 398 the Associated Press unofficial score of Allied and neutral sinkings in that area since America's entry into the war.

The deaths of 108 seamen were disclosed, but 548 passengers and crewmen were rescued. Sixty-one others were reported missing.

Reported sinkings since July 19 included nine United States ships, two British, one Panamanian, one Swedish, one Portuguese and one Norwegian.

The tabulation:

	Week Since
Off the U. S. —	8 162
Off Canada —	1 40
In the Caribbean —	5 137
In the Gulf of Mexico —	1 36
Off South America —	0 23
	15 398

ers returning later were able to report what earlier planes had accomplished.

"Man, oh man," exclaimed the rear gunner of the fourth plane to rumble to a stop, "just what I always wanted to see! Must have been a munitions dump, or gasoline. Oh, boy, what an explosion!"

There was no swagging or wild elation. But it was obvious, as every scrap of information supplied by pilots, gunners and bombardiers was being recorded, that everyone was satisfied with the night's work.

Reports finished, the thoughts of the 70 men turned to coffee, and gallons were consumed, with egg and beef sandwiches.

There was no hint of overstrained nerves. After the night's adventures had been thoroughly discussed, conversation switched to amusements, cigarettes and food, and then everyone turned in.

**AXIS PRISONERS
POOR SPECIMENS**

By RICHARD MOWRE
The Chicago Daily News-Post-Dispatch
Special Cable Copyright, 1942

ALEXANDRIA, July 27.—Although British territorial gains in recent desert fighting have been unsensational, German and Italian prisoners are being taken daily.

An interesting fact in connection with this is that the type of soldiers captured are the lowest grade physically yet encountered in the Middle East. The Germans recently have sent some 17-year-old boys into the fighting.

Of the Germans the New Zealanders took the other day many were small, lightweight physically and not particularly robust. Some of them were foundry and factory workers until they were injected into the army a few months ago.

These days more Germans than Italians are being taken prisoner. It used to be the other way around. But it is German troops who are mostly forward at present and Italians usually a bit farther back.

The Italians whom the Indians captured the other day were described to me as "the worst we (the Indians) have seen—the worst in physique, the worst in equipment, the worst in morale—probably the sweepings of Naples."

This should not be taken to mean that the Axis army in Egypt is on the verge of collapse. That the Axis army is strong has been indicated by its stubborn resistance to British attacks.

**British Attack on South Sector
Repulsed, Italians Say.**

ROME (From Italian broadcast), July 27 (AP).—The Italian high command reported today that Axis forces had repulsed a new British attack on the southern sector of the El Alamein front and had captured a number of prisoners.

Axis warplanes were said to be taking a more active part in the fighting, hammering at British positions and communications.

The Italians acknowledged that British planes caused some damage and casualties at Tobruk. One of the raiders was reported downed by anti-aircraft fire.

Two British fighters were shot down by German fighters during an attack on Malta, the high command said.

ADVERTISEMENT

BEAT THE HEAT

After bathing is a good time to apply Mexican Heat Powder to relieve heat rash, and help prevent it. Absorbs perspiration, often the cause of irritation. Always demand Mexican Heat Powder.

ADVERTISEMENT

SUNBURN This Real Pain of Summer

Remember Sunburn is a real burn and should be treated as such. For quick relief apply OIL-O-SOL. It soothes, cools and comforts. Used by thousands. This effective inhibitory antiseptic is also valuable in treating mosquito, chigger and other non-venomous insect bites and minor injuries—cuts, scratches. Pleasant to use. Combats infection—helps relieve pain. Only 5c at your druggist. Must satisfy you or your money back. Get **MOORE'S OIL-O-SOL** today.

ADVERTISEMENT

More Comfort Wearing FALSE TEETH

Here is a pleasant way to overcome loose plate discomfort. **FASTEETH**, an improved powder, applied on upper and lower plates holds them firmly so that they feel more comfortable. No gummy, pasty taste or feeling. It's old-time (non-acid). Does not sour. Checks "plate odor" (dentine breath). Get **FASTEETH** today at any drug store.

MAN WOUNDED AFTER HE MAKES THREATS IN TAVERN

Deputy Shoots Him In Leg After He Fires Shotgun When Officers Appear.

Arthel Washington, Negro, who walked into a tavern at Carson road and Bangart avenue in South Kinloch last night, carrying a shotgun and threatening to kill some one, was wounded a few minutes later in a fight with two Negro Deputy Sheriffs who entered the place to arrest him.

Washington, who lives at 128 McArthur avenue, Kinloch, is in St. Louis County Hospital with a laceration in his right leg. He was shot by Deputy Sheriff Rufus Hopkins, who with Deputy Sheriff Joseph Brown was summoned to the tavern by a spectator.

Washington fired at the two officers as they entered, and a pellet wounded slightly Mrs. Ruth Swalesy, Negro, 42 Booker avenue, who was passing the tavern. Washington was struck by a revolver bullet as he was running out of the rear door. He was found unconscious nearby.

Nash Reaches London by Air. LONDON, July 27 (AP).—Walter Nash, New Zealand Minister to the United States, arrived in London yesterday, having crossed the Atlantic in a flying boat.

DETROIT SOLDIER INSISTS DOG FOUND HERE IS HIS

Wife Wrote That Pet Was Missing, So He Kept on Looking for Fox Terrier.

Pvt. George R. Besonen of Detroit is telling a story around Jefferson Barracks that's considered rather unbelievable even for the Air Forces, but he insists it is true and offers as evidence his three-year-old dog, "Teddy," of more-or-less fox terrier ancestry.

Pvt. Besonen received a letter from his wife not long ago in which she informed him that Teddy was missing from their home in Detroit. "Maybe he's on his way

ST. LOUIS, she wrote. Riding on a street car in St. Louis recently, Pvt. Besonen saw a dog on the sidewalk that looked remarkably like Teddy. Alighting, he found it was his dog, identified beyond question, he says, by two old scars.

Teddy, renamed "J. B.," is now mascot of Group 4 of the school squadron, at the Air Forces Replacement Training Center, and what's more has been made an acting Corporal by Capt. J. R. Flynn.

**SOLDIER STABBED, SERIOUSLY
HURT BY CIVILIAN ON STREET**

Pvt. Lowell B. Baker, a soldier stationed at Fort Leonard Wood, is in serious condition at Jefferson

Barracks' post hospital with a wound in the abdomen suffered early yesterday when he was stabbed by Theodore J. Streiber, 5310 Lindenwood avenue, in the 1600 block of South Jefferson avenue.

The soldier told police he was in a restaurant when his brother, Glenn Baker, 2017A South Jefferson, entered and said that Streiber, whom they knew, was outside "trying to make trouble." The Bakers said that when they left

to go home Streiber accosted them, drew a knife and struck Lowell without provocation.

Streiber, a utility man, related police that he had stabbed Baker but could not explain the action. He said he had been drinking. Police will seek a warrant charging him with assault with intent to kill.

YOU CAN'T BUY ASPIRIN

that can do more for you than St. Joseph Aspirin. Why pay more? World's largest seller at 10c. Demand St. Joseph Aspirin.



KOSTO
SWELL! THAT'S THE
DESSERT FOR ME
MADE WITH MILK

A CARLOAD'S WORTH OF

Value Scoop!

PERIOD TYPE FRAMED PLATE GLASS MIRRORS

10 UNUSUAL STYLES WITH RICHLIY ORNAMENTED FRAMES

An event that's worth coming from miles away to attend! We purchased a quality manufacturer's surplus stock to get this sensationally low price! Not only two or three styles... but 10 gorgeous, larger size, exceptionally styled mirrors that will enrich any room. They're magnificent... of sparkling, clear plate glass silvered with utmost care! All have beautiful gold tone frames intricately designed, with hand-laid ornaments. Uprights, oblongs, ovals, circles... for over mantel, buffet, divan or console table!

STARTING TUESDAY!

These Will Go In a Hurry!
Be Here First Thing!

\$9.99
EACH

French
34 1/2 x 38 1/2 Overall

French
34 x 36 1/2 Overall

Chippendale
30 x 43 1/2 Overall

Colonial
27 1/2 x 33 Overall

Hopplewhite
35 1/2 x 36 Overall

French
31 x 41 1/2 Overall

Chippendale
35 x 40 1/2 Overall

French Colonial
31 1/2 x 39 1/2 Overall

Colonial
32 1/2 x 32 1/2 Overall

FEATURES OF OUR AUGUST SALE OF CHINA AND GLASSWARE!

22-K. DINNERWARE AND GLASS ENSEMBLES

\$18.98

119 PIECES! \$22.98 VALUE!

Already a highlight of this busy Sale! Fine American Dinnerware in a complete service for 12. Very attractive 22-karat gold lace border with colorful floral center design. Included are 12 each goblets and sherbets with two 22-karat gold bands! These are services you will be proud to use!

75-Pc. Pope-Gosser Dinner Ensembles, with 8 goblets, \$13.98
\$12.98 Gold-Decorated Ensembles for 12 and 12 goblets, \$10
\$1 Crystal Glass Baskets, 12x11-in., Early Amer. design, \$8.98

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co. Store Hours: 9 to 5

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

BONE CHINA & SEMI-PORCELAIN

STARTER SETS AT SPECIAL PRICES

16 pieces include 4 each dinner plates, bread plates, cups and saucers. Start a set now!

Spode! Wedgwood! Minton! Crown Derby! Haviland! Coalport! Royal Worcester! Royal Doulton!

Applied Arts Shop—Seventh Floor

JAMES LUTHER "LUKE" SE...
watching his surprising team be...
doubleheader, at S...

Cards' Opening Off; Do

BROOKLYN, July 27.—The Cardinals, about the only outfit able to make things interesting for Brooklyn, wheeled into Ebbets Field today for a three-round show with Durocher's Darlings.

Today's opener was postponed by weather and the two flag contenders will mingle tomorrow in what promises to be a hectic double bill. A double victory for the Birds would place them only five games off the pace, a double defeat setting them back to nine games, would be nearly fatal to pennant chances.

Although the world series still is more than two months away, both teams and a few thousand interested onlookers should discover in the next three days whether the Cards will be dealt in or out at the wind-up of the National League campaign.

The last time they visited the banks of the Gowanus, the Cardinals dropped four games out of five, but they went home and developed a counterpunch that flattened the Dodgers three times in a recent four-game set.

If they can remember how they stopped that trick, the Cards may twice

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Three Teams Win Pennants in Municipal Baseball League

Community Flag Goes To Set-Ups

Three pennants were decided in Muny Association baseball games yesterday, the Natural Set Ups winning out in the Community League, the Gebken-Benz team taking the flag in the South Side and Borben-Youngs coming out on top in the Mid-City circuit.

Running their winning streak to 12 games, the Set Ups defeated the Straubs, 9-5, in the first contest of a doubleheader at Forest Park. The second ended in a 1 to 1 five-inning deadlock.

The Gebkens had no trouble in drubbing the second place Post-office nine at Carondelet Park, 17 to 8, and the game was called after five innings. The Gebkens made 17 hits, scoring 11 runs in the final frame.

In the Mid-City League games were forfeited, the Borbens meeting an All-Star nine. Walter Coshaw of the Meyer Barbecue team of the City League hurled a no-hit, no-run game in defeating the Bridgetown Flyers, 8 to 0, at O'Fallon Park. The Union Printers took second place in the circuit with a 14-12 victory over the Tick Tocks.

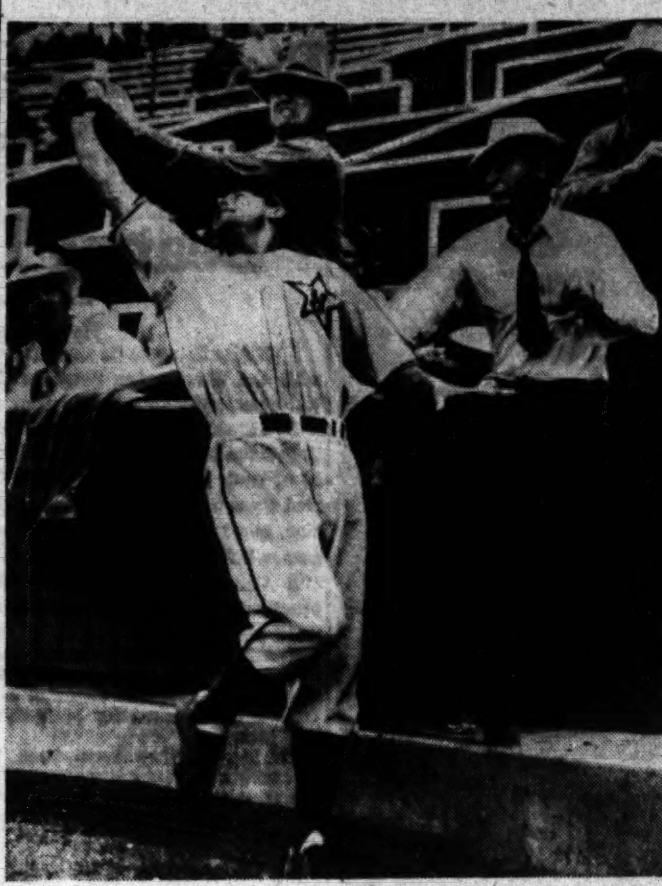
A triple play, the second of the season in Muny play, was made by First Baseman Ghoully, Charley Belobradic, shortstop, and Catcher Johnson of the Southwestern A. C. in the North Side League, but the team lost out to Socony-Vacuum, 10-4.

Carter Carburetor's winning streak came to an end at Fairground Park, St. Louis County Box winning, 5 to 4, in 11 innings. The Carters had taken six straight games.

MUNY BASEBALL

COMMUNITY LEAGUE
 Tarpcon America 7-6, Tick Tocks 4-1.
 Natural Set Ups 9-5, Straub Foods 5-1.
 (second game five innings).
MID-CITY LEAGUE
 St. George 5-0, All-Stars 3-8.
 St. Louis Red Sox 12-0, Tick Tocks 12-0.
 Borben-Youngs 8-0, All-Stars 3-8.
SOUTH SIDE LEAGUE
 Gebken-Benz 17-8, Post-office 17-8.
 Meyer Barbecue 8-0, Bridgetown Flyers 8-0.
 Walter Coshaw 8-0, Bridgetown Flyers 8-0.
 St. Philip 10-1, St. Engelbert 1-0.
 (4th inning game called by agreement).
ST. LOUIS LEAGUE
 St. Louis Red Sox 12-0, Tick Tocks 12-0.
 St. Philip 10-1, St. Engelbert 1-0.
 (4th inning game called by agreement).
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 St. Louis Red Sox 12-0, Tick Tocks 12-0.
 St. Philip 10-1, St. Engelbert 1-0.
 (4th inning game called by agreement).

Assist for the Fan



CHUCK SYLVESTER, first baseman for the Hollywood Stars, gets assistance from a box seat customer, HUGH STOCK, in handling a foul by Peanuts Lowrey of the Los Angeles Angels, in the first inning of their game yesterday. The umpire ruled it a legal catch. The Stars won, 4-0.

Pirates to Try Out Three Negroes Aug. 4

NEW YORK, July 27 (AP).—Three Negroes are scheduled to make major league history on Aug. 4 by trying out for positions with the Pittsburgh Pirates.

Although Commissioner K. M. Landis of Chicago recently declared that there was not now and never had been a rule against the use of Negroes in organized baseball, no member of that race ever has played in either the American or National loop.

The three players to be tested by the Pirates are stars in the Negro National League and their effort to make the change has the approval of William E. Benswanger, president of the Pittsburgh club.

Benswanger, here with his club as it met the Brooklyn Dodgers, had he had told Nat Low, sports editor of the New York Daily Worker, that he would be willing

WRAV'S COLUMN

Continued From Page One.

which gives the champion the fat end of the purse. Usually, however, the difference is not so great. . . . It once was only 60 and 40. . . . Now the champion gets about two and one-half times what the challenger is paid. . . . This is the assumption that the champion draws most of the money to the box office.

That this isn't always so is shown by the fact that Joe Louis was the big drawing card in practically every one of his professional fights before and after he won the title. . . . You can guess who was the big box office guy when Joe fought for Braddock's title in 1937.

It's a big year for Arlington race track. . . . Daily mutual handles are \$120,000 ahead of last year's, on the average. . . . Saturday was a peak day, but this week may see a new high. . . . Whirlaway is expected to start in the Arlington Handicap, next Saturday.

DEAD BALL DAYS: "I've quit swinging for distance," says Joe Medwick. . . . "I've shortened my swing and am concentrating on punching the ball through or just over the infield."

Shades of Willie Keeler, the "hit 'em where they ain't" king. . . . Has the new mush ball brought us back to this?

Whirlaway, which recently passed Seabiscuit in money winning, has also passed him in racing weight. . . . He scales 1050 pounds to the extra 1000 pounds seems to have settled in Whirlaway's huge tail. . . . Alsab scales only 960—which may explain his defeats at the start of the year.

Manager of the Year—Sewell or Boudreau?

CONSIDERING that Lou Boudreau had to start the season with the added burden of management of the team and without Miller, a 25-game winning pitcher, he's holding up the argument in favor of the player-manager pretty well. . . . Not only is his team doing better than was expected, but he himself is playing a great game at short.

Considering the load he is

Schroeder and Wood Victors in Doubles Event

SEA BRIGHT, N. J., July 27 (AP).—The new partnership of Ted Schroeder and Sidney B. Wood stacked a solid claim to national doubles honors yesterday by winning the Sea Bright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club's invitation round-robin with an unblemished record of six victories over formidable opposition.

The tournament championship was virtually clinched for the East-West pair when E. Victor Selxas of Philadelphia, Pa., and Billy Talbert of Cincinnati, O., were upset by Charles Mattman of Forest Hills, N. Y., and George Richards of Los Angeles, Cal., 6-3, 7-5. Selxas and Talbert were tied with Schroeder and Wood at the close of yesterday's play with four victories apiece.

Schroeder and Wood then clinched their sweep by beating Selxas and Talbert, 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3, in a match played by agreement on a best three-out-of-five-set basis.

The tournament, first of its kind ever played on the historic Sea Bright grass courts, replaced the club's regular event because of wartime conditions. In the past, men's and women's singles and doubles and mixed doubles were played.

The final standings:

Schroeder-Wood — Won
 Selxas-Talbert — Lost
 Mattman-Richards — Won
 Selxas-Russell — Lost
 Talbert-Russell — Won
 Selxas-Ball — Won
 Talbert-Ball — Won

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SHORT-WAVES

ROBERT (BOBBY) BLATTNER hit a homer as Rochester routed Baltimore, 13-4, in the second half of an International League doubleheader.

MAX SUBKONT, another ex-Cardinal pitched for the Wings and yielded five hits. . . . The Orioles took the opener, 9-5.

B. O. B. B. Y. COOMBS, Jersey City, hurled his thirteenth victory and his sixth shutout, blanking Montreal, 3-0. . . . He yielded nine hits.

JOHN KLUMBE, former Washington State and Chicago Cardinal football star, has been added to the civilian athletic staff at the Mather Field Army Advanced Flying School. . . . Because of the FRIGGS, mother of Owner Briggs of the Detroit club, tomorrow's game with the Athletics has been postponed and will be played as part of a doubleheader Thursday.

Do you remember: Five years ago FRANKIE PARKER and DON DUBOYSE defeated England's Charles Hare and Bunny Austin, respectively, and brought the Davis Cup back to the United States for the first time in 10 years. . . . EARL CALDWELL, former Brownie, gained his sixteenth victory of the campaign for Rogers Hornsby's Fort Worth club when he blanked Shreveport, 6-0, with five hits. . . . The Newark club of the International League has sent MEL QUINN, pitcher, and BOYD PERRY, shortstop, to Kansas City, another Yankee "farm."

WALLIE EVANS, who has won six and lost three for Nashville in the Southern Association has been obtained by the Milwaukee Brewers.

WILLIAM WOODWARD's thoroughness, including Apache, winner of the Empire City and Yorkers Handicaps, topped the money winners at Empire City with \$32,550. . . . Apache's triumphs netted owner Woodward \$20,000 and \$8150, respectively. . . . A. J. Sackett, whose Tola Rose, proved the surprise winner in the Butler was second with \$23,900. . . . "Dolphins" of the Cardinal "farm" club, PEEPER MARTIN'S Sacramento, after leading the Coast League for a time, now is second six games behind Los Angeles. . . . COLUMBUS is third in the American Association, but only a game and a half behind Milwaukee. . . . ROCHESTER, in last place in the International, trails seventh place Syracuse by seven games. . . . NEW ORLEANS, in the Southern, is in fourth position.

Play in Metro Opens; Bob Cochran Medalist

Pairings are to be made today in the Metropolitan golf tournament and the first two rounds will be played this week over the Crystal Lake course.

Bob Cochran, Norwood Hills Country Club, is medalist with a score of 69 in qualifying on the Forest Park links a week ago. Ken Matlock was runnerup a stroke behind.

Following the Crystal Lake competition, Creve Coeur will be the site of the next two rounds the following week. Finals are scheduled a week later at Forest Park.

146 Ringers in 138

Shoes for Joe Wors

Joe Wors of the Central team set two records in the Fairgrounds division of the Muny Horseshoe League yesterday, making 146 ringers, 68 doubles in 138 shoes for a 778 average, and 21 ringers in 24 shoes in one game to gain an 875 mark.

The Central drew with Lindell Trust, 9 to 5, while Security won from Fairgrounds, 11-5, and Sherman Park beat the Missouri Floors, 9-7.

WAR WORKERS

GUARD YOUR HANDS AGAINST INFECTION

USE PRO-TEK

MADE BY DUPONT

Anything of value may be sold through the Post-Dispatch for sale columns.

Daily Mutuel Handle at New Track \$409,000

CAMDEN, N. J., July 27 (AP).—A total of \$1,810 persons poured \$2,869,098 through the mutual machines during the first week of operations at America's newest race track—Garden State Park—this was disclosed yesterday.

This is an average attendance of 11,597 and an average daily mutual "handle" of \$409,871 for the first seven days of the 49-day meeting.

Whether the permanent gasoline rationing on the Eastern seaboard and other transportation difficulties will reduce attendance in the next few weeks is a moot point. On Saturday, the first since permanent gas rationing went into effect, July 22, a crowd of 14,674 turned out. This compares with the opening day attendance on July 18 of 12,682.

Here is the day-by-day attendance since the track opened:

DAY	Attendance	Total Mutuel
Saturday, July 18	12,682	\$369,341
Sunday, July 19	11,597	\$369,341
Monday, July 20	11,597	\$369,341
Tuesday, July 21	11,597	\$369,341
Wednesday, July 22	14,674	\$369,341
Thursday, July 23	11,597	\$369,341
Friday, July 24	11,597	\$369,341
Saturday, July 25	11,597	\$369,341
Sunday, July 26	11,597	\$369,341
Monday, July 27	11,597	\$369,341

Cardinals' Opener

With Dodgers Off

Continued From Page One.

see the way he stopped after he made that catch? You can't help but like that sort of spirit and can't help but admire the determination, the speed and the coordination which make such a play possible and safe."

Gumbert's relief stunt for the last four frames of the finale was outstanding. He came in with two on base and none out in the sixth after Clyde Klutts and Max West had singled off Lefty Howard. Pollet. He not only quelled that threat on a fly ball and a ground play, but he yielded only one hit, a single by Tommy Holmes with two out in the seventh.

Lumbagoes Defeat Gouts;

Hitting Contest to Tobin

Johnny Tobin, former Browns' right fielder, lost his batting eye as demonstrated yesterday when he clouted the ball 375 feet to win the long distance hitting contest at the annual University City Gouts and Lumbago Charity Association ball game at Heman Park. He was awarded a trophy donated by the Lions Club.

Thirty-two hits rattled off the bats of both teams as the Lumbagoes took the game from the Gouts, 14 to 4, each side using three hurlers. Bert Hannum and Earl Roth hit home runs for the Gouts.

Louise Brough Wins

Middle States Title

PHILADELPHIA, July 27 (AP).—Louise Brough, 19-year-old Beverly Hills (Cal.) star, won the Middle States women's tennis championship yesterday by defeating top-seeded Margaret Osborne of San Francisco, 6-4, 10-8.

Miss Brough, U. S. girls' champion for the past two years, who is ranked tenth nationally, fought off six set points in the second set before her powerhouse game throttled Miss Osborne, the country's No. 4 player.

Air Corps Team in Tie

The Jefferson Barracks Air Corps baseball team traveled to Marion, Ill., yesterday for a game with the Pepsi-Cola Merchants and were held to a 2 to 2 10-inning tie, weather stopping the game.

FOR VICTORY

BUY UNITED STATES WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

THIRSTY? Enjoy WINE and SODA

Here's a long, cold drink that beats the heat—Wine and Soda! You'll find it the just-right refreshment for any afternoon or evening occasion. To make one, do this: Half-fill a tall glass with your favorite California red or white wine, add ice cubes and sparkling water.

Wine Advisory Board, 85 Second St., San Francisco.

WINE AND SODA

WINE AND SODA

WINE AND SODA

WINE AND SODA

WINE AND SODA

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Alsab and Whirlaway May Boos in the Arlington Handicap

CHICAGO, July 27 (AP).—They're still talking "Shut Out this time, Alsab and Whirlaway for sure," and all in one breath, Arlington prepares for the final week of its 36-day racing season.

The double talk runs something like this: "Yes, Shut Out clinched three year old honors in Saturday's classic. . . . Alsab didn't start, wasn't ready. . . . However, he still may get a chance against Shut Out Aug. 29 in Washington Park's American Derby. . . . But right now there's a possibility of that long-awaited Alsab race with mighty Whirlaway."

By "right now" the Arlington observers mean Saturday's \$25,000 Arlington Handicap in which Al Sabath's bargain call and Whirlaway, turfdom's leading money winner, may finally get together.

Alsab, although recovered from a splint, was withheld from the classic because he was not yet considered in racing condition. He worked well in a three quarter mile trial Saturday but whether this continued improvement warrants a shot against such opposition as Whirlaway in his first test, is another problem. Owner Sabath will have most of the week to ponder.

If he doesn't go against Whirlaway, Alsab will be back for the Arlington Derby.

Whirlaway and Whirlaway Be Foes in the Whirlwind Handicap

(AP)—They're still talking "Shut Out this Whirlaway for sure," and all in one breath, the final week of its 36-day racing season, something away, Alsbay may make his return in the \$7500 Victory Handicap, a new fixture added to the last day's program.

In that event, Whirlaway's challengers will include Valinda Orphan, Rounders, King's Abbey, Equinox and Tola Rose, conquerors of the Calumet Farm's star in the Butler Handicap. Whirlaway, now out to run his winnings to the half million mark, has not raced here since his Arlington Classic defeat and his American Derby victory last summer.

Meantime, Shut Out, owned by Mrs. Payne Whitney, returned after the Saratoga meeting his handicap enriched by \$80,700 following his victory in the Classic over Valinda Orphan by three quarters of a length. He will be back for the American Derby.

In clinching three year old horses, the Kentucky Derby and Belmont Stakes winner got splendid guidance from Jockey Eddie Arca, covering the mile in 2:01 2-5, which equaled the Classic record set by Omaha in 1935. The son of Equinox came through fast in the stretch to pass With Regards, early pace setter, and then overtake Valinda Orphan.

GO TO VOTERS!

tion laws of the State of Missouri, the following official ballot to be voted at the Special election on Tuesday, August 4, 1942, between the hours and seven o'clock p. m., in the wards comprising the District of the City of St. Louis.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

LECTION, TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1942

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, FIFTH DISTRICT
(Vote for One)
ALFRED I. HARRIS

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

Ballot the voter shall forthwith, and without space, retire alone to one of the voting booths and prepare his ballot for voting in the following manner: A ballot placed in the ballot box (X) mark in the circle immediately below the voter desires to vote for one or more candidates do not appear on the printed ballot, he may line through the printed name of candidate for whom he desires to vote, and placing a cross mark in the circle. The squares so marked shall take effect immediately below the party name (X) is not desired to vote for. The squares so marked shall take effect immediately below the party name (X) is not desired to vote for. The squares so marked shall take effect immediately below the party name (X) is not desired to vote for.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT

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December 12, 1878

Published by

The Pultzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privilege and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULTZER.
April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

A Criticism of Mr. Hull's Speech.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
It seems that the Honorable Cordell Hull chose the wrong title for his meant-to-be educational address to "us dumb Americans" Thursday night. I couldn't find anything in his speech to enlighten my poor, befuddled brain on the seriousness of the war. I think the title of his talk should have been "The Seriousness of the Peace."

Mr. Hull's comments could have waited until a later date—that is, until after we had won the war. We most certainly have to win that first.

I can make a better speech on "the seriousness of the war," in much fewer words, to wit:

The situation is serious in Russia, because the Germans are closing in on the rich Caucasus oil fields.

They are taking over Russian coal mines, which are needed to keep the Red factories running.

The Nazis have conquered vast territories, which include factories, natural resources and agriculture.

The Japs have grabbed all the tin and rubber, besides oil in Borneo and Sumatra.

Rommel seriously threatens Suez, besides making the Mediterranean his asset rather than ours.

The Burma road is gone.

Major de Seversky has proved that our boys are fighting with planes that can't climb as high and lack the maneuverability of enemy aircraft.

A second front is a risky thing, that is, if it is expected in Western Europe right at this time.

Our fighting boys up in Alaska are required to fight land-based Japs with old, outmoded Catalina flying boats, which are nothing more than observation planes.

That is just a short summary of what I'd say if I were speaking on "The Seriousness of the War." Let's leave the peace until after the war is over.

F. B. O'Rourke.

Webster Groves.

Congress and Strikes.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

WHEN a fellow keeps on asking for trouble and won't accept any substitute, it might be well to see if his request can be satisfied.

I am thinking of strikes, both authorized and "unauthorized," where strikers are already well paid and whose spirit is such that they can't wait for a mediated decision on the merits of the case but prefer to tie up essential industries at no matter what cost.

I wonder if such people—and some employers as well—haven't forgotten that a few years ago they needed a friend pretty badly, and got one in the person of our President. The President is putting up with their tantrums, but if he can't stop Congress from heaving bricks in their direction in the near future, maybe there won't be many regrets.

E. G. P.

Says Boys' Camps Build Good Americans.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

RECENTLY I spent a week at the Boy Scout Camp at Lions' Den, near Kimmick, Mo., which is operated by the local council of the Boy Scouts of America. I have come away wondering why the good people of St. Louis, and the other metropolitan areas, don't enlarge these camps until every boy of school age can spend the entire summer vacation period in outdoor activities at such camps.

My group consisted of eight boys, who were enabled to go to camp by a timely and generous award of a \$25 scholarship. They came back to town after a week of lively, exciting, muscle-building, instructive and adventurous activities, feeling it had been a grand experience and all too short a period. My own feeling was that if every schoolboy in the country could spend his summer vacation in such an outdoor camp under good leadership, the future of our country would be forever secure against the enemies of our democracy.

The money spent down there is a sound investment in the national character and security. A determined effort should be made to enlarge the camps and increase the number of boys who are enabled to attend, and to enlarge the periods of attendance for each boy.

If Hitler's boys' camps can make youthful Gestapo agents and Nazis of German youth, why can we not train our youth in the great advantages of our way of life? We can, if we will. Certainly, we have greater means than Hitler has ever had.

Until boys' summer camps are provided by the Government, every thoughtful person should give serious consideration to the support of the Boy Scouts of America, which is doing so much organizing and guiding boys' activities.

A SCOUTER.

Against Senator Clark.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

ACCORDING to press dispatches, Senator Bennett Clark is much perturbed over the reported appointment of some Republicans to Federal jobs in Missouri.

As a voter who has been voting the Democratic ticket since becoming of voting age, I would much prefer to see honest forthright Republicans occupying either city, State or Government positions than Roosevelt-baiting, isolationist Democrats.

I expect to live to cast my vote against Mr. Clark should his name appear on the ballot in 1944. JEFFERSONIAN.

ALL-OUT FOR MERIT.

The decision of the Missouri Supreme Court upholding the civil service Charter amendment, which St. Louis adopted 10 months ago, clears the way for almost immediate installation of the merit-system machinery in the municipal government.

All that remains now is for the Civil Service Commission to submit the names of three applicants as available for the post of Personnel Director, and for Mayor Becker to make a selection as required by the new law. With that, the wheels will really begin to turn.

In ruling that the administrator of the system must be a resident of Missouri for a year before the appointment, the State Supreme Court adhered strictly to a provision of the Missouri Constitution. Archaic or not, the limitation is in our basic code and there can be little quarrel with the Supreme Court Judges for not taking it upon themselves to amend the Constitution by judicial interpretation.

This restriction of the list of applicants for the key post to residents of Missouri need not be even slightly disadvantageous in the long run. Grant that Chairman Kirby and Commissioners Smith and Kaveny would have been freer had they been able to nominate from the available personnel men throughout the country. But is there anyone who is willing to say that the State of Missouri does not contain a single administrator with the qualifications which the post requires?

The man who is chosen as Personnel Director should, and doubtless will, measure up to the basic requirements. He does not need to be a celebrated figure in personnel circles. Given the fundamental qualifications and a thorough belief in the principle of merit in public service personnel, he and his opportunity can help make each other.

Judge Charles T. Hays' opinion breathes the breath of life into the words of the Charter amendment. He does not content himself with writing about the mere mechanics of the change. This able judicial observer of our political system tells why St. Louis at last rose up and shook off the costly, wasteful spoils rule.

For many years it was contended that, when a change in administration took place, public employees appointed by the former administration should be immediately discharged, and their places filled with supporters of the victorious candidate. "To the victor belong the spoils" ran the ancient political maxim. We have wisely seen, in recent years, the folly of this policy.

Portraying the effects of frequent partisan clean-outs for the benefit of ward-healers, Judge Hays put the matter in a nutshell when he said: "Real efficiency is gained through long experience, and the public can be assured of the highest type of individuals only when some sort of permanent tenure is guaranteed."

Barely more than a year ago, the community was still fighting the spoilsmen for a chance to vote on the merit system. When we remember that, we see how far we have come in a short time. The last barrier, the constitutional test case, is now out of the way.

Thus the course is clear for the Civil Service Commission and Mayor Becker to put their hands to the levers which will give St. Louis merit, not spoils, and efficiency, not waste, in its public service.

A SIGN FOR SIKESTON.

Attorney General Biddle has ordered the F. B. I. to investigate the lynching of a Negro two weeks ago at Texarkana, to determine whether the identity of the lynchers can be learned and whether the mob violated Federal guarantees of civil rights.

As this was the basis on which Mr. Biddle put the authority of the Federal Government into an investigation of the Sikeston lynching, his entry into the Texas case would seem to be a definite indication that the Department of Justice is not through with the Missouri case. At any rate, there is every reason to read the news that way.

WAR TROPHY, MADE IN JAPAN.

The face-saving talents of Tokyo propagandists had their severest test after the Doolittle squadron's sensational air raid on Japan last April 18. The cover-up boys failed miserably, it is now disclosed. Their attempt to calm Japanese nerves took the form of an announcement that an American plane had been shot down by the Mikado's gunners, and they put the aircraft's wreckage on display as evidence of the feat.

When Gen. Doolittle heard of this, he denounced it at once as a fake. "The Japanese do not have one of our planes on display," he said. "They may have painted up one of their own to look like ours, or they may have got an American plane from somewhere else; but not from us."

The General was dead right in his painted-up plane theory, and furthermore, Max Hill relates in a dispatch today, the decoration job was so crude that it didn't even fool the Jap public. For spectators who gathered to admire this trophy, discovered that the painted red, white and blue insignia on the crumpled wing was still wet when the wreck was put on display. This discovery must have sadly disillusioned the Jap patriots, who had come to cheer an achievement, by their side.

The Japs won a certain renown in peacetime by their cheap imitations of other countries' manufactures. But this time, it appears, the "Made in Japan" product was too crude to fool even the home folk.



Steady and Strong, Marching Along...

—From the London Daily Herald.

realize that this is wartime and that a chance word may mean a valuable cargo sunk and precious lives lost. Those who talk out of turn are either criminally stupid or disloyal.

THE DANGER IN RISING FOOD PRICES.

Leon Henderson's week-end report on rising food prices calls new attention to numerous recent indications that the anti-inflation program is not working out as it ought to in this highly important sector of the economic home front.

If it becomes impossible to maintain effective ceilings over food prices, millions of Americans will face serious privations and the Government will have to contend with an extremely troublesome barrier to such other anti-inflationary measures as wage stabilization and the sale of war bonds.

Food is the largest single item in the budget of the lower income groups. The Industrial Conference Board estimates conservatively that food takes at least one-third of the pay check in these homes. Beginning with this fact, it takes no statistical expert to realize that we are in for trouble as the result of a 32 per cent increase in food prices since the start of the war. Over the 34-month period, that works out to a little less than 1 per cent per month.

Several critical situations have developed. It has already been found necessary, for example, to break the ceilings on canned goods. The prices of certain meats have been climbing sharply. Some fruits and vegetables are also going up—and this in a season which usually sees a decline in prices.

These disturbing developments cannot be attributed to a single cause. Purchases for the armed forces and for lease-lend accounts at premium prices are a factor. Secretary of Agriculture Wickard points out that the packers, for instance, divert meat from civilian markets because of these prices, and he wants to see them reduced.

We must tighten up our controls on a realistic over-all basis. This will solve the price problem, but, of course, it will do nothing about basic shortages created by increased demand. The solution to this problem is rationing. We must see to it that everybody gets his fair share of what is available.

Members of Congress who believe they are getting votes by opposing such regulation are short-sighted indeed. To expect to maintain an anti-inflationary policy while thus violating it where it affects far and away the largest number of people is sheer madness.

PIECEMEAL ADJOURNMENT.

Is Congress in session? The public had supposed that it was, since nothing has been heard of any vote to adjourn. Certainly there are plenty of things for Congress to do, such vital duties as passage of an adequate wartime tax bill, to mention only one. Most people had assumed that Congress was hard at work, doing its share in this critical wartime summer.

But Senator Barkley of Kentucky, the majority leader, isn't so sure about the status of Congress. He says of its members: "If they wish to adjourn they simply adjourn, but if they should be brought back to vote on whether or not to adjourn, although they had already adjourned, they would vote not to adjourn." This sounds complicated, but it seems to mean, in simple English, that Congress as a body is technically in session, but so far as individual members are concerned, it is pretty largely adjourned for the purpose of looking after political fences.

Some members of Congress have worked themselves into a high state of wrath over recent public criticisms of congressional doings. Do they imagine it will silence the critics for a great bloc of Senators and Representatives to go running home to their constituents while presenting the fiction of a continued session and leaving only a handful of legislators on hand to do the nation's work?

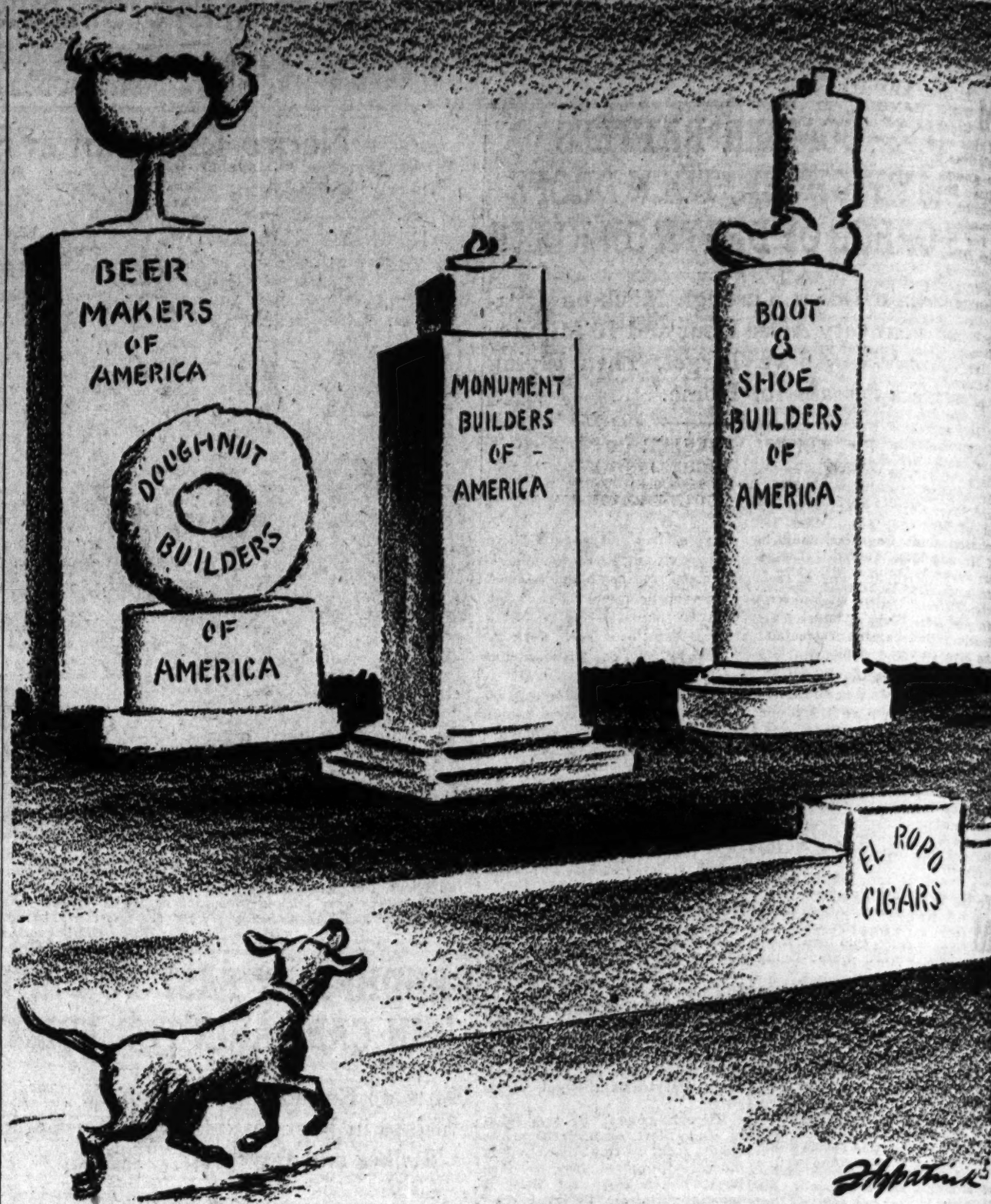
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CULTURE COMES TO MEMORIAL PLAZA.

Criticism: A Need of Congress

The Mirror of Public Opinion

Practice of Senators and Representatives to defend all their acts in the name of preserving democracy is protested by Illinois editor; attack on lawmaking branch would be harmful but opposition to incompetent members a duty; public discussion is part of war effort.

From the Cairo Evening Citizen.

ONE might gain the impression from extensive reading of recent newspapers and magazines that the much discussed second front is going to be opened up in Washington.

The intertemperate vilification coming from both sides would indicate that the adversaries are going to be the American people and the United States Congress.

This form of sniping back and forth has gotten to the point where it is high time that the American people sit down and do what they can to clarify the issues involved in their fight with their elected representatives.

A reprint of a speech made in the Senate by Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney of Wyoming which arrived in The Citizen mail recently sought to make the point that most of the criticism of Congress comes from and is actively directed by a highly centralized minority group composed of editors and commentators.

The Senator argues further that this group of newspaper men is attacking the democratic system of government through its attacks on individuals in Congress. The Senator evidently hasn't made many trips to the hinterlands recently or he would have known that Congress comes in for its share of criticism here as well as in the East.

It has become a common practice of Congressmen to defend themselves from any form of attack by arguing that criticism of Congress will lead to an authoritarian form of government.

Secret Votes in Committee

From the Hannibal (Mo.) Courier-Post.

FOR many years there has been wide-spread complaint against the practice of secret committee decisions on bills before the Missouri Legislature. Open hearings generally are held but quite often the final action of the committee comes in closed sessions.

There may be some occasions when this practice would be justified. The fact that it is often practiced in the national Congress does not mean that it is justified in Jefferson City in action on the ordinary run of bills. The public generally feels it has a right to know how members vote on measures in committee action which often is final in that it prevents open consideration on the Assembly's floor.

Apparently there is considerable question among candidates for legislative posts as to the custom this year. In a poll made by the St. Louis Post-Dispatch of candidates in St. Louis and St. Louis County, only three favor the practice out of 91 who responded from the 98 queried. Several cautiously replied they were "undecided," but a large majority definitely listed themselves as opposing secret sessions.

It must be remembered that these men and women are largely new candidates. There are no incumbents making the House race in St. Louis. This may have definite effect on the overwhelming opposition to closed decisions by committees. Perhaps the sitting members think more of the practice.

If, however, the next session should abolish the practice, except in cases wherein publicity would justify secrecy in the vote, the people would consider it a forthright step in the right direction. The voter-constituent believes he has a right to know how members stand in such instances, the same as in votes on the floor.

A MATTER OF FREIGHT RATES.

From the Daily Oklahoman.

THROUGH all the years that Japan was the sitting members think more of the practice.

But through all those years of preparation, the water rate on scrap-iron from the Southern junkyards to Japan was only 75 per cent of the railway rate on scrap iron from the Southern junkyards to the North-eastern steel mills. Our own freight rates enabled the Japanese to outbid our own domestic purchasers.

A considerable part of our present difficulty was born of our own discriminatory freight schedules.

The Way of the Chinese

"Mr. Pan," by Emily Hahn. (Doubleday, Doris Co., New York.)

ANOTHER of the St. Louis girls who went away to write is Emily Hahn. Her trail's end was not New York, but Shanghai, that amazing city which guzzled night-club whiskey in the midst of the world's great conflagration until it was itself enveloped by the flames.

But "Mr. Pan" is rather less than the report of the witness of apocalyptic events. Blurb to the contrary notwithstanding, it is not even a very serious effort to explain to us the nature of our Chinese allies, nor an undertaking like Pearl Buck's "The Good Earth." It is definitely on the lighter side, but for that very reason it may give a better inkling than do more pretentious works of the inscrutable ways of the Chinese—at least the Chinese of the amorphous international trading centers.

Many of these sketches appeared originally in the New Yorker, so the reader will know that they deal with the entertaining Mr. Pan and his amazing family—which offers a sample of just about every type of Chinaman the author wishes to discuss, including a traitorous brother who came to terms with the Japs. The ubiquitous Mr. Pan's attitudes toward women, money and almost everything else are, as a rule, as funny as they are exasperating.

His moral code is a mixture of corruption, bravery, resignation, optimism, fatalism and gallantry. It would not work in the Western world, and perhaps it worked none too well in the Orient. But then, this is a witty book hardly intended as a premise for profound observations.

ERNEST KIRSCHEN.

How Planes and Pilots Are Made.

"Getting Them Into the Blue," by Ernest K. Goss. (Thomas Y. Crowell Co., New York.)

"Randolph Field, a History and Guide," by Tamm WFA Writers' Project. (The Devin-Adair Co., New York.)

IT is a pilot who tells in "Getting Them Into the Blue" the story of how planes are planned, how they are made, how they are powered, the entire story of planes in their progress from the drafting boards and mock-ups through the great factories and out into the sky. There are sections about materials and their assembly from all parts of the world, about the aircraft work—the need for training, the working conditions, the future and the possibilities for advancement—all told by the pilot who has heretofore written a book on "Sky Roads and All-American Aircraft."

"Randolph Field" is the second in the Service Academy Series dealing with the officer training schools of the United States armed forces, which is officially sponsored. It gives the complete story of aviation cadet training at Randolph Field, Tex., "West Point of the Air." The factual information is supplemented by 32 pages of historical illustrations and pictures of current life at the field.

A Fine Gardeners' Manual.

HOMES vegetables are a direct contribution to the war effort. For this reason, gardeners were joined by thousands of novice this spring in planning for the season. Both new hands and old will find plenty of help in "Gardens for Victory" (Harcourt, Brace & Co., New York), by Jean-Marie Putnam and Lloyd C. Cosper. This is one of the most attractive as well as one of the most practical additions to the gardening literature. It is definitely intended for the spring in planning for the season out of a patch of earth, but it also emphasizes that vegetable gardening can be as decorative as the growing of flowers. Its many concise lists and tables, designed for working rather than for reading, will be appreciated. Don't overlook the special section on herbs.

SOCIAL A

M. R. AND MRS. ALLAN PRESTON GAMBLE, 20 Black Creek Lane, will leave the last of this week to spend 10 days with relatives in Norfolk, Va. They will be guests of Mrs. Gamble's aunt, Miss Ethel O'Fallon, and her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. C. Wiley Grady.

The Gambles' two older daughters, Nina and Carol, are at Camp Kechuwa this summer. In addition to Nina and Carol Gamble, they are Harriet Rodes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Boyle O. Rodes; Molly Stark, daughter of former Gov. and Mrs. Lloyd C. Stark; Peggy Porter and her mother, Mr. and Mrs. Claude T. Porter, at their cottage in Harbor Beach, Mich.

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Mrs. James H. Wear of 40 Westmoreland place, with her daughter, Miss Barbara, returned today from Chattanooga, Tenn., where they spent the week end with friends. Mrs. and Mr. Wear will leave next week for San Francisco, Cal., to see their son, Ensign Dwight Filley Wear of the Naval Reserve, who has been on duty in the Pacific. They will be accompanied by Miss Barbara and will be away about a month.

To Be Wed in Texas.

MRS. RALPH L. STANLEY of 4460 Maryland avenue, will leave next Monday for San Antonio, Tex., with her daughters, Miss Roberta Josephine, Miss Kathleen and Miss Claire. Mrs. Stanley will become the bride of Lieut. Joseph E. Furtaw, U. S. A., at St. Mary Magdalene's Church Saturday morning, Aug. 8. Lieut. Furtaw, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John L. Furtaw of Syracuse, N. Y., is an instructor in the Radio Corps at Duncan Field, Tex. He and his bride will live in San Antonio.

Miss Stanley is a granddaughter of Mrs. Robert J. O'Reilly, 4399 McPherson avenue, and the late Dr. O'Reilly, and of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Stanley. She is a niece of Mrs. C. Powell Fordyce.

Mrs. Charles W. McKenzie of 5128 Westminster place, with her mother, Mrs. E. G. Hines, left today for Morehead City, N. C., to spend a month with Mrs. McKenzie's aunt, Mrs. B. H. Griffin. Mr. McKenzie, who formerly was assistant professor of political science at Washington University, left two weeks ago for Officers' Training School at Miami, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Powell Fordyce of 27 Lenox place, left Saturday morning by motor for Fish Creek, Wis., where they will spend several weeks. Mr. Fordyce, a son of William L. Hassett of 29 Black Creek Lane, with their children, Anne and William Jr., will leave Saturday for Fish Creek. They have leased a cottage for August.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver M. Evans of 25 Upper Ladue road, with their young son, Samuel, will leave this week for Alexandria, Minn., to spend three weeks with Mrs. Evans' aunt, Mrs. Thomas W. Carter.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Berryman, 6127 Washington avenue, left several days ago for Spring Lake, N. J., where they are spending several weeks.

Sets Wedding Date.

MISS BETTY RANDOLPH WHITEHEAD, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton D. Whitehead of Mount Vernon, N. Y., formerly of St. Louis, has chosen Saturday, Aug. 22, for her marriage to Richard Fowler Brinckerhoff. The ceremony will be performed in the Church of the Ascension, Mount Vernon. Mr. Brinckerhoff's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Brinckerhoff, are also of Mount Vernon.

Miss Whitehead is a niece of Mrs. Thomas W. White, Mrs. Joseph Hays McNaughton, Mrs. Mahlon B. Wallace, Mr. Albert T. Terry and Mrs. Ley Peterson Rexford, all of St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. White, of 5244 Westminster place, spent the week end in Chicago to be near their son, Thomas W. White IV, who is at the Naval Training School at Notre Dame University.

Friends are being told here of the recent marriage in St. Augustine, Fla., of Miss Jessie Fidelis Hart and Lieut. Richard Gentry Tindall Jr., U. S. A., stationed at West Palm Beach, Fla.

The bride, whose mother is Mrs. Jessie J. Hart of Eldorado, Ark., attended Our Lady of the Lake College in San Antonio. Lieut. Tindall Jr. is the son of Col. Tindall, stationed at Camp Hood, Tex., and the late Mrs. Tindall. His grandmother is Mrs. William H. Smith, 5545 Cates avenue, and his sister, Mrs. A. Carl Tietjen, 5538 Clemens avenue.

The bridegroom attended St. Louis University. He was graduated later from the United States Military Academy at West Point.

Of interest here is the announcement by Mr. and Mrs. James Bennett Lowell of Worcester, Mass., of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Deborah, and Ensign Austin Broadhurst, U. S. N. R., son of Judge and Mrs. Edward T. Broadhurst of Springfield, Mass.

Mrs. Lowell is the former Miss Ethel Cox of St. Louis, whose par-

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Mrs. Lowell is the former Miss Michael Cox of St. Louis, whose parents are Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alexander Cox, lived for many years at 525 Clara avenue. Mr. Cox, a former president of the Merchants' Exchange, was also a director of the Merchants-Laclede Bank. Mrs. Lowell's sister is Mrs. Sarah Cox Sims of Beverly Hills, Cal., and her brothers are Douglas A. Cox of San Marino, Cal., and Charles G. Cox.

The bride-elect is a graduate of Bancroft School, Haddonfield, N. J., and attended Chateau Brillantmont, Lausanne, Switzerland. A member of the Junior League, she is a graduate of Smith College and is at present on the faculty of Buckingham School, Cambridge, Mass.

Ensign Broadhurst is a graduate of Williams College and Harvard School of Law. Following graduation, he spent a year in Washington, working under the National Institute of Public Affairs. He was commissioned last May on his graduation from the Naval Reserve Midshipman's School on the U. S. S. Prairie State.

Althea Whitcraft Engaged.

A gay assortment of summer flowers decorated the home of Mr. and Mrs. Pearl P. Whitcraft, 33 Dromara road, for the tea given yesterday to announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Althea Pearl Whitcraft, and John A. Schiffman Jr. Friends of Mrs. Whitcraft and her daughter were received informally.

Each guest was given a pale green folder telling, in rhyme, of a secret which would be revealed by heating the page. The warmth from a candle flame brought out the names of the engaged pair, which had been written in invisible ink.

Tea was served from 3 to 5 o'clock from a tea table decorated with an old-fashioned bouquet. Assisting were: Miss Jeanne Giese, Miss Shirley Ann Hirth and Miss Caroline Sutter.

Miss Whitcraft was graduated from Christian College in Columbia, Mo., in 1941. Last winter she attended Washington University, where she became a member of Alpha Chi Omega sorority.

Mr. Schiffman, whose parents live at 610 Tuxedo boulevard, Webster Groves, is a graduate of Washington.

Wedding plans have not been made.

Mrs. Violet A. Hall and Mrs. Theodore P. Conant returned to St. Louis Friday following a visit to Eagle River, Wis. They were guests of Mrs. Henry S. Butler of the St. Regis apartments at their summer place there on Catfish Lake. Another member of the house party, Mrs. Lewis B. Stuart, has gone to visit Mr. and Mrs. William H. Danforth, 17 Kingsbury place. They are at their summer home at Shelby, Mich.

Mrs. Butler expects her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart M. Butler, 6399 Wydown boulevard, later this summer. They will be accompanied north by their daughter, Mrs. Thomas Kauffman Taylor, formerly Miss Jane Woods Butler.

Mrs. John S. W. Fargher left St. Louis recently to join her husband, an aviation cadet in the Army Air Corps, stationed at Santa Ana, Cal. Mrs. Fargher, the former Miss Dorothy Margaret Huston, has been here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McCutcheon Euston, 1079 Purdue avenue, University City.

CONCERT TICKETS FOR U. S. O.

Contribution of Little Symphony tickets to United Service Organizations centers as a method of building the morale of the armed forces was urged by Mrs. Henry Bry, in charge of ticket sales, in a radio talk yesterday.

The concert, to be given in Washington University Quadrangle the next five Friday evenings, are known as "Music Under the Stars." It is the custom of some listeners to bring blankets and pillows and recline on the grass, Mrs. Bry related. Tickets for the concert, which will include classical, romantic and modern music, may be purchased until July 31 at 4661 Maryland avenue.

feet hurt?

Try DR. LEYDECKER'S Basic Patented Shoes Suits 464 705 OLIVE

WILDFLOWER' OPENS TONIGHT IN THE PARK

Metropolitan Opera Soprano, Natalie Bodanya, to Have Leading Feminine Role.

Vincent Youmans' musical comedy, "Wildflower," will open tonight at 8:45 o'clock at the Municipal Theater in Forest Park. The show will continue through Sunday night.

Leading feminine role in the production, the eighth of the season, will be played by Natalie Bodanya, a native of New York City's lower East Side, who is a soprano with the New York Metropolitan Opera. Robert Shaffer, a tenor well known to Municipal Opera audiences, plays the leading male part. His last appearance here was in "New Moon." Miss Bodanya, besides singing the familiar songs "Bambalina," "Wildflower" and "April Blossoms," all of which are included in the score, will be heard in the interpolated waltz aria from "Romeo and Juliet," "Czardas" from Johann Strauss' "Die Fledermaus," and "Liebestraum." Carol King, Hollywood and New York ballerina, will make her local debut in the production. Other major roles will be filled by Billy Lynn, Sibyl Bowman, Donald Burr, Virginia Bolen, Frederic Tozer, Frederic Person and Jeanne Hempel.

The plot, which is laid in Italy, is the story of a young peasant girl, who must marry her father's enemy six months in order to receive her dead grandfather's money. The book was written by Otto Harbach and Oscar Hammerstein II.

O'DANIEL-ALLRED RUN-OFF IN TEXAS IS PREDICTED

Unofficial Bureau Says Senator Will Lack 1 Per Cent of Majority for Renomination.

DALLAS, Tex., July 27 (AP).—A prediction that Senator W. Lee O'Daniel will be defeated in his bid for renomination in the Texas election next November was made today by the Texas Election Bureau, which gathers unofficial returns in the State.

With 882,358 votes tabulated, the bureau reported O'Daniel's percentage at 48.32, adding that this figure was not likely to rise past 49 per cent.

The bureau's analysis indicated 975,000 votes would be counted, with O'Daniel getting 475,000, or 12,500 short of a majority.

The latest count gave O'Daniel 426,650, Allred 283,655 and Dan Moody 161,545. The remaining votes were scattered among other candidates.

Under Texas law a run-off is held between the two highest candidates unless one candidate obtains a clear majority. Nomination in a Democratic primary is equivalent to election.

COCHRAN ACTS FOR M'CORMACK

St. Louisan Appointed Temporary House Majority Leader.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—The House today chose Representative Bulwinkle (Dem., North Carolina) Speaker pro tem as Speaker Rayburn announced that "the present occupant of the chair needs some Texas sunshine which he hopes he may get for a few weeks." Majority Leader McCormack (Dem., Massachusetts), announced that he, too, was leaving and had selected Representative Cochran (Dem., St. Louis, to act for him.

With no business on the calendar, fewer than 60 members attending today's session agreed to quit until Thursday. Plans have been made for three-day recesses for an indefinite period.

TRAVEL, RESORTS, HOTELS

Keep Cool!

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Broadmoor Invitational Golf Tournament... August 3 to 9

Charles R. Brink Manager

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED BROCHURE OR CONSULT YOUR TRAVEL AGENT

Tomorrow's Events

Municipal Opera, Forest Park, 8:45 p. m., "Wildflower." Luncheon, Advertising Club of St. Louis, Hotel Statler, 12:15 p. m. Speaker: Lieut. Col. R. A. Hiley, officer in charge of Jefferson Barracks post exchanges.

Board of Education Greenhouse, 3320 Elbow street, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Fancy-leafed caladiums and rex begonias.

Jewel Box, Forest Park, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Green, foliage, fancy-leafed begonias, caladiums, rubber plants, ferns and palms.

Missouri Botanical Garden, 2315 Tower Grove avenue, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Roses (outdoors), fancy-leafed caladiums (indoors).

Zoo, 10 a. m. sea lion feeding; 10:45 a. m. elephant training; 11 a. m. lion show; 11:30 a. m. chimpanzee circus; noon, giant panda feeding; 2:30 p. m. elephant training; 2:45 p. m. lion show; 3:15 p. m. sea lion feeding; 3:30 p. m. chimpanzee circus; 4:15 p. m. bear feeding; 4:30 p. m. water fowl feeding; 4:45 p. m. smaller mammal feeding; 5 p. m. large bird feeding.

3 MORE OFFICER-CANDIDATE RECRUITS JOIN WAAC HERE

Miss Betty Bertrand, Miss Sarah Ann Bagby and Miss Edna Chamberlain, Sworn In.

Three young women, a civil service employee, a private secretary and a school teacher, were sworn in today as officer candidates in the Woman's Auxiliary Army Corps by Lieut. Col. E. N. Frakes, in charge of the St. Louis recruiting office.

Youngest in the group and also youngest of the 14 women have taken the WAAC oath here was Miss Betty A. Bertrand, 21 years old, daughter of Mrs. Mary A. Bertrand, 610 North Skinner boulevard, a stenographer employed at the office of the United States District Engineer. She has been a civil service employee since graduation from Roosevelt High School in 1938. She will report for training at Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 7.

The oath was given also to Miss Sarah Ann Bagby, 24, 8911 Eager road, Richmond Heights, a private secretary, and Miss Mary Edna Chamberlain, 32, 3475 Hazel avenue, a teacher. They will report at Des Moines, Aug. 31.

HEROES OF PEARL HARBOR ARE HONORED AT BELLEVILLE

Defense Worker, "Too Old" for Active Service, Dedicates \$2500 Monument.

A group of about 200 persons witnessed yesterday the dedication of a \$2500 granite shaft, erected in memory of the heroes of Pearl Harbor, at Clinton Hill Cemetery, near Belleville, by George E. Hoffmann, retired farmer, whose land adjoins the cemetery.

Hoffmann was inspired to erect the 11-foot monument by the opening words of a letter from his namesake nephew, George E. Hoffmann, 25-year-old son of Mrs. Philip H. Hoffmann, 3924 North Nineteenth street, announcing his safety. His words, "I live, and am perpetuated on the monument by the Biblical text from St. John, 'Because I live, ye shall live also.'"

Rev. B. J. Koehler, pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical Church of Belleville, made the dedicatory address and Lowell C. Allen of the Belleville American Legion post spoke briefly. Hoffmann, 67 years old, now works at a St. Louis defense plant, to do his part in the war effort, "because I am too old to see active service."

Confirmed as Hawaii Governor.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—The Senate confirmed today the nomination of Judge Ingram M. Stainback as Governor of Hawaii without a dissenting vote. Stainback has been serving as Judge of the United States District Court of Hawaii. He succeeds Gov. Joseph B. Poindexter.

Father Flanagan Prays in Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—Monignor Edward J. Flanagan, Ignatius of Loyola, prayed in the Senate today for a victorious peace. He was introduced by Vice-President Wallace.

DR. OTTO L. MUENCH FUNERAL TOMORROW

Country Doctor at Washington, Mo., for 55 Years, Dies at 81.

Dr. Otto Lewis Muench, a country doctor at Washington, Mo., for 55 years, died of infirmities of age yesterday at his home at Washington. He was 81 years old.

He had continued active practice until a year ago, when he underwent an abdominal operation, from which he never fully recovered.

Dr. Muench, the son of a pioneer Franklin County pharmacist, was born at Washington. He was graduated from the Cincinnati (O.) College of Pharmacy and the Miami University Medical School at Cincinnati.

During the World War, Dr. Muench was a Captain in the Army Medical Corps, later being promoted to Major in the Reserve.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Minna Muench, whom he married 33 years ago; and four sons, Dr. Herbert Muench, St. Louis X-ray specialist, Otto Muench of Danville, Ill., Thomas Muench of Detroit, and Dr. Ludwig Muench, St. Louis physician who was convicted with his wife, Nellie Tipton Muench, in the baby mail fraud case here in 1938.

Funeral services will be at 2 p. m. tomorrow at the Otto & Co. undertaking establishment at Washington, with burial in Odd Fellows Cemetery there.

QUEEN WILHELMINA WELCOMED TO ALBANY BY GOV. LEHMAN

"Americans Proud to Be Your Allies," He Tells Dutch Monarch at Luncheon.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 27 (AP).—Gov. Herbert H. Lehman welcomed Queen Wilhelmina of The Netherlands to Albany today with a tribute to her country's fight to restore world freedom.

"We in the United States are proud to be your Allies," Lehman told the Queen, Princess Juliana, and their party at a luncheon in the executive mansion.

"You are fighting side by side with other members of the United Nations with grim determination to bring back freedom to a war-torn, sick world, and to end for all time the menace of a totalitarian lust for power."

Lehman met the royal party at the New York-Massachusetts State line after their trip from the Queen's summer home at Lee, Mass.

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WALTER LIPPMANN TODAY AND TOMORROW AFTER THE HONEYMOON

IT IS not a mere coincidence that Mr. Nelson, Mr. Henderson and Mr. McNutt have all arrived together at the end of their honeymoon period. Nelson now has more capacity to manufacture munitions than he is able to supply with material. Henderson has more civilian workers in the market for goods than there are goods available. McNutt has the Army and Navy and Merchant Marine and the war industries and agriculture and mining needing more men, needing more skilled men than are available where they are wanted when they are wanted.

None of these things was unexpected, and they have long been predicted. It has always been evident that as we succeed in making blinding for war should find that there was not enough of everything for everything; that the armed services would have to design task forces for this war and not a Universal Army-Navy air force, and cargo fleet for all conceivable war.

It has also been evident that if the cost of living was frozen, the kind of living that money can buy would have to be stripped of most luxuries, many conveniences and some supposed necessities. It has also been evident that more man power and women power would be needed than would turn up where they were needed by relying on the existing draft, on volunteering and on the ordinary labor market.

We have now reached the point where the things which were predicted have actually been dealt with. The Higgins contract has been canceled and Nelson is shutting down or slowing down certain arsenals. There is a localized, and perhaps temporary, shortage of munitions. The better prepared are cracked. The man power problem is beginning to cook.

The real question is whether we are prepared to deal with these problems of scarcity that were foreseen and predicted. The answer must be that we are not prepared, and I venture to suggest that the main reason why we are not prepared is that we are trying to deal indirectly with the fringes of these questions. We are wasting time and fraying our nerves over incidental controversies about priorities, celling and small items of taxation when we should be organizing the direct controls which are indispensable and unavoidable in a mobilization for total war.

THUS Nelson has promoted the conversion of industry with great success. But he will now be in difficulties because he did not listen soon enough and attentively enough to those who told him that he must take control of the supplies of all critical materials; that he must not only allocate them but actually organize their flow from the mines to the shipyards and arsenals.

Perhaps progress is being made. But only a few weeks ago it was the belief of many that the War Production Board had no system of knowing, except in the crudest and most general fashion, where the supplies of steel actually were at any particular time and whether in fact they were being used as received, or hoarded in one place while elsewhere machines and men stood idle.

Yet the organized control of the flow of materials is Nelson's job. It cannot be known whether the shortages are real or accidental, and he

cannot play his part effectively in forcing the Army and Navy and Merchant Marine to cut their coats to fit the cloth. The decline of Nelson's authority as against the armed services is in great part the consequence, I believe, of the fact that the Army and Navy have known more clearly what they wanted than Nelson has known how to fit the cloth. The reason he has not known is that he has been too slow to use his authority to organize a direct control over critical materials.

HENDERSON, I believe, is making a similar mistake when he places his whole emphasis on the maintenance of his price ceilings, and encourages people to watch them breathlessly and nervously. It is a waste of time and a diversion of interest to let the public think that the preservation of inflexible ceilings it depends whether we have "inflation" or do not have it.

Henderson's real problem in the time to come will be the rationing of goods that are scarce and the guaranteeing of the necessities of life to every citizen. Henderson does not keep prices level by ceilings even if wages and farm prices were frozen, and even if the tax bill were raised to the heroic level of Canada. There would still be vast reserves of purchasing power, from old stock and from war wages and salaries, which would press the markets where goods are scarce. And even if Henderson keeps the ceilings intact, the acute problem will still be, as any one can see in the case of tires, how to make ready for the impending "inflation" when consumer goods become very scarce.

This being a war economy, it may be said that in general we talk too much about money and think too little about things. It is things which matter most, not the wage rates and the theoretical prices and the paper profits, but the actual goods and how to get them effectively to the armed services, and how to distribute fairly what is left for the rest of us. And so if we learned to look at these problems more concretely and directly, rather than indirectly and in terms of money, we would save ourselves many useless disputes now and many headaches later.

(Copyright, 1942.)

TRAVELERS' AID INCREASES

Requests for travelers' aid services during the first five months of 1942 were seven times as great as in the corresponding period of 1941, Mrs. Dorothy Klein of Mulanphy Travelers' Aid Bureau at Union Station said in the Community Forum radio program yesterday.

Local travelers' aid societies are now co-ordinated with the United Service Organizations in serving armed forces and civilians in war work, she said.

PETRILLO RADIO RULE KILLS OWN PROGRAM

NBC Drops Grant Park Concerts After Protest Against St. Paul Station.

CHICAGO, July 27 (AP).—James C. Petrillo's contract troubles with radio station KSTP of St. Paul have removed from the air a program he organized — the Grant Park open air concerts in Chicago. The National Broadcasting Co. canceled the program when the Chicago office of the American Federation of Musicians protested against supplying it to KSTP, with which it has no contract. The musicians on the program are federation members. NBC said it was required to adopt a substitute program because of its contract to provide service during the period to KSTP.

Petrillo, president of the federation, organized the free concerts several years ago in his capacity as president of the Chicago Federation of Music and Chicago Park Commissioner.

CIVIL WAR VETERAN, 101, PREFERS TITLE OF 'ENSIGN'

Dr. George W. Tainter Says He Earned "That Rank," His "Colonelcy" Is Honorary.

Dr. George W. Tainter, a retired dentist of St. Charles, who was wounded and left for dead during the second battle of Bull Run in the Civil War, celebrated his 101st birthday anniversary yesterday. He insisted to friends that he be addressed as "Ensign" rather than "Colonel," as they had been calling him.

"I was appointed an honorary Colonel on the staff of former Gov. Herbert S. Hadley, but my Ensign's commission came the hard way," he said. "I got that when I worked my way up to gunboat commander in the Union Navy, which I joined after recovering from wounds suffered at Bull Run." The request was made at the close of a patriotic speech which, he later revealed, was taken from what he remembered of "a piece in my fourth-grade reader at school."

The story came after mass Dr. Tainter attended at St. Charles Borromeo Church. He rode to church, he said, because "my legs aren't so steady anymore." Attending the dinner were his three sons, Drs. George W. Jr. and Walter Tainter, both dentists, and Dr. Frank Tainter, a physician, and a daughter, Miss Mabel Tainter. Only a single candle decorated the birthday cake Dr. Tainter had insisted on.

For the Peace that will follow—

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51 OPENS AN ACCOUNT

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The Way of the Chinese

"Mr. Pan," by Emily Hahn. (Doubleday, Doran & Co., New York.)

ANOTHER of the St. Louis girls who went away to write is Emily Hahn. Her trail's end was not New York, but Shanghai, that amazing city which rumpled night club whiskey in the midst of the world's great conflagration until it was itself enveloped by the flames.

But "Mr. Pan" is rather less than the report of the witness of apocalyptic events. It is not even a very serious effort to explain to us the nature of our Chinese allies, nor an undertaking like Pearl Buck's "The Good Earth." It is definitely on the lighter side, but for that very reason it may well give a better inkling than do more pretentious works of the inscrutable ways of the Chinese—at least the Chinese of the amorphous international trading centers.

Many of these sketches appeared originally in the New Yorker, so the reader will know that they deal with the real thing, Mr. Pan and his amazing family—which offers a sample of just about every type of Chinaman the author wishes to discuss, including a traitorous brother who came to terms with the Japs. The ubiquitous Mr. Pan's attitudes toward women, money and almost everything else are, as a rule, as funny as they are exasperating.

His moral code is a mixture of corruption, bravery, resignation, optimism, fatalism and gallantry. It would not work in the Western world, and perhaps it worked none too well in the Orient. But then, this is a witty book hardly intended as a premise for profound observations.

ERNEST KIRSCHTEN.

How Planes and Pilots are Made.

"Getting Them Into the Blue," by Ernest K. Gann. (Thomas Y. Crowell Co., New York.)

"Randolph Field, a History and Guide," by Texas WFA Writers' Project. (The Devin-Adair Co., New York.)

IT IS a pilot who tells in "Getting Them Into the Blue" the story of how planes are planned, how they are made, how they are powered, the entire story of planes in their progress from the drafting boards and mock-ups through the great factories and out into the sky. There are sections about materials and their assembly from all parts of the world, and about the aircraft workers—the need for training, the working conditions, the future and the possibilities for advancement—all told by the pilot who has heretofore written a book on "Sky Roads and All-American Aircraft."

"Randolph Field" is the second in the Service Academy Series

CUT IN NON-WAR FUNDS EXCEEDS BILLION DOLLARS

Appropriations for Highways and Other Public Works Cut — Farm Security Allotment Down.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (AP).—A joint congressional economy committee, noting that it had recommended a \$1,801,076,000 reduction in non-war appropriations, reported yesterday that Congress had gone even further and cut civil expenditure by \$1,313,983,208.

At that, "the possibilities for economies have been no more than scratched," declared the report, released by Senator Byrd (Dem.), Virginia, chairman of the Senate House joint committee on reduction of non-essential Federal expenditures.

Cash savings on 1943 appropriations were set at \$1,183,983,208, and loan authorizations were reduced by \$130,000,000. The committee had urged reductions of \$1,313,076,000 and \$170,000,000 respectively.

Scrutiny of War Expenses.

The report added there was a growing need for examining the activities and expenditures of defense and war agencies.

"It is to be hoped," the report said, "that these agencies are approaching, at least, a leveling-off stage where efficiency and vigilance over practices properly may be demanded without interference with the maximum war effort."

"Heretofore, the committee has hesitated to call up these so-called war and defense agencies for minute examination because they were in the course of organization and because of the imperative nature of the business of most of them. However, it seems to be more and more evident that the time is approaching for the committee to change this policy."

"With the national debt standing today at approximately \$80 billion dollars, with it increasing every day at a tremendous rate necessitated by the war and augmented still further by other expenditures, and with unexpended war balances totaling 160 billion dollars, there is in prospect a national debt of at least 200 billion dollars by conservative estimates. This, of course, takes into consideration revenue which is meeting not more than 30 per cent of expenditures this year."

More for Rivers and Harbors.

Congress went considerably deeper than the committee's recommendations in some instances. Where the Federal Public Works Administration approved \$400,000,000 in the Works Projects Administration appropriation, Congress knocked off \$640,000,000.

However, where the committee had recommended saving \$27,830,000 by deferring river and harbor flood control improvements, Congress voted \$43,358,000 more than last year.

"The committee notes especially the abolition by the Congress of the Civilian Conservation Corps," the report declared. "This was recommended by the committee, and it marks the first complete dismantling of a major depression agency. The CCC had spent \$2,278,000,000 in eight and a half years. This indicates a step toward a more prudent fiscal policy suitable to a nation at war."

Less Aid for Underprivileged.

The committee said: "Abolishing the CCC and providing for the financial liquidation produced a net saving of \$238,960,000. Abolition of all non-defense functions of the National Youth Administration saved another \$33,767,000. Items totaling \$195,731,208 were dropped off the Department of Agriculture appropriation, the farm tenant program fund was cut by \$227,000,000, and the appropriation for administrative expenses of the Farm Security Administration by \$26,180,000.

Appropriations for Federal highway projects were \$50,300,000 below last year, and non-defense spending was down \$33,148,000.

A total of \$56,985,000 was saved on public works projects under supervision of the Interior Department.

"In addition to the savings specifically indicated," the report said, "other substantial sums will be saved during the 1943 fiscal year, such as those resulting from the 10 per cent reductions in travel appropriations made in some of the supply bills."

"Of course," the report said, "the committee does not claim sole credit for these reductions. Some of the agencies themselves cooperated in bringing them about. The Budget Bureau has worked diligently in reducing non-essential expenditures and in paring down budget recommendations.

"Many members of Congress, as individuals and as members of committees, have made invaluable contributions. And, of course, Congress has been the final authority."

Wants Tire-Saving Ideas.

Suggestions and recommendations for pooling automobiles, staggering working and school hours and other methods of conserving tires at St. Louis County residents were requested today from the general public and from private and governmental agencies by C. D. Hicks, recently appointed administrator of defense transportation for Clayton.

Big Bomber Battles Enemy Fighter, Then Bombs Kiska

Continued From Page One.

for the moment. Now the skipper calls the bombardier on the interphone. We're going down to look, he says, before we drop our bombs. Big bombers are built for high level work but circumstances alter cases. We've got to see what's under that fog. We dip into the soup and out again. This isn't the solid stuff we flew through coming out. This lies over the island in overlapping layers, like an out-of-focus sandwich. We head for the next hole and go rocketing down in a spiral dive. One of our bombers is still on our flank. What has become of the others we do not know.

3:06—The upper turret fires a quick burst, so he must be back. But we can't see him. Your spine creeps a little and you look back apprehensively, half expecting bullets to be coming through the side.

3:08—We're still going down, in and out of the clouds, and the top turret fires again, a short burst. He must be attacking each time we come in the clear, but we can't see him from here.

3:12—He appears ahead, momentarily, diving into a cloud and the navigator fires quickly. The Japanese plane vanishes, his wings flashing in the sun.

3:15—Our long glide has carried us down to the solid soup and we're diving through. We're out now and below us are broken clouds over Kiska Bay and a solid mass of mist backed up over the land. We're below the mountain now.

3:17—He's here again. He came from the left and the upper turret opened on him and now he's in front coming head on. The navigator is firing and the naval observer, fourth man in our tiny glider, is trying to bring his slide-mounted machine gun to bear. He's closer now and the smoke puffing from his plane is laced with white streaks of tracer coming our way.

My stomach sucks in and my breath comes fast. I wonder if I'll see the glass break in front before the bullets stitch a seam across my middle.

Clear View of Harbor.

3:22—He began an attack up through a cloud, but he didn't press it home. We're down to 2000 feet and except for bits of fluff we have a clear view of the harbor.

We cruise back and forth in figure eights across the harbor and along the mountain flank. The anti-aircraft should be coming up, but it doesn't come and after a while we begin to think it won't come at all. Occasionally we see our playmate skipping out of on the drifting clouds won't let us get a good look at our work, but we can see the upended hulk of the transport bombed and sunk by this plane three days ago.

There's another ship in there. We had a glimpse of it, anchored

near the lagoon, but we can't get at it this low and we won't be able to see it if we go higher. We can't see the tent village, but we know it's there and probably, the navigator says, we'll bomb that on a bearing from the peak.

3:34—We've started up again through the muck. The navigator says we're going to bomb and the bombardier is fiddling with his ballistic tables. Whatever destruction we are going to accomplish will be starting soon now. Our friend has vanished and we cling to an illogical hope that one of those bursts got him.

You yell at the navigator, asking how high we'll go to drop. He holds up one hand, the fingers spread. Five thousand feet. We're almost two thousand between two layers of clouds.

Artist at Work.

3:40—We're up in the clear again and the other three are still on our flank. We've come over the mountain and have begun our bombing run, an exercise in delicacy and calm for the skipper.

We must fly this course at the same speed and the exact level without the slightest deviation until the bombs are gone. Three little light lights in the cockpit will warn him if he starts to waver, but he must fly the plane himself. The bombardier bends over his work, consulting the laws of falling bodies and checking the odds on this blind shot. He wears the intent look of an artist at work, odd on his rocky unshaven face.

3:44—The bomb doors are open behind us. We're coming on the target and I'm breathing quickly, thinking what terror and death are about to turn loose and wondering if such merciless destruction can be dealt without something like terror in the dealer.

3:44—The bombardier's fingers move slightly on the switch. We hear a series of faint clicks. "Bombs on the way," the navigator says and grins. I haven't felt anything and I try to look back and back, wondering if I can see them fall. Can't it be as simple as that? From this height we can't even hear them hit above the motors' constant yell. Nor can we see that they accomplish under the mist.

3:46—We're in a circling dive, heading down under the blanket of soup again for the long run home. He's almost over, but not quite. The fighter breaks out of a cloud at the right and swings in front of us for one more try. Our guns open up momentarily and we see the darting white streaks of his tracer again and then he's gone.

3:50—The major asks the navigator for the homeward compass setting and the navigator reluctantly gives up his gun and turns to the charts. We're heading home. We're not there yet. There are plenty of dangerous miles ahead, but we're on our way.

BRITAIN WARNS GANDHI VICTORY MUST COME FIRST

Continued From Page One.

borne in mind that the Congress is essentially a Hindu organization. It can expect very little support from the Moslem minority. Even among the Hindus the response will vary from little to much depending on the Congress' strength in different regions and among different groups.

However, while the Hindus make up over half the Indian population and while Congress membership is no more than four millions, this is not necessarily a weakness for non-members give support to Congress campaigns.

Gandhi's influence is strongest in a belt running through the heart of India including Bombay in the southwest, the Central Provinces in the middle and the United Provinces in the north.

This zone is largely agricultural and contains a population of about 80 million. Here the Congress has a highly organized network of local centers touching even the smallest villages. Outside this area Congress' grip is weaker, though in several provinces it is strong enough to stir up considerable agitation.

High Wages a Factor.

Naturally, the biggest concern of the British is the extent to which Gandhi may be able to dislocate the country's industrial production, all-important to the war effort. The Congress movement is a Communist and Radical Democrats who claim to control the majority of the labor unions may be able to spike any effort of the Congress minority to paralyze production. Moreover, it is pointed out that the high wartime wage level may discourage strikes in munitions plants.

In the big textile manufacturing city of Ahmedabad and in a number of smaller industrial centers, however, Gandhi has labor under his thumb and probably could, if he wishes, cause serious tie-ups. The danger is that the withdrawal even of a small percentage of factory workers would lead to dangerous complications.

One of the keys to the success or failure of Gandhi's movement is the attitude of India's businessmen, big and little. In the past the businessmen have given strong support to Gandhi's movements. It was good business for them to do so. The boycott of British goods and enlargement of India's political power meant more profits for them. But now the businessmen are different now with Indian capitalists holding millions of dollars worth of fat war contracts. They will be reluctant to abandon them. If any number of businessmen and small industrialists fall into line

with Gandhi's campaign, it is more likely to be for reasons of political expediency than nationalistic enthusiasm.

Communist Students.

In previous movements the wholehearted backing of Indian students has made it possible for Gandhi completely to dislocate India's educational system. Students walked out en masse. This time, however, the Communist-dominated All-India Students' Federation, which influences nearly half the country's university students, is not on his side. It is opposed to any disruption of the war effort.

Nevertheless, it is likely that any appeal by Gandhi to the nation's students to go on strike would elicit considerable response. Gandhi's primary stronghold of influence is in rural districts and in the cities of terrorism running through the heart of India including Bombay in the southwest, the Central Provinces in the middle and the United Provinces in the north.

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with Gandhi's campaign, it is more likely to be for reasons of political expediency than nationalistic enthusiasm.

27,000 ARRESTED IN PARIS IN PARADES TO GERMAN CAMPS

Continued From Page One.

Most are Jews — Nazis Apparently Trying to Force French to Send More Workers.

NEW YORK, July 27 (AP).—Twenty-seven thousand persons, mostly Jewish residents of Paris, have been rounded up and sent to concentration camps by the Germans, according to reliable information reaching the Associated Press in New York, as a measure to increase pressure on the French to supply the Nazi war industry with more skilled workers.

The arrests were made by the French police on orders from the Gestapo (German secret police), it was learned today. The seizures, however, aroused such resentment among the people of Paris that they now have been discontinued.

"In the name of patriotism," the company told the board, "Inland is compelled to do a thing which it believes to be wrong. Because the alternative would interfere with war production."

The company accepted without comment the order granting workers a wage increase of 44 cents a day to a minimum of 78 cents an hour. However, it told the WLB that it reserved the right of appeal should the order be reversed, which provides for a maintenance of union contract clause and a union dues check-off, and "the right to terminate compliance with said provisions in case of a judicial determination that it is invalid."

The company, which has been denied an extension of time by the board pending an appeal to the Labor Relations Act, the Indiana Anti-Injunction Act and the Indiana wage assignment law. (The company's principal plants are in Indiana.)

The number of those who have gone to Germany is considerably below the number requested by the Germans and European diplomatic circles have predicted that some new action might be expected within the next 10 days.

All Jews in Reich Reported Being Deported to Poland.

ISTANBUL, July 27 (AP).—Information reaching here yesterday said that nearly all Jews are now being deported from Germany and the Nazi police have orders that every Jew in Germany should be in Poland by Aug. 1.

The report said the Jews were being moved in cattle cars.

(The Netherlands news agency, Aneta, said in a London dispatch Saturday that mass deportations of Jews were started from Holland last Thursday and that 60,000 already have been sent from Amsterdam to Poland and Russia.)

255 Arrested in Rumania in Anti-Sabotage Drive.

BERN, Switzerland, July 27 (AP).—Dispatches from Bucharest stated today 255 persons have been sent to concentration camps or have been confined to their homes under house arrest in a new drive against sabotage and anti-Government activity in Rumania.

Interpreting The War News

Continued From Page One.

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The two lines, under the same management, are the Suburban Service Bus Co., running from North Broadway into northern St. Louis County, and the St. Louis County Bus Line, running out Gravois road to Fenton. Last night's meeting was called by William M. Renner Jr., assistant supervisor of the Missouri Public Service Commission.

The union, Local 1240 of the AFL-Amalgamated Association of Street & Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees, was protesting against the discharge of two employees in a dispute over preparation of reports required by the company. Arbitration agreed on by the company and the union also will determine terms of a new contract, replacing one which expired June 30. The union is asking that minimum wage be increased from 68 to 90 cents an hour.

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4. In time, place and method, it should be very thoroughly and completely co-ordinated with the efforts of the Soviet forces in order to obtain the maximum effect for a given and limited expenditure of force;

5. Bearing in mind all the factors of time, place and weather, the effort should be such as to be well within the means available for its execution.

We should, however, remember that we are dealing with a subsidiary and not a main effort. We do not have the strength to seek a decisive victory in Western Europe this year. Our purpose here is diversion, not decision. Hence even military defeat of the diversionary force might actually represent success for the main object, if in order to defeat the diversionary force the Germans had to be enabled the Russians to attain their 1942 objectives.

This is the first of three articles by Maj. Elliot on the second front.

LELAND STOWE SUGGESTS U. S. BAR CANDY AS SACRIFICE

Continued From Page One.

Stowes (Ruth, who is Mrs. Stowe, and their two sons, Bruce and Alan). Aside from the hopeless business in Burma, I suppose being cut off from mail has been chiefly responsible. At least, our boys who fight in Europe or Africa won't have to go nearly seven months without letter from home.

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It's good to know Alan is going places with his guitar and mail route. I'm rather dismayed, though, to learn that Bruce (older boy) is wearing some of my suits with nothing but the sleeves altered. Much more of the war and I'll come home to find myself the shortest one in the family.

Sugar and gasoline rationing in America is good news—but that's about all the good news I'm getting about my state. With gas limitations sounds pretty soft to me. Here you have two or three lumps of sugar a day—I mean privileged correspondents, not the Russian people—or you have none at all for days at a stretch.

Caviar—Little Else.

We newspaper men are very well off here, even though limited to one hot meal a day. At night there's only cheese and ham or cheese and salami. Sometimes at night we've had a single choice of caviar for nights in a row and, as one British correspondent says, "Man cannot live by caviar alone." Of course, he can't. But we've actually had strawberries and often of late. You've no idea what a treat that is.

I often think that if everyone in America had to eat a cold supper as simple as ours every day, for at least six months, it would give a tremendous psychological lift to war effort—especially if with that, each man had to do without any candy and with a ration of three packs of cigarettes a week for one month. Think how such a regime would bring increased consciousness of the whole American people.

In Russia, if the scores of millions of people and one-tenth of the food American people take for granted, they'd still find their lot very greatly improved. But the Russians live with tight belts and work 18 or 14 hours a day in their war industries and plants. These people are really sacrificing—sacrificing as Americans have done since the people of our Southern States bore hunger and poverty in the last years of the Civil War. That's why it means so much to be here.

Out of Touch With U. S.

During the last 12 months I have seen only half a dozen editions of American papers. That will give you an idea of how out of touch we feel here as regards America. It is impossible for me to imagine what America is like since some of our home folks discovered that "nobody will ever dare attack the United States" was the costliest folly ever preached in America. How I'd love to have a chance to talk with some of them now. But I'm sure that most of them have rolled up their sleeves since Dec. 7. The other day, Walter Graebner of Life came in. He had left New York only six weeks ago and how we piled him with questions! Are the folks at home ready to fight as the Russians are fighting? Are we for no matter how long? Will the ilton Fish dare to run for Congress again? Do the people at home realize that Nazi Germany is America's public enemy number one—that Hitlerism alone is the most terrible menace to the preservation of free American government?

Well, you can see why it's hard to remain away many months when you know that some of this war's decisive battles must be fought at home. Personally, I'm as fit as a fiddle. But what's the use of that? I can't do anything but roll up my sleeves since Dec. 7. The other day, Walter Graebner of Life came in. He had left New York only six weeks ago and how we piled him with questions! Are the folks at home ready to fight as the Russians are fighting? Are we for no matter how long? Will the ilton Fish dare to run for Congress again? Do the people at home realize that Nazi Germany is America's public enemy number one—that Hitlerism alone is the most terrible menace to the preservation of free American government?

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Y
R**

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MY CAR**

**AND I'D LIKE TO
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Kammann Bldg., 3115 S. Grand, near Arsenal, LA. 2806
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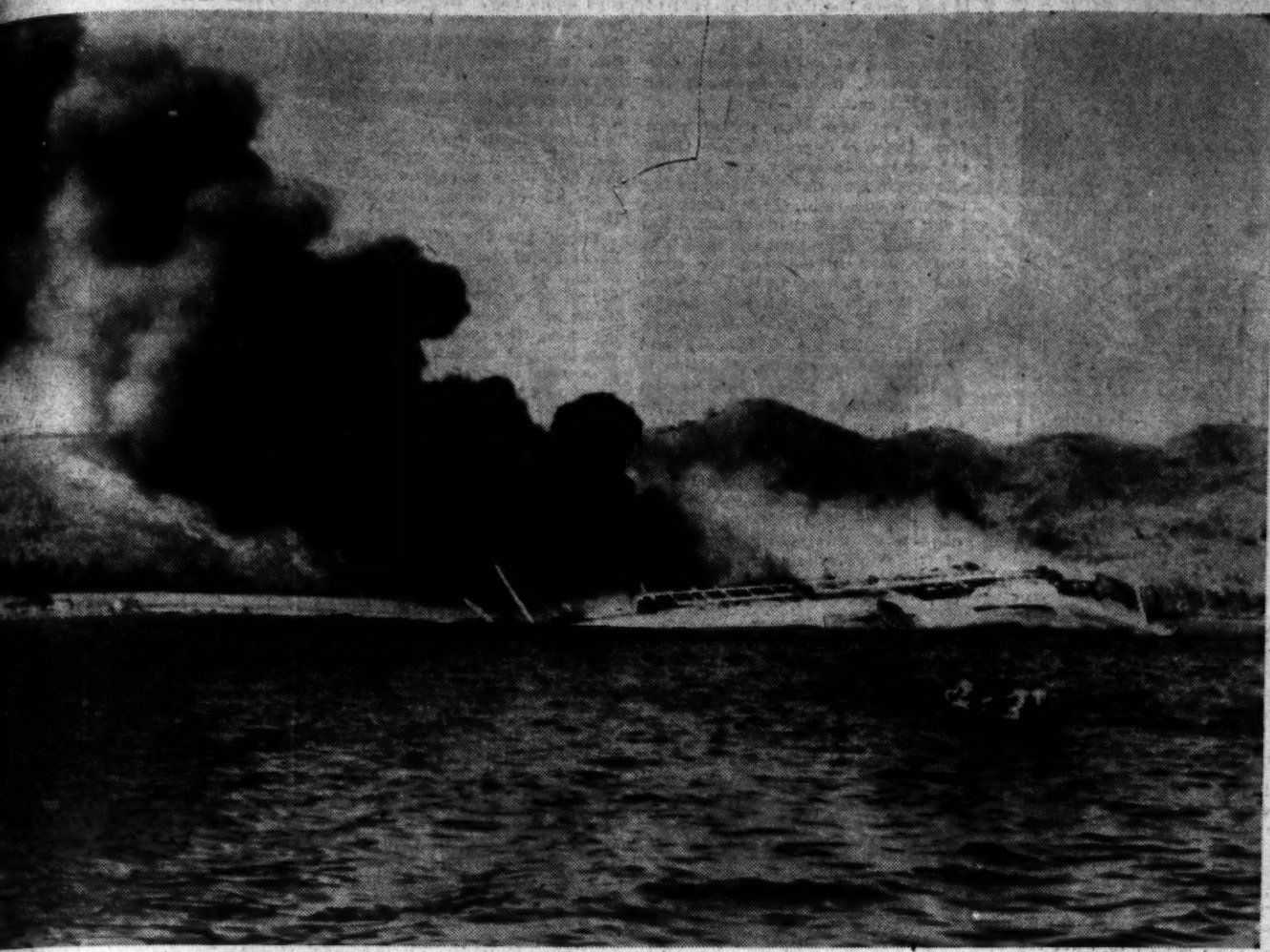
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Loans made of \$100 or less, 3%
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WE operate a loan service that places
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Bldg., 407 N. 8th St., CE. 4076
EMPLOYED women or housewives
can get \$5 to \$100 on their own
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Bombed Australian Transport



After hammering at Port Moresby for two days, Japanese bombers finally sank this Australian transport, shown sending up a cloud of black smoke. The ship drifted onto a reef and heeled over. Men in the small boat were looking for victims. —Associated Press Wirephoto.



BRITISH PILOTS LIKE THIS U. S. FIGHTER Battle-trained Royal Air Force pilots have given their approval to the American-built Mustang fighter planes, such as the one shown above. They are the American equivalent of Britain's famous Hurricanes. Assigned to the R.A.F. Army Co-operation Command, they are being used on many missions. While their armament is secret, the Mustangs are reported to have reached a speed of 400 miles an hour. —International News Photo.



CHINA HONORS TOKYO BOMBERS Three Army Air Force officers who participated in the April 18 bombing of Tokyo were decorated with the Military Order of China in Walter Reed Hospital in Washington by Maj. Gen. Shih-Ming Chu, military attaché of the Chinese Embassy. The flyers were injured in a plane crash sometime after the raid. They are, seated, from left: Lieut. Charles McClure, formerly of University City; Capt. Harold F. Watson, West Hartford, Conn.; and Capt. Ted W. Lawson of Los Angeles. Brig. Gen. James H. Doolittle, who led the raid, stands second from right.

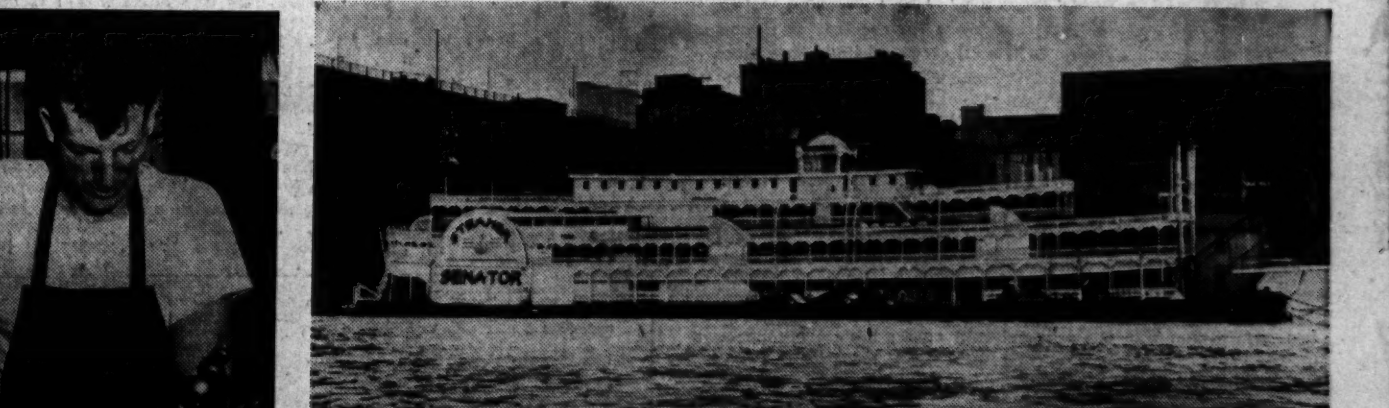
Delivering U. S. Planes to Russia



An Army military attaché and members of the crew leaving a United States medium bomber after ferrying it to a Russian-controlled airport somewhere in the Middle East, where the long-range planes are turned over to Soviet airmen to be flown to Russia. Before taking the planes from the field, the Russian airmen are given a short period of instruction by the American flyers. From left: Maj. Ondrick, military attaché; Capt. Joseph Mackey, Co-pilot Jesse Blevans, Navigator Clinton Campbell and Radioman Wesley Joslyn. —Associated Press Wirephoto.



FLYING INSTRUCTION In the shade of an American bomber at a Russian-controlled airport somewhere in the Middle East, Soviet Senior Lieut. Nikolai Obosenko (left), an engine expert; Lieut. Bill Stewart (center), United States Army pilot, and Lieut. Ivan Anikanov (right), Soviet pilot, talk flying without the aid of an interpreter. Anikanov later flew the bomber to Russia. Before leaving the ferry field, insignias on the big planes are changed from American to Russian. —Associated Press Photo.



RIVER STEAMER REMODELED FOR NAVY The Streckfus excursion steamer Senator is being refitted here for use by the Navy and Coast Guard as a recruiting and training ship. —By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

MILLINER TURNS MACHINIST
Mrs. Emily Harrison (left) was a milliner in a Peoria, Ill., apparel shop until her husband was drafted. Then she took over the management of his small machine shop and already has landed three war orders, which will necessitate enlargement of the shop's current payroll of five workmen. From designing smart hats to learning the intricacies of machines is a large step, and she frequently turns to her workmen for advice. —Associated Press Photo.

BROADWAY

By WALTER WINCHELL

Portrait of a Man Peeking at a Portable

VAUDEVILLE is still dead if you want to get fussy about it. But it's stronger than ever on the election platforms. . . . Charm is what Carmen Castillo (Mrs. Cugat) has up at the Starlight Roof at the Waldorf. . . . This is how quiet the G-Men work. When those spies landed at Amagansett Beach, War Correspondents John T. Whitaker and Jay Allen never heard a murmur of it. They were working in a house a little bit from the scene. First they knew of it was reading about it in the gazettes. . . . The current number of a screen mag looks positively silly with its announcement: "The Cary Grant-Barbara Hutton romance has reached the fixating stage." . . . Col. Gomez, the playboy and spender, is with us again. The Venezuelan Gov't, which barred him once, welcomed him back, and turned over to him the three million smacker estate confiscated from his parent. . . . Rarely carries less than \$100 bills—for tips. . . . I wish the "Ecstasy" people would quit using that blurb I gave them all those years ago. It is misleading to the public. As shown today, the film contains very little of the original, and all episodes objected to by the censor have been tossed out. The story has been changed and all that is left seems to be the name. . . . The book by Curt Reiss is due at the end of the month. A fictionalized story of the real way some prominent Nazis bamboozled the Int'l Set of local society.

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comed him back, and turned over to him the three million smacker estate confiscated from his parent. . . . Rarely carries less than \$100 bills—for tips. . . . I wish the "Ecstasy" people would quit using that blurb I gave them all those years ago. It is misleading to the public. As shown today, the film contains very little of the original, and all episodes objected to by the censor have been tossed out. The story has been changed and all that is left seems to be the name. . . . The book by Curt Reiss is due at the end of the month. A fictionalized story of the real way some prominent Nazis bamboozled the Int'l Set of local society.

THE G-WHIZZERS bagged a bloke who said he was another saboteur, who landed via sub. He turned out to be an escaped wacko from the Tolly lousy house and is now in the Bellevue cage. . . . Among other things worse than the humidity is the radio sponsor who keeps prefacing the commercial with: "Ever since Pearl Harbor more people eat bread. . . . Pearl Harbor is a shrine, not a commercial! . . . Hot weather hints: The top of the Empire State Bldg. The breezy corner at Rockefeller Center. A ride on the ferry—the tunnels in Central Park, or Beverly Hills, California, where you have to wear a topcoat after sundown. . . . When the sun hits those mirrors which spell out the "Yankees" film, it blinds workers across the street.

A NEW YORK DOCTOR is preparing to announce a fool-proof method by which people may improve their own gas masks. . . . Made of an ordinary rubber bathing cap and a sardine can. . . . Henry Youngman just interrupted to tell of a street war in front of the Club 51. . . . The big fellow snarled at the little guy: "I'll knock your brains out!" . . . To which the little guy replied: "That'll make me as smart as you!" . . . That Bronx athletic club, exposed as a Bund front, held a "secret" meeting the other night. . . . Watch them jump from the bund-wagon when the FBI picks them up. . . . Babe Ruth didn't give much thought as to whether "The Pride of the Yankees" film was a white-tie or black-tie premiere. . . . The Babe showed up with his throat bared, very informal, m'dear.

CASE RECORDS

By Dr. George W. Crane

CASE W-156: Jeff T., aged 35, is manager of a life insurance agency.

"I was very much interested in your Case Record about policemen," he said. "One of my worries consists of how to criticize or correct some of my men without endangering their ill will. It is absolutely necessary to reprove them at times, for they occasionally make errors. But as you said yesterday, Dr. Crane, nobody likes to be reprimanded. How can I criticize without losing the friendship and admiration of the person I am correcting? I'd even apply your technique on my wife, too, if it will work safely, for there are several little things she does that irritate me, yet I hesitate to tell her for fear she'll be offended."

DIAGNOSIS: "Whenever you find yourselves in the unpleasant spot of having to criticize or correct your associates, always think of the word 'sandwich.' The 'sandwich method' is the very best psychological technique for meeting just such a delicate situation. It is quite true that we resent being shown up. We seldom like the idea of being corrected, even though it may be for our own best interests. One reason why school teachers are not as popular as they might be, is the fact that much of their work consists of correcting children's speech and their written examinations. In the sandwich method, however, you can administer reproof or criticism without losing the friendship and affection of the individual who receives it.

MAKE YOUR CRITICISM the middle layer of a psychological sandwich. The top layer should be an honest compliment about some praiseworthy trait possessed by the individual. Then gracefully slide into your actual reproof by the "I wonder, Pete, if you wouldn't close more of your insurance prospects if you'd employ the minor decision. That is the established plan and you haven't been using it lately." This may deflate his ego somewhat. But remember, you previously inflated it by your original layer of the sandwich which was a bona fide compliment. But to make sure that your reproof hasn't more than offset that first compliment, finish your sandwich method with a final layer of compliment. Please observe that I do not use the words "flatter" or "flattery." A compliment is a sincere statement of praise for some demonstrable virtue that warrants commendation.

"AS WE MUST account for every idle word," said sage old Benjamin Franklin, "so we must for every idle silence!" And most of us are guilty of being too silent, at least as regards the virtues and commendable traits in our associates. We stumble throughout life, wrapped up in dreams or plans for our personal advancement, thus relatively ignoring the ego hunger of our families and friends or co-workers and employees. We should all make it a deliberate point to pay honest compliments. This process requires conscious attention, however, for it isn't natural to praise others. Make the sandwich method a conscious technique, therefore, and you'll advance rapidly, both in friendship and salary.

Vaccination As Protection From Colds

By Logan Clendening, M.D.

IN MODERN war conditions, absenteeism on account of illness represents an extremely serious problem. Of all causes of absenteeism, the greatest is from colds, flu and respiratory infections in general. To reduce the incidence of these diseases the use of vaccines has long been employed, but it is difficult to assess the amount of success which has resulted.

In America, as I have reported for several years, there is little or no good result. This may be due to extreme changes in our climate, or it may be due to the fact that the protective vaccines against the colds are not given early enough in the season.

A report from England indicates that perhaps the last has more to do with it than we in America have believed, and that if a vaccination against colds and flu were started about this time of year, the results might be better.

I was surprised to see an article the other day by a well-known bacteriologist in which he said that he considers the use of cold vaccines as having been sufficiently protective to continue their use. However, he was careful to specify that he did not intend to indicate that he could prevent the primary infection, but simply to modify the secondary infection that comes after the cold is established.

So far as flu is concerned, the use of a new form of protective vaccine has given fair results in various industries in England. For instance, among the workers inoculated, 35 per cent lost time as compared with 51 per cent in the group who had had no protection.

In the case of the common cold in England it was found in one factory that from January to March the workers who had been protected in the late summer by flu and cold vaccines showed a reduction of 31 per cent in the number of days lost.

It remains to be seen whether these results can be duplicated in America, but one thing is certain, if the protective immunity is to be established, it must be done by vaccination in the summer months.

THE CAUSE OF the common cold has not been certainly identified, but it is probably a virus. The thing that happens during a cold is, first, infection by the virus, which causes an illness that lasts 24 to 48 hours. This virus infection makes the mucous membrane of the nose particularly susceptible to secondary infection with the pus-forming bacteria, staphylococci and others.

Against this secondary infection it is possible to prepare a vaccine because the bacteriological laboratory can easily identify the secondary invaders. But since no one has isolated the primary virus, it is impossible to prepare a vaccine against it. So the "cold vaccine" cannot be guaranteed to prevent the catching of colds, but it is reasonable to say that it reduces the number of days of sickness.

Questions and Answers. M. T. G.: What is emphysema, its cause and how does this disease affect a person?

Answer: Emphysema is a chronic condition of the lungs which particularly affects middle-aged people of a heavy habitus. It also affects those who have been accustomed to hard manual labor and is probably due to a breakdown of the delicate tissues between the lung cells. The symptoms are shortness of breath and wheezing. Treatment is not very satisfactory. The best that can be done is to reduce the amount of strain on the lungs by rest and try to restore the elasticity.

I. V. M.: Is there any way a bunion of the great toe can be removed?

Answer: Yes. Sometimes a bunion yields to the use of pads, especially designed shoes and local applications. It can also be removed by surgery if it is bad enough.

The Too-Thin Girl

By Patricia Lindsay



ANNE WYNNE, MOVIE STARLET, SAFEGUARDS HER BEAUTY BY EATING WELL-BALANCED MENUS. HERE SHE LUNCHES ON A SALAD AND A GLASS OF MILK.

IT is amazing how many too-thin girls there are in the United States—girls who actually realize they are unattractively underweight and wish to make their figures more lovely.

No longer does the well-informed physician ask an underweight patient to eat a lot of rich desserts, drink a lot of cream and eat the fats of meat—to gain weight. They know that underweights are lacking in certain food essentials and they try to determine which they are and then prescribe them. If that is impossible, they write out a well-balanced eating plan and request the patient to follow it to the letter for three weeks or a month.

Nervousness and fretting are likely to be the companions of the too-thin type. They should stop worrying at once and realize they worry only because their bodies are not healthful. Then they should cease pampering themselves and put themselves under firm voluntary discipline as to rest, play, eating and sleeping.

Whether they like certain foods or not, they should eat them. They should include them in their weekly menus, and eat them with interest. Food to them is rather like medicine—it may not be nice to take but it helps to make them better and more beautiful!

Fresh or stewed fruit, or juices at every meal. Plenty of fresh vegetables the leafy as well as the root; whole grain cereals for breakfast with honey and cream, and in breads and muffins. At least three parts of butter a day, a quart or pint of milk; mostly lean meats and fish (easier to digest) and of course eggs in puddings and eaten for breakfast or luncheon. At least one raw salad every day—vegetable or fruit. Cheese, nuts, tomato juice and other such things to whet the appetite.

As the body requires exercise to function properly, the thin girl should walk out-of-doors (or play a competitive game) for at least one half hour. An hour would be better. And she should sleep nine, 10 or 11 hours every night until she feels so rested that eight or nine hours will suffice.

Leaflet No. 11 is for underweights. If you request it write Miss Lindsay, care of this paper and enclose a self-addressed, stamped (3 cent) envelope to cover mailing cost.

UNDER THE APPLE TREE

THEY greet you cordially and suggest that it would be wise to sit in the shade under the shade of the apple tree. They offer you their most comfortable chair.

The conversation is suddenly interrupted by a slithering sound in the tree, followed by a "plump" a few feet behind you. You jump. They notice your alarm and reassure you. They say it is "just an apple." They change the subject quickly by asking you when you last heard from Nelly.

It occurs to you that "just an apple" may weigh close to a quarter of a pound and try to figure what would be the velocity of a missile dropped from a height of some 15 feet. Should it land on your head, would it fracture your skull or merely knock you unconscious.

Thus, occupied, it is somewhat difficult to recall when you heard from Nelly or what Nelly said, which seems unimportant compared with your imminent prospect of becoming a casualty. Another slithering in the treetop and you know another apple is on the way down. You draw up your shoulders and shiver. Will it be a direct hit? Plump! It missed you by inches.

You recall that, in air raids, people rush to shelters or throw themselves flat on the ground. Could you throw yourself on the ground? Timidly you inquire if anyone has ever been hit by an apple. They say the chances would probably

work out at not more than one-half of 1 per cent. The assurance is accompanied by another "plump!"

You say, if they don't mind, you think you will move your chair out where you can have the full benefit of the sun. They tell you to go ahead. But, they warn, they won't be held responsible if you get a sunstroke.

CHRISTOPHER BILLOPP.

Crispy Salad. One-half cup sliced cucumbers, one-half cup sliced radishes, one-half cup asparagus, canned or frozen, two tablespoons minced green pepper, one tablespoon minced parsley, six small pickled onions, one cup cream, chichory or shredded lettuce, one-quarter cup grated cheese.

Chill and combine ingredients. Serve in a bowl and pass French dressing.

Provide Handwork For Child

By Angelo Patri

SLOWLY the war creeps into our homes. Our outside activities have been reduced considerably. We stay home more, and life centers in the family circle more than it has since the Colonial days. But our homes do not offer the work those old homes knew so abundantly, and we are hard pressed to find useful, interesting work for the children.

The children who suffer most from the war depression are those old enough to worry but not old enough to look outside of home for useful occupation. They must be kept busy. Reading is not just what is needed. They hold the book but worry slips in between the lines and no good comes of it. They need something to do with their hands.

The girls can sew. They can make clothes for themselves and for the younger ones, if there is material and some supervision. Boys and girls can sew on patchwork quilts. There are some beautiful samples of old quilts to be seen in the museums and in local shows. Perhaps there is a family heirloom that can be mended. Making a quilt like those of Colonial days is an interesting occupation. If the pattern is an original one with the children, so much the better.

WEAVING is a fine pastime, and most useful. Every family has rags and these can be washed, dyed, sewed, wound into balls, then woven in mats, carpets, drapes, couch covers—hosts of things for the household use. Boys and girls alike love weaving. Who owns a loom? Maybe one can be borrowed, or one can be bought.

Making scrapbooks is a good way to fill a leisure hour. A collection of war cartoons would be invaluable in years to come. A bookful of editorials, that can be made, one of headlines—the world is full of scraps for such books. Collections of one sort and another fill many books and bring comfort and profit to their owners.

Making pictures out of scraps cut from colored pictures is a fine creative occupation. Plan the picture, say a house with a bit of garden, a bit of the sea with sky and ships, maybe fishermen, gulls, people at work. Plan the picture carefully and then cut out the colored pictures from old magazines, catalogs and advertisements and mount them so as to make the picture. When it is completed give it a coat of white shellac.

IF THERE is a place for a work bench, much can be done with bits of wood. Old furniture can be scraped and refinished and covered. Toys and models, bits of wood carving, metal work (tin cans yield tin that makes fine ornaments, as the work of the Mexicans prove).

Provide handwork for all the children. There is something about the feel of work in the hands that soothes the mind and comforts the spirit. It drives away fear and steadies the will. Busy hands lay the foundation for courage and usefulness in time of emergency.

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE by WYNN

Tuesday, July 28. BACKGROUND vibrations continue strong and good for all worthy purposes today; but there is a leaning toward wastefulness and dissipation of energy along the mind and comfort sense would veto. Watch contention, especially in evening hours.

Different Factors, Same Answer. The end-result of a problem, or of a human event, gives no evidence whatever of the factors which formed to bring it about. A plus B equals 1,000,000. X minus Y equals 1. There are innumerable ways in which the unknowns in these equations could produce these given results. Two men get married. Same result, but there are innumerable motives, reasons, differences between why each married.

Your Year Ahead. Your year ahead, because anniversary is today, will be progressive, perhaps romantic, and promising—if you try extra hard. Apply yourself, be seen. Friends important this year. Danger: Nov. 1-9; March 2-15; July 1-15.

Wednesday. Tendency to shift, change and push without enough sense of direction.

To feed an army of three and a half million men, 20 million pounds of food must daily be purchased, shipped, tabulated and issued.

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Seeking the Truth

By Elsie Robinson

TERRIBLE days. History moving so fast that it's blurred before our comprehension and, though we live at the very core of the problem, we're still remote from the action, we Americans. We're bewildered. We're not afraid. We're confident that we and the other Allied nations will come out some day. But we can't figure the thing out. It's too big for us. . . . too far from our vision of life. We can see that we ourselves have fallen as far short of preparedness as did England, Poland and the Low Countries. But what is the right answer? How should we feel about this whole thing—you and I—as we stand above our dispatches or work at our office files?

There are the questions which lie in all of our hearts today, confusing us all. And they bring to my mind a quotation. It is a remark by J. Krishnamurti. Remember him, the young Hindu who was thought to be by many the reincarnate Christ? I do not know what has become of him now, but many of the sayings he has left seem to have an almost divine understanding. They have that quality which Christ's own sayings had, of striking deep and straight to the secret questioning of each common soul. The following paragraph, for example, though it was written long before this maddening war began:

"You wish to discover for yourselves," he said, "something that will give you serenity, certainty in life, a purpose, an ecstasy which comes from that purpose, which is really creative energy. You are, in other words, trying to seek truth. You are as uncertain and as frightened as the wild birds which come to the lakes in these woods. You are not one-pointed, anyone can disturb you. Those who are certain and have already made up their minds are people apart, but of those there are few in the world."

You are seeking truth. But where can you find truth in all this murk of uncertainty? You want to be fair, but how can you know what is fair—how can you be certain? What's the answer? I don't know it myself. I'm as frightened and confused as you are, and as discouraged. But I can tell you how I'm trying to win through despite my ignorance and bewilderment. I'm clinging hard to those fundamentals of decency which I have found through experience, extend to all human life wherever it may function. And I'm fighting to protect those standards in my own life and the life of my nation. But even as I cling and fight I am reaching out for more truth . . . for a fuller realization of world life.

I fully believe we Americans are the finest and most successful people on earth. But because of that

very success, we are often most ignorant. We rarely bother to understand conditions beyond our own boundaries, or even within them. If we don't like a situation, we laugh it off, and take the kids off to a movie. But at last we are up against a situation which cannot be laughed off, which has penetrated even our isolated comfort world war.

What do we know about world war, we average Americans? To be brutally honest, we know darn little. We are not a student nation. We like to read detective stories and gaga romances . . . or go to the movies . . . or play bridge. But Seeking Honest Information From Expert Authorities is not our national habit. But we'd better make it one. And quick. And there's only one way to relieve our national ignorance and prejudice. Read the books of the intelligent commentators who have been through this war so far and know what it's all about.

Seeking the truth? You'll never get it by gossiping over the back fence with Mamie or gabbling with the boys in the office. You'll have to dig for it in the places where it's found. And until you do, you have no right to an opinion.

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My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

DEAR MRS. CARR: We are two girls, age 15, and have camp for their annual water car. Would it be all right for us to have? One mother approves, the other

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

I'm too busy taking your measure and stop squirming. Along with hoping-to-Betsy that your paint-box nonsense out of your some stranger mistakes you for a pal. Stop-at-Nothing set, I've also got my against this blind-date business. Spurn breakfast cereal unless it's a matter trusted friends.

No, I don't approve of unchaperoned year-old flutters more than I do in department store windows at high noon please wait for a little more growing the unfettered freedoms of self-made bus

IN ANSWER TO "Young Marriage" hours with a high-priced psychiatrist, where along the line, you've failed to be seriously you realize that, and the "dread outlet for repressed shame. You're so lived up to your share of the matrimonial mind you escape from fact by comparison specimen, with a former sweetheart cent human being and 90 per cent you recommend a "second honeymoon, even days. Leave the children with relatives tired housewife possibly can, and try to

years. Even so, they're stronger than Mr. Wonderful-in-Your-Mind as he is too responsibilities of his own, you probably second glance unless he owed you moon-calf idealization is a fantasy-spinning to meet and square off at the life living. Won't you try being grown up ing it is?

IN ANSWER TO "Brown Eyes": V and star-studded bonnet, I can't even have the boy friend's heart and affections comparing the situation with similar ticks under-twenties, I'd say that flickers his list; that he wants to date other girls; turbed about the possibility of getting his gied. Don't, if you want to be a shrewd for other aquires; come out from behind around for new churls to conquer. And you're moping. It's a point of justified

IN ANSWER TO "H. T. M.": I s Girl's Protective Association, 807 Equitab street. Call Mrs. Speer at Central 7440; appointment, tell her the circumstances can to help you.

IN ANSWER TO "J. J. C.": Contr friend and double-talking boy friend w truth of this hush-hush conversation. Be the-back chatter is to face it squarely, frankly.

Multiple We

By Emily Post

IT DOES seem to me that this column subject of weddings—but since wedding higher and higher no matter how many war, I don't know what I can do about

on trying to answered by there seems example, I asked about and to the preparations ing direction know, all the must, of course, I be wise to for information apply in person wherever the take place.

To the question of whether the difference what they choose, this seemingly depends on the. I have never been to one of these photographs I have seen all the brides worn white; at others they have worn hats. In only one picture were their clothes, of course, a complete difference between which a dozen or more couples are all ceremony, and successive ceremonies such as at military academies where each performed, and merely follows closely after another completely separate wedding

DEAR MRS. POST: Is the bride's thank-you notes for wedding presents from personal friends of the bridegroom? What about the presents sent from friends were certainly sent because of him, not sent from him would be much more

Answer: It is an unbreakable obligation to write a thank-you note for every gift especially in this evidence of appreciation present is sent to her by friends of the doesn't know. Of course, if the present is therefore belongs to him, then he must write as a matter of fact, gifts sent to a bride but neither are they usual.

very success, we are often most ignorant. We rarely bother to understand conditions beyond our own boundaries, or even within them. If we don't like a situation, we laugh it off, and take the kids off to a movie. But at last we are up against a situation which cannot be laughed off, which has penetrated even our isolated complacency. We are up against world war.

What do we know about world war, we average Americans? To be brutally honest, we know darn little. We are not a student nation. We like to read detective stories and gaga romances, or go to the movies . . . or play bridge. But Seeking Honest Information From Expert Authorities is not our national habit. But we'd better make it one. And quick. And there's only one way to relieve our national ignorance and prejudice. Read the books of the intelligent commentators who have been through this war so far and know what it's all about.

Seeking the truth? You'll never get it by gossiping over the back fence with Mamie or gabbling with the boys in the office. You'll have to dig for it in the places where it's found. And until you do, you have no right to an opinion.

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My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Mrs. Carr:
WE ARE two girls, age 15, and have been invited to a boys' camp for their annual water carnival over the week end. Would it be all right for us to go unchaperoned and by bus? One mother approves, the other does not. Also, we are fairly good-looking, but don't seem to fare so well with the boys in the neighborhood. Should we be natural on a blind date or should we be the glamorous, seductive type? ANN AND PAT.

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I'm too busy taking your measurements with a razor strap. Along with hoping-to-Betsy that you get this Circo stupidity, this paint-box nonsense out of your adolescent heads before some stranger mistakes you for a pair of popples from the Sup-at-Nothing set, I've also got my fingers and it's crossed against this blind-date business. Spurn it like arsenic on your breakfast cereal unless it's a matter of double-dating with trusted friends.

No, I don't approve of unchaperoned treks to camp for 15-year-old flutters. I'm more than I approve of petting parties in department store windows at high noon on sales days. Will you please wait for a little more growing up before you assume the unfettered freedoms of self-made business women?

IN ANSWER TO "Young Marriage": If you spent two hours with a high-priced psychiatrist, he'd tell you that somewhere along the line, you've failed to be a good wife. Subconsciously you realize that, and the "dream-man" complex is an outlet for repressed shame. You're sorry you haven't quite lived up to your share of the matrimonial bargain, and in your mind you escape from fact by comparing your husband, as a poor specimen, with a former sweetheart who is now 10 per cent human being and 90 per cent your own imagination. I recommend a second honeymoon, even if it's only for a few days. Leave the children with relatives, go as smoothie as a tired housewife possibly can, and try to recreate the bonds between man and bride that have been thinning the past couple of years. Even so, they're stronger than you think. If you saw Mr. Wonderful-in-Your-Mind as he is today, changed, and with responsibilities of his own, you probably wouldn't give him a second glance unless he owed you money. Such a useless, moon-calf idealization is a fantasy-spinning child's way of refusing to meet and square off at the little problems of everyday living. Won't you try being grown up and see how satisfying it is?

IN ANSWER TO "Brown Eyes": Without my crystal ball and star-studded bonnet, I can't even hazard a guess as to why the boy friend's heart and affections are out of joint. But comparing the situation with similar tickler troubles among the under-twenties, I'd say that fickleness has flung him off the list; that he wants to date other girls; that he's a little perturbed about the possibility of getting himself permanently tangled. Don't, if you want to be a shrewd gal, chase him. Scout for other suitor; come out from behind those tears and look around for new churls to conquer. And don't let Mr. Ex know you're moping. It's a point of justified pride.

IN ANSWER TO "H. T. M.": I suggest you go to the Girl's Protective Association, 807 Equitable Building, 613 Locust street. Call Mrs. Speer at CEntal 7440 before you go, for an appointment, tell her the circumstances and she will do all she can to help you.

IN ANSWER TO "J. C. C.": Confront both babbling girl friend and double-talking boy friend with a demand for the truth of this hush-hush conversation. Best way to spike behind-the-back chatter is to face it squarely, get it straightened out frankly.

Multiple Wedding

By Emily Post

IT DOES seem to me that this column is overfilled with the subject of weddings—but since wedding questions keep piling higher and higher no matter how many angles I try to answer, I don't know what I can do about them except to keep on trying to print new ones not answered before. Of these, too, there seems to be no end. For example, I have never before been asked about a multiple wedding, and to the reader who asks what preparations to make, the following directions are, so far as I know, all that are necessary: You must, of course, get the marriage license. I think also that it would be wise to telephone beforehand for information, or better still, to apply in person at the church or wherever the marriages are to take place.

To the question of whether the different brides may wear what they choose, this seemingly depends upon several agreements. I have never been to one of these weddings, but in the photographs I have seen all the brides have at some of them worn white; at others they have worn daytime dresses with hats. In only one picture were their clothes mixed. There is, of course, a complete difference between a multiple wedding, at which a dozen or more couples are all married at a single ceremony, and successive ceremonies such as those of the graduates at military academies where each marriage is separately performed, and merely follows closely after, or takes place between another completely separate wedding.

DEAR MRS. POST: Is the bride supposed to write the thank-you notes for wedding presents even when these come from personal friends of the bridegroom whom she has never met? What about the presents sent from his business friends? They were certainly sent because of him, and I feel that thank-you notes sent from him would be much more appreciated.

Answer: It is an unbreakable obligation of the bride to write a thank-you note for every gift she receives, and very especially is this evidence of appreciation required of her when a present is sent to her by friends of the bridegroom whom she doesn't know. Of course, if the present is addressed to him and therefore belongs to him, then he must write the note of thanks. As a matter of fact, gifts sent to a bridegroom are not unheard of, but neither are they usual.

Sibyl Bowan---Actress and Expert on Goats

Municipal Opera Comedienne's Burning Ambition Is to Retire From Stage and Raise the Animals on Little Farm in California

By Virginia Irwin

SIBYL BOWAN, the flitter-brain funnygal of this week's opera offering, "Wildflower," has a scorching ambition—and it isn't to play a coughing Camille or a murderous Lady Macbeth. Sibyl's main aim in life is to some day reach a stage of affluence that will enable her to retire from the theater and settle down on her own goat farm.

"Goats," says Sibyl grandly, "are wonderful. They give milk. Goats' milk is good for asthma, eczema, ulcers and babies. It takes only 20 minutes for the stomach to digest goats' milk. Just ordinary old cows' milk takes two hours to digest. A lot of people think goats' milk tastes funny. To counteract that idea I've thought up a slogan to sell my goats' milk—'You will know the difference, but your stomach won't!'"

Really something of a goat expert, Sibyl has taken a correspondence course in goat raising. In a saddle bag she wears slung over one shoulder, she carries the scripts of her Municipal Opera roles in "Wildflower" and next week's "Roberta" and an assortment of pamphlets on goat raising put out by the Bureau of Animal Husbandry of the United States Department of Agriculture. When she isn't studying an opera role, she's deep in Government issued goat lore.

No newcomer to our opera, Sibyl made her local art fresco debut 13 years ago when she played Wendy, the little Indian girl of "Rose Marie." She returned two seasons later for roles in "The Three Musketeers" and "Countess Maritza." In "The Three Musketeers," Sibyl played the wife of a then-little known lad by the name of Archie Leach, who has since risen to movie fame as Cary Grant and has carried off in matrimony the million-dollar-baby, Barbara Hutton, heiress to the Woolworth wad of folding money.

Actually, Sibyl has been in show business since she was nine years old. She started as an extra carrying a spear for Robert Mantell. Then she went into chorus work and became a specialty dancer, and hit Broadway for the first time in "Rose Marie" as Wanda. After playing "Rose Marie" at our opera in 1929, Sibyl went to England as an acrobatic dancer, developed into a comedienne, and succeeded in getting under the British skin so well that she returned to the Isles after her second Municipal Opera stint in 1931 for an extended tour of English music halls.

"From an acrobatic dancer, I became an impersonator and mimic," Sibyl explains. "Now I'm known as an impersonator. I don't ask me what the difference is, but impressionist sounds much more important."

In "Wildflower," Sibyl has an opportunity to present for the approval of the Forest Park customers, her impressionistic sketches of silent-star Gloria Swanson and of the English comedienne, Bea Lillie.

Economical Menus

By Meta Given

ALMOST as "far and few as the lands where the Jumbies live" are those folks who don't like blueberries in pie and muffins. There may be some difference of opinion about raw blueberries, which many people find too bland, but the cooked fruit is almost universal. Parsley, because cooking not only brings out their full flavor and sweetness but provides an opportunity to pep it up with a little lemon if desired. It's a good plan to build up a library of blueberry recipes, since there is a limit to the number of times the classic pie and muffins can be enjoyed in the course of the summer. Here's a delicious blueberry custard to start it off:

Blueberry Custard.
Two eggs, one and one-half cups milk, two tablespoons strained honey, one-fourth teaspoon salt, and continue heating with rotary beater until well blended. Distribute the melted butter and blueberries in four large custard cups and pour custard mixture over the fruit. Set cups in a shallow baking pan and pour hot water around them to a depth of one inch. Bake in a slow oven (325 degrees) for 35 to 40 minutes, or until a pointed knife comes out clean. Serve chilled in the custard cups with additional honey drizzled over the top if desired. Four servings.

MENUS FOR TUESDAY.
Breakfast.
Grapes, one pound green grapes; prepared cereal with top milk; two and one-half cups prepared wheat cereal, top milk; orange toast, eight slices enriched bread, butter, sugar, orange juice and grated rind; hot cocoa (for all), three tablespoons cocoa, sugar, two cups evaporated milk, two cups water, vanilla if desired.

She will also do an old English Music Hall sketch of 1900, entitled "Nobody Loves a Fairy When She's Forty," and a sort of dramatic reading which happens to be her favorite and which she calls "The Forgotten Woman of Hollywood."

In her sketches, for which she writes both words and music, impressionist Bowan combines singing, acrobatic dancing, face making and quick-change artistry. She costumes her characters in view of the audience, changing her outfits in less than a minute.

For the past 10 years Sibyl has been a vaudeville headliner up and down the length and across the breadth of the United States. As far as she has been concerned, vaudeville did not completely die, but suffered only a slight touch of rigor mortis. And whenever the variety stage got too tight going, Sibyl promptly went to work in night clubs, convulsing the customers with her impressions of Carmen Miranda, Ethel Barrymore, Mrs. Roosevelt, Garbo, Dietrich and Almee Semple McPherson. She has appeared in "The Follies" and in "Earl Carroll's Sketch Book" and just before coming here for her third go at the Municipal Opera had a month's engagement with Glenn Miller's orchestra.

She has played with every top-name band in the country and of late has done her bit in hundreds of Army camps throughout the country. As Commanding Officer and Mistress of Ceremonies of a U. S. O. unit, she toured the country entertaining soldiers in evening shows and playing to patients in hospital wards in the afternoon. Recently she gave three 45-minute programs at the Stage Door Canteen in New York.

"As hard as I try to simplify my life," Sibyl sighs, "it's still a pretty complicated affair. You know, I lopped off half my name in the interest of simplicity. When I played out here the first time I was Sibylla Bowhan. Now I'm Sibyl Bowan. And it used to be I carried a company and all my own scenery for my dancing act. Now I'm down to 500 pounds of wardrobe, but jumping around the country as I do still makes my life as complicated as a railroad timetable. That's why I dream of a nice little goat farm. Goats, you know, are simple things. You just have to know them."

Back to the goat business, Sibyl explained that she has decided on California as the ideal spot for the raising of her ruminating quadrupeds.

"You know," she explained, "goats aren't very strong constitutionally. They're terribly susceptible to pneumonia. They need

a warm climate, so I think the California climate should be just about right."

Eventually when she gets her goat farm going, Sibyl hopes to build a model sanitary dairy for the marketing of goat milk. She will sell what she can and give what's left to hospitals. She thinks a waste of goats' milk such as a sin that a warning against it should have been included in the Ten Commandments.

After acquiring the farm, Sibyl expects to do about four months' work a year in the theater to defray goat farm expenses until the project becomes thoroughly self-sustaining. But she doesn't expect to have to work in the theater for any length of years, for, as she points out, "with goat manure selling at \$35 a ton, you can't help but make money." As fertilizer, a goat, it seems, has just what the florist ordered for pepping up petunias and putting the ginger in geraniums.

Unmarried, Sibyl calls home a New York studio apartment which she shares with her mother. Her hobbies are horseback riding and bowling. She is an absolute teetotaler, but is slightly temperate when it comes to chocolate sodas.

In next week's "Roberta," Sibyl hopes to do her impressions of Carmen Miranda, a very go-blimey sketch of a Cockney Bathing Beauty, and a little number entitled "Hollywood Blackout."

"It's about two jerks in a black-out," she explains. "Very new."

Daily Food Report

In St. Louis Area
THERE are some butter beans on the market, but they are relatively scarce and high. Lettuce remains high in price but the quality is improved. Potatoes are still high. Celery is very reasonably priced. Elberta peaches are not as large in size as they were but are still good and average in price. There are good cooking apples available, as well as apricots, seedless grapes and nectarines.

My Neighbor Says:

Hot water is better than cold water in which to soak dried fruit and it only requires half the time for soaking.

Never let fish, unless salted, soaking in water. Too long soaking removes the flavor and makes the fish flabby.

The flavors of tuna and salmon may be enhanced by adding finely chopped sweet pickles, hard-boiled eggs, diced celery or cucumbers—all mixed with salad dressing or mayonnaise.

Japanese irises, if planted near a stream or pond, should have the crowns of the plants set on a little mound of sand high enough so that water will drain away from them. When used in the garden border, no special attention is required, except keeping them well supplied with water by means of a hose. They dislike wet feet as much as any other plant.



AN ABLE MIMIC, SIBYL BOWAN HERE GIVES HER IMPRESSION OF GLORIA SWANSON.

AND HERE IS HOW SHE LOOKS WHEN SHE'S NOT MAKING FACES.

Shrewd Play By Defender Sets South

By Ely Culbertson

EXPERTS have such healthy horror of being the victims of a throw-in play that they often go to extreme lengths to escape that fate. Note East's valiant play in the following deal:
East, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.
Match-point duplicate.

♠ J 3 5
♥ K 8 7 4
♦ J 9 8 5 2
♣ 10 9 5

NORTH
WEST EAST
SOUTH

♠ A K 6 4 2
♥ 6 5 2
♦ A 10
♣ K 8

The bidding:
East South West North
1 club 2 spades Pass 2 no trump
Pass 3 spades Pass Pass
Pass

South's jump overall was stretched. He had the requisite three and one-half honor tricks, but not the eight winners.

West opened the club ten. Dummy ducked, East won with the ace and returned a low club. Declarer won and laid down the ace and king of trumps. East, after careful thought and with an eye on his partner's nine spot, deliberately played the spade queen underneath the king! If the jettisoning of the queen cost a trick (the shrewdly figured) it would surely be compensated by the fact that he would avoid being thrown on lead with the queen and forced to make a valiant return.

As may be seen, East's reasoning was 100 per cent correct. After the unblock of the queen, declarer was helpless. A third spade lead was won by West, who returned the ten of hearts. The jack covered, and East won with the queen. East laid down the club queen as a safe exit card. Declarer ruffed but eventually had to concede two more tricks, and with them the loss of his contract.

Now let us see what the result would have been if East had gone onto his spade queen. The third round of spades would have thrown East on lead. Then, when he laid down the club queen as an attempted exit, declarer could make him a gracious present, discarding a heart. East then would be forced to a fatal lead. A club would go into dummy's established suit; a diamond would give declarer a free finesse and, finally, a heart lead would confine the defenders to one heart trick.

Tea-rose Slip washed 35 times... color still flower-bright!

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WEAR 'EM AND WASH 'EM AND KEEP 'EM, TOO. Give your lovely lingerie Ivory Flakes care, so kind to colors and fabrics! Here's proof: the way this lace-trimmed Radelle slip looks after 35 Ivory Flakes test washings! Color lovely as a spring flower, fabric luxuriously soft, and it fits like a dream...

Your undies, too, can stay color-bright, fresh, long-wearing—with lukewarm Ivory Flakes sudsings after every two wearings! For color's sake, avoid strong soaps and hot water! SUPREMELY GENTLE! Yes, Ivory Flakes, the new flake form of Baby's pure Ivory Soap, was tested on women's sensitive skin and found to be the gentlest of all the leading fine flake soaps... Choose gentle Ivory Flakes for your lovely washables, to help you "Keep 'em Wearing!"

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IVORY FLAKES 99¢/100% PURE

THAT KEITH WOMAN

by Phyllis Moore Gallagher

CHAPTER SEVEN.

AFTER what seemed an aeon, the shadow moved out from behind the trees, sat silently across the lawn, and disappeared around the west corner of the house where the library's French doors open on a patio.

I didn't sail around the west wing, neck stuck out a mile. Having a smidgen of sense left, I waited, counting up to a shaky ten. Then, pressing close to the limestone wall, I inched up to the corner, finally reached it, my heart pounding so hard it ached. And all I can remember of the next moment, all that came to my mind, was a vast darkness that seemed to swing down, bodiless, from above me. Untrue as a nightmare, too, were the hard, swinging arms that clasped me around the waist so that no breath was left in my body. Only one thing was perfectly clear: my teeth sank into the cords of a man's neck, and then, with a snarl of pain, those arms threw me headlong onto the grass.

When finally I climbed dazedly to my feet, the figure was gone. I ran then, my mind senseless with horror, my body scrawled with terror. The needles of dwarf pines caught at my black net, my high heels turned over. I stumbled, fell, got up and stumbled on. I was out of breath, torn, disheveled and wild-eyed with fright when I reached the hotel and burst through the door at the end of A-Wing. I finally shot through the door of our first floor suite, and Mother and Dad were instantly on the scene.

"Some prowler," concluded Dad furiously when I'd finished my breathless explanation. "Good heavens, Letty! What made you follow that scoundrel anywhere?"

"I don't know," I stammered. "There's—something wrong down at that house tonight. I-I could feel it all—during dinner. Sitting here in my chair was like perching on a dynamite key listening to the fuse c-rackling!"

"Oh, nonsense," soothed Mother sensibly. "Come on, child, get your clothes off and climb into bed. I'll fix you a hot toddy."

"Hot toddy, yes," said I. "Bed no. I've a story to do."

I wrote up the debut story and sent it to the paper by messenger. And Mother had a couple of champagne flutes when I said I was going back to Pamela's party. Dad got me by the scruff of the neck and the—well, he tried to frog-walk me to bed.

"Lay off, parents," I pleaded. "I've got to go back. I want to make it before Pamela barges off to Philadelphia. Luke Cramer's sick and she's going up to hover over him. Anyway, I left my evening bag over there. Folding money's in it, too, not to mention my keys, my driver's license, lipstick, compact and what-have-you."

I must have argued 10 minutes. I didn't really want to go back to the party for the party's sake—it was probably dead and embalmed at this point anyway. But I did want to talk with Countess Fanella Castagna. About Peter Gibson. Tomorrow wouldn't do just as well. I'd sleep a lot better tonight. I knew, if Fanella told me Peter had no wife and therefore no seven exemptions.

"Well, all right," Mother finally agreed. "But take a taxi. There are a million places in back of this hotel and yes, on the grounds of Mrs. Keith's estate, where you could be murdered and no one would know a thing about it until someone stumbled over your body."

"Cheerful thought," I said. "But no one would want to murder me. I added that blithely, gayly, ignorant that someone very shortly would try to—and would almost succeed."

Then Mother remarked, "I read once of a man who murdered every red-headed girl he met."

"And wasn't he a dope to murder 'em!" I laughed. "Well... maybe they were freckled!"

"Letitia Randolph!"

"That's my name, all right," said I. "For the time being, anyway."

BELIEVE IT OR NOT—By Ripley

LOST A SIGNET RING AT A PICNIC WHEN A CHILD AND 37 YEARS LATER SHE FOUND IT AGAIN ON THE FINGER OF A PATIENT SHE WAS NURSING.

TRIFE HARRIS BOLOHAI IN INDIANAPOLIS

SIGNS ARE TAMED BY THE RICKS OF A RIVER AND USED TO CATCH RATS AND PIGEONS.

DANNY UNCLAN TURNS, ROLLS, BALANCES HERSELF ON HER ELBOWS.

ALL ITEMS SELF-EXPLANATORY.

TODAY'S PATTERN



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4005



4005

Be a smart "Salvage Sally" and make this kiddie outfit—Pattern 4005 by Anne Adams—from discarded clothing. The cute button-front dress takes just a few yards of fabric. The cape and cap can be cut from an old woolen frock or suit. Pattern 4005 is available in children's sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10. Size 6, dress, takes two and one-fourth yards 35-inch; cape and cap, two and one-eighth yards 35-inch. Send SIXTEEN CENTS for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly SIZE, NAME, ADDRESS and STYLE NUMBER. Be smartly patriotic—with our Summer Pattern Book. Here are fabric-saving, distinctive styles for every occasion; every age. And each design is easy enough for beginners. Send TEN CENTS for your copy! Send your order to St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth street, New York, N. Y.

that sent those wild, mad screams splitting the night air. Her white face blotched with blood... Those wide, dark eyes staring, staring... I knew she was dead. And I knew she'd been murdered!

I don't know exactly what happened next. Only that I went on screaming and screaming... Finally I was no longer alone with that grim, mutilated figure. People were talking excitedly all around me, their voices striking into my consciousness like something splintering outrageously inside my head. In a brief and brilliantly horrible lucid spasm, I realized my screams had turned to hysterical laughter. I felt a hand out sharply across my cheek, and the long shudder of my laughter passed into sob.

"My dear, my dear!" a voice was saying gently. "There, there, you poor baby!"

It was the familiarity of that voice which affected me. My hysteria subsided and peace came; the lovely peace of exhaustion. I clung to Peter Gibson weakly, my face buried against his tweed coat. Just grateful that he was there. So surprisingly there. It didn't occur to me that there was anything odd about Peter materializing so suddenly on the scene of a murder! No then. Not until later... So I just clung to him and presently I became conscious of what was going on around me.

Over Peter's shoulder I saw Marvin and Elsie Eustace standing quite close together, looking down at the small, tragic figure in the white satin gown. Elsie's hands were clasping and unclasping nervously in front of her and Marvin's thick lower lip was caught between his square white teeth. Countess Fanella Castagna and Gladys Newcomb both looked dazed and there was Dr. Wayne Courtney down on one knee, his fingers on Pam's wrist.

Even in the wan light of the moon I knew it was Pamela Keith—that small, crumpled figure lying there with both slender, jeweled arms flung backwards over her head, her legs turned under her limply.

But it was Pam's face that broke the tight constriction of my throat.

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Shrimps Louisiana

One-third cup fat or salad oil, one-fourth cup minced onions, one-fourth teaspoon garlic salt, three cups cooked brown rice, one-third cup flour, one teaspoon paprika, one and one-half teaspoons salt, one crushed bayleaf, three cups tomatoes, one-half cup chopped celery, one teaspoon chili powder, one tablespoon sugar, one pound (about two and one-half cups) cooked or canned shrimps, one-third cup chopped ripe olives. Heat oil in large frying pan.

August Frost

One cup diced pears, fresh or canned, one cup diced cantaloupes, one-half cup diced peaches, fresh or canned, one tablespoon lemon juice, one-eighth teaspoon salt. Mix and chill ingredients. Serve immediately.

1942 Saled Dessert

One cup chopped figs, one-third cup broken nuts, one-half cup cottage cheese, one-half cup diced celery, one-third cup diced pineapple, one-half cup mayonnaise, one-fourth teaspoon salt, two teaspoons gelatin, one tablespoon orange juice (or water). Mix figs, nuts, cheese, juice, celery, pineapple and mayonnaise blended with cream and salt. Soak gelatin five minutes in juice. Dis-

solve over boiling water, cool and add to cheese mixture. Freeze four hours. Unmold on lettuce.

Tomato Jumbo (Saled)

Two large tomatoes, one cup cooked green beans, one-fourth cup chopped onions, two tablespoons chopped green peppers, one tablespoon chopped parsley, one cup shredded cabbage, one-third teaspoon salt, one-fourth teaspoon white pepper, one-half cup salad dressing. Peel and quarter tomatoes, add rest of ingredients. Chill.

Cocoanut Balls

Four egg whites, one-third cup sugar, one-quarter teaspoon salt, one cup coconut, one teaspoon lemon extract, one-half cup sugar, three tablespoons cake flour. Beat whites until thick, slowly add one-third cup sugar. Beat until creamy, add salt, coconut and extracts. Mix lightly. Sprinkle top with one-half cup sugar blended with the flour. Fold in lightly. Half-fill paper baking cups. Bake 35 minutes in slow oven (325).

SAVE THIS CHART

Follow this chart and save it as a basis for collecting waste materials in your house and on your premises.

SCRAP IRON AND STEEL

HELPS MAKE

Shells, guns, cargo ships, aircraft carriers, armored cars, tanks, submarines, range finders—all machines and arms of warfare. About 50% of every tank, ship and gun is made of scrap iron and steel.

Old stoves, radiators; bathtubs, boilers, toys, plumbing, tools, crank handles, lawn mowers, tire chains, furnace grates, bedsteads, flatirons, ash cans, outdoor steel furniture, muskets, golf clubs, sleds, bicycles, pokers, garden implements, bed-springs, all kinds of pipe, refrigerators, garbage pails, iron stoves and fencing, iron wheels and doorstops.

OTHER METALS... RUBBER... RAGS... MANILA ROPE... BURLAP BAGS

HELPS MAKE

Bombs, fuses, binoculars, compasses; planes; tires for trucks, jeeps; gas masks; barrage balloons; parachute flares; insulation for electric wiring.

Old batteries, lighting fixtures, cooking utensils; automobile and bicycle tires and tubes, garden hose, rubbers, clothing, dust cloths, rags, draperies, rugs, carpets; Manila rope in any condition; burlap bags.

HOW TO TURN IN YOUR JUNK

Sell it to a Junk dealer

Give it to a charity

Take it yourself to nearest Filling Station or Other Collection Depot...

Or consult your Local Salvage Committee. Phone ALVIN WOLFF, CHAIRMAN CH. 1807 MA. 5280

OTHER VITAL MATERIALS NEEDED AND HOW TO DISPOSE OF THEM

Waste Fats

To help relieve shortage of fats and oils. Needed for glycerine to make explosives. Save pan and broiler drippings and deep fats after you've got all the cooking good from them. Strain into wide-mouthed tin can, that is spotlessly clean. Keep in refrigerator or cool, dark place until you have collected a pound or more. Then sell to your meat dealer.

TIN TUBES

Tooth paste, cosmetic and shaving cream tubes. Turn in at drug store when you purchase new supply.

WASTE PAPER

Needed only when announced by Local Salvage Committee.

NOT NEEDED (at this time)—Razor blades and glass.

Tin Cans

1. After emptying contents, wash the can thoroughly.

2. Cut off top and bottom completely; or cut open as illustrated, so can may be flattened.

3. Step heavily on can, to flatten. But do not flatten by hammering. Now tear off paper label. Label printed on can need not be removed.

4. Prepared can looks like this. Thoroughly clean. Paper label removed. Both ends are saved.

Tin cans are made of steel with a coating of tin. The tin is used to make bearings in airplanes, engines, for solder, and for new cans to ship food to our fighting forces. Steel is used for all machines of war.

Save all food and coffee cans, except those with cone-shaped tops or with special rims (such as evaporated milk cans) which cannot be opened easily at both ends. No oil, paint, or grease cans wanted.

Opening can at both ends is essential for proper flattening.

Flattening cans is essential for economical collection and shipment. Watch local papers for time and details of collection in your community.

Do not save any cans that have not been washed, opened at both ends, flattened, and stripped of paper label.

This message approved by Conservation Division

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD

This advertisement paid for by the American Industries Salvage Committee (representing and with funds provided by groups of leading industrial concerns).

RADIO FAVORITES TODAY

Variety and Comedy.

P. M. 7:30 KMOX, Gay Nineties Revue. Drama.

P. M. 7:30 KSD, Carl Swenson as Eli Whitney, the inventor, in "Man of Design."

8:00 KMOX, Victory Theater; Bar-17 Wood and Joan Edwards, singers, and Mark Warnow's orchestra.

Music.

P. M. 7:30 KSD, Margaret Speaks, soprano, and Alfred Wallenstein's Symphonic Orchestra.

8:00 KSD, Leland Hatfield, baritone; Dorothy Kirsten, soprano, and Don Voorhees' orchestra.

8:30 KMOX, Freddy Martin's orchestra.

9:00 KSD, Percy Faith's orchestra; Reinhold Schmidt, William Miller; Josephine Antoine, soprano.

10:00 KSD, Fred Waring's Pleasure Time.

11:00 KSD, The Music You Want When You Want It.

Quiz Shows.

P. M. 8:30 KSD, Dr. I. Q. Quiz Show. Commentators.

P. M. 8:45 KMOX, CBS Correspondents.

9:15 KSD, John W. Vandercook and NBC Correspondents.

9:45 KSD, H. V. Kaltenborn.

10:00 KMOX, Cecil Brown.

10:00 KWK, Raymond Gram Swing.

Programs on the broadcast band for today include:

12:00 NOON

KSD—LIVING MILLER'S ORCHESTRA. KWK—News. KMOX—Life Can Be Beautiful. WIL—Matinee. WEW—News. KFUP—Voice of the Harp. KKOK—News. Markets.

1:15 KSD—MARTHA HEARS AND KWK—Hillbillies. KMOX—Woman in White. WEW—What's New. KFUP—Sunday Recipes. KKOK—Gospel Singer. 1:30 KSD—ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS. KMOX—Life and Soda. WIL—Organal-tas. WEW—Grandpa Jones. KKOK—News. Litchman Danville. 1:45 KSD—WHAT'S NEWS IN THE STORES. Nasty Daze. 1:55 KSD—WIL—Meet the Band. KFUP—Farm Front.

1:00 P. M.

KSD—LIGHT OF THE WORLD. KWK—Corde. KMOX—Life Can Be Beautiful. WIL—Matinee. WEW—News. KFUP—Voice of the Harp. KKOK—Music Hour. KKOK—Vincent Lopez. 1:15 KSD—LOWEY WOMEN. KWK—M. J. B. Show. News. KMOX—News. WIL—What's New. KFUP—Between the Bookends. 1:30 KSD—THE GUIDING LIGHT. KWK—The Love and Hate. WIL—Opportunity Program. WEW—Markets. KFUP—Symphonic Minutes. 1:45 KSD—HYMNS OF ALL CHURCHES. KMOX—The Goldbergs. WEW—Defend America. KKOK—Dope From the Drug Shop. 1:55 KWK and KKOK—Cardinals vs. Brooklyn Dodgers.

2:00 P. M.

KSD—MARY MARLIN. KWK—David Harum. WIL—Police Released. Scores. KFUP—Public Library Talk. 2:15 KSD—MA PERKINS. KWK—News. WIL—Neighborhood Program. Dental Society. KFUP—Songs. 2:30 KSD—PREFERRED WIVES. KMOX—Fletcher Wiley. WIL—Scores. KFUP—News. 2:45 KSD—EDITOR'S DAUGHTER. WIL—News. WEW—Poetry Words and Music. KFUP—News. 3:00 P. M.

KSD—BACKSTAGE WIFE. KWK—Hearts in Harmony. WIL—Scores. Musical. WEW—Life Can Be Beautiful. Moments With the Masters. KFUP—My Impressions. KFUP—Science. 3:15 KSD—STELLA DALLAS. WIL—Linda's First Love. 3:30 KSD—BARNABY RANGER. KWK—Lone Journey. WIL—Scores. KFUP—Bible Studies. 3:45 KSD—YOUNG VICTORY SHOW. KMOX—Ma Perkins. KFUP—Song Shop. 4:00 P. M.

KSD—WHEN A GIRL MARFES. KWK—Scores. KMOX—On the Beam. KSD—But the Truth. WIL—Scores. KFUP—News. 4:15 KSD—MY BIBLE. KWK—My Bible. WIL—Scores. KFUP—News. 4:30 KSD—PETER FAIR LIFE. KWK—M. J. B. Show. WEW—Gypsy Caravan. WIL—Bert Albrecht's Orchestra. KFUP—Feature Tunes. KKOK—Theatricals. 4:45 KSD—ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS. WIL—Scores. KFUP—News. 4:55 KSD—THEATRE SENEADE. KMOX—Ben Bernie. WIL—Concert.

Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS

1. Take the evening meal.

2. Propelled with sails.

3. Frozen water.

4. Blunder.

5. Vapor.

6. Small cross stroke on a letter.

7. Vase.

8. Recipe oratorically.

9. Day's march.

10. Grass plot.

11. Boxes.

12. Applause.

13. Having an offensive odor.

14. Good-by.

15. Negative.

32. Vagabond; slang.

33. Acts.

34. Runen.

35. Type measure.

36. Shots.

37. Front.

38. Recurve.

39. Fathers.

40. Halt.

41. Fish.

42. Former public conveyance.

43. Cry out.

44. Silkworm.

45. Singing voice.

46. Masculine name.

47. Edge.

48. Went away.

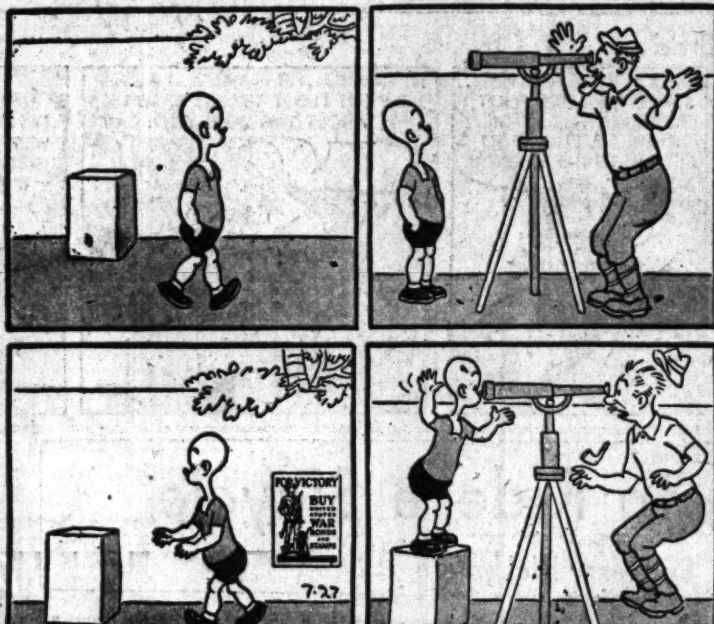
49. Went swiftly.

50. Goddess of dawn.

51. Put into type again.

52. L. Des.

Dagwood (Bring 'Em Back Alive) Bumstead!



Hot Picnic Dish

For that hot dish for a picnic, try Hungarian goulash made of macaroni, ground beef, tomatoes and green pepper. Another good one is escalloped potatoes and flower ham.

ROOM AND BOARD—By Gene Ahern

BUT, AUNT CLARA... EVEN THOUGH YOU ARE HIGHLY INDIGNANT OVER TERRY'S MARRIAGE PROPOSAL, DON'T YOU FEEL THE FLUSH OF PRIDE THAT HE IS SWITTEN WITH YOU?

AFTER ALL, TERRY AINT A MARK-DOWN OR DISH OUT OF STOCK!... HE HAS A BIG CATTLE RANCH, AND MAKES PLENTY OF THAT GOOD OL' WALLET IVY!

LISTEN... THE THOUGHT OF RE-MARRYING ISN'T EVEN STORED IN THE ATTIC OF MY MIND!... YOU CAN TELL HIM TO SPUR HIMSELF AND GALLOP BACK TO HIS RANCH!

LOOKS HOPELESS FOR TERRY

9-57



POST-DISPATCH
WEATHERBIRD
SERIES U.S. PAT. 2,717, 2,718